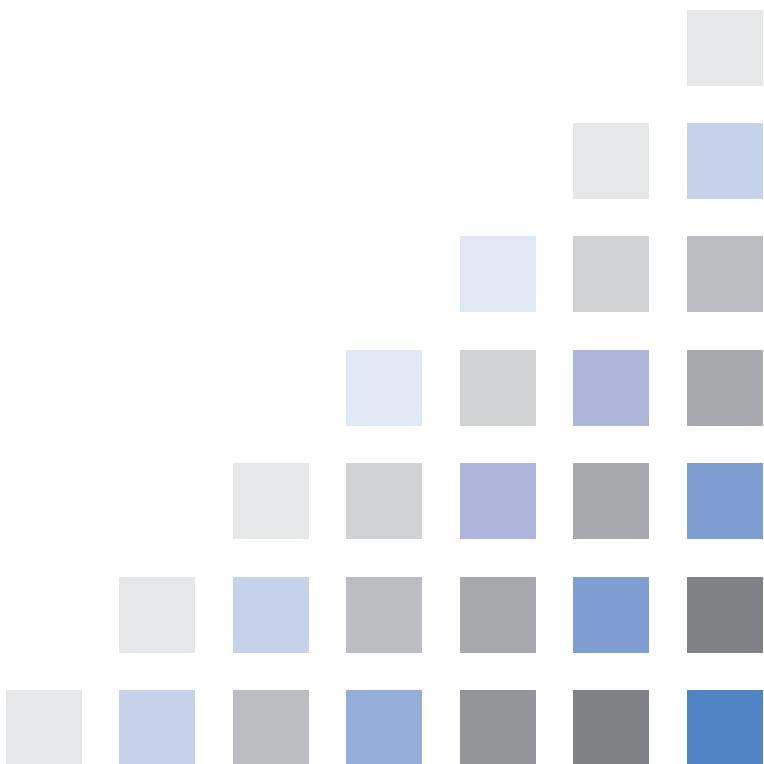


# SHARP®

NOTEBOOK COMPUTER  
**PC-AL Series**  
**OPERATION MANUAL**



---

## Notice for All Users

---

- Consult the operation manual for proper use of your computer.
- The product and the accessories are subject to change without prior notice.
- SHARP assumes no responsibility for results arising from use of pre-installed and third party software. Consult the software vendor for resolution of problems.  
(Read the service condition of the software before use.)
- SHARP assumes no responsibility for problems caused by incorrect handling, repairs, defects, battery replacement or any other cause.

---

# Notice for Users in the USA

---

## FCC Statement

WARNING - FCC Regulations state that any unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules.

These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipments off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the distance between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

A shielded I/F cable is required to insure compliance with FCC regulation for Class B computing equipment.

\* As an ENERGY STAR® Partner, SHARP has determined that this product meets the ENERGY STAR® guidelines for energy efficiency.

## Declaration of Conformity

SHARP PERSONAL COMPUTER, PC-AL Series

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions:(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Responsible Party: SHARP ELECTRONICS CORPORATION  
Sharp Plaza, Mahwah, New Jersey 07430-2135  
TEL: 1-800-BE-SHARP

This device complies with the FCC RF exposure requirements.

---

## About the Modem

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC rules and the requirements adopted by the ACTA. On the bottom of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, a product identifier in the format US:AAAEQ##TXXXX. If requested, this number must be provided to the telephone company.

A plug and jack used to connect this equipment to the premises wiring and telephone network must comply with the applicable FCC Part 68 rules and requirements adopted by the ACTA. A compliant telephone cord and modular plug is provided with this product. It is designed to be connected to a compatible modular jack that is also compliant. See installation instructions for details.

The type of Connector is USOC RJ11C

The REN is used to determine the number of devices that may be connected to a telephone line. Excessive RENs on a telephone line may result in the devices not ringing in response to an incoming call. In most but not all areas, the sum of RENs should not exceed five (5.0). To be certain of the number of devices that may be connected to a line, as determined by the total RENs, contact the local telephone company. For products approved after July 23, 2001, the REN for this product is part of the product identifier that has the format US:AAAEQ##TXXXX. The digits represented by ## are the REN without a decimal point (*e.g.*, 03 is a REN of 0.3). For earlier products, the REN is separately shown on the label.

If this equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of service may be required. But if advance notice isn't practical, the telephone company will notify the customer as soon as possible. Also, you will be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe it is necessary.

The telephone company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operations or procedures that could affect the operation of the equipment. If this happens the telephone company will provide advance notice in order for you to make necessary modifications to maintain uninterrupted service.

If trouble is experienced with this equipment, for repair or warranty information, please refer to the provided Consumer Limited Warranty sheet. If the equipment is

causing harm to the telephone network, the telephone company may request that you disconnect the equipment until the problem is resolved.

Connection to party line service is subject to state tariffs. Contact the state public utility commission, public service commission or corporation commission for information.

The Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991 makes it unlawful for any person to use a computer or other electronic device, including FAX machines, to send any message unless such message clearly contains in a margin at the top or bottom of each transmitted page or on the first page of the transmission, the date and time it is sent and an identification of the business or other entity, or other individual sending the message and the telephone number of the sending machine or such business, other entity, or individual. (The telephone number provided may not be a 900 number or any other number for which charges exceed local or long-distance transmission charges.)

To program this information, refer to the manual of the communication software.

---

## **Warning**

Disposal of this product may be regulated due to environmental considerations. For disposal or recycling information, please contact your local authorities or the Electronics Industries Alliance: [www.eiae.org](http://www.eiae.org)

---

## **Copyright**

It is the intent of Sharp that this product be used in full compliance with the copyright laws of the United States and that prior permission be obtained from copyright owners whenever necessary.

---

## **Product Information and Customer Assistance**

For Product Information and Customer Assistance:

**Call:** 1-800-BE-SHARP (237-4277)

**Sharp Systems of America**

5901 Bolsa Avenue, Huntington Beach, CA 92647

Home Page: <http://www.sharpsystems.com>

E-mail address: [ssa-support@sharpsystems.com](mailto:ssa-support@sharpsystems.com)

---

## **CAUTION:**

TO PREVENT ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DISCONNECT THE AC CORD AND THE BATTERY BEFORE SERVICING.

### **CAUTION:**

FOR A COMPLETE ELECTRICAL DISCONNECTION, PULL OUT THE MAINS PLUG AND THE BATTERY.

### **VORSICHT:**

UM DIE STROMZUFUHR VOLLSTÄNDIG ZU UNTERBRECHEN, DEN NETZSTECKER HERAUSZIEHEN UND DIE BATTERIE ENTFERNEN.

### **ATTENTION:**

POUR UN ARRET TOTAL DU SYSTEME, DECONNECTEZ LA PRISE DE COURANT SECTEUR ET LA BATTERIE.

### **WARNING:**

FÖR TOTAL ELEKTRISK URKOPPLING, KOPPLA UR KONTAKTEN OCH TA UR BATTERIET.

### **PRECAUCION:**

PARA UNA COMPLETA DESCONEXION ELECTRICA DESENCHUFE LA CLAVIJA DE LA RED Y LA BATERIA.

---

# Safety Precautions

---

## General

- Follow all cautions and instructions marked on your computer.
- Except as described elsewhere in this manual, refer all servicing to qualified personnel. Immediately shut off your computer and seek servicing under the following conditions:
  - when the power cord or plug is damaged or frayed
  - when liquid is spilled on your computer
  - when your computer has been dropped or the cabinet has been damaged

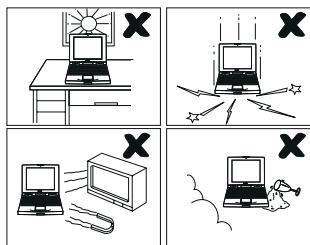
## Location

- Do not expose your computer to direct sunlight.
- Try to avoid dusty environments.
- Keep your computer away from any magnetic devices and TVs.
- Keep your computer away from heaters.
- Keep your computer away from excessive humidity or fluids such as rain, snow, water spray, juice, coffee, steam, etc.
- Keep your computer away from extremely high or low temperature.
- Do not move your computer from an extremely cold place to an extremely warm place. A temperature difference of more than 18°F (10°C) will cause condensation inside the unit, which may cause damage. (In this case, turn off your computer and leave it for about an hour to completely dry the unit.)
- Do not block or cover slots or openings on the cabinet. They protect your computer from overheating.
- Do not place your computer on an unstable or uneven work surface.
- Care should be exercised when using on heat sensitive surfaces or your lap as the base of your computer will get hot.
- Do not use your computer on your lap or any part of your body for an extended period during operation or charging to avoid injury from heat exposure.

## Usage

- Never push any objects into cabinet openings. They may touch dangerous voltage points or short parts that could result in fire or electrical shock.

- Do not press or place heavy objects on your computer. Strong pressure can damage the cabinet or make your computer fail.
- If your computer or the AC power cord experiences an abnormal situation such as heat generation or smoking, or produces an abnormal odor, turn off your computer, unplug the power cord, and remove the battery pack immediately.
- Turn off your computer before installing or removing any peripheral devices except when connecting USB devices, a PC card, etc.
- Never subject your computer to sudden shocks or extreme vibration.
- Do not drop your computer or hit it with other equipment.
- Do not scratch the surface of the LCD screen.
- Turn off your computer and disconnect the AC power cord before cleaning.



- When carrying your computer:
  - Turn off your computer.
  - Remove external media such as a PC card from the slot.
  - Disconnect the external peripherals, cables and cords if connected.
  - Do not subject your computer to shocks.
  - Do not hold your computer by the display unit.

Otherwise, your computer may be damaged or the stored data might be lost.

---

## Battery Pack Precautions

### **CAUTION**

DANGER OF EXPLOSION IF BATTERY IS INCORRECTLY REPLACED.

REPLACE ONLY WITH THE SAME OR EQUIVALENT TYPE

RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. DISCARD USED BATTERIES ACCORDING TO THE INSTRUCTIONS.

## **Handling**

- Never put the battery pack in a fire, as it could explode and cause injury.
- Do not attempt to open or alter the battery pack.
- Do not place the battery pack where it might get hotter than 140°F (60°C).
- The battery pack must be kept from metal objects such as keys. They might trigger a short circuit and consequently cause the battery pack to heat up and explode.
- Do not allow liquids to come in contact with the battery pack.
- Care must be taken not to drop the pack. A violent shock damages the pack.
- Do not solder anything to the battery terminals.
- Keep the backup battery away from children when it is taken out of your computer.

## **Charging**

- Charge the battery pack only with the AC adapter and AC power cord included with your computer.

## **Discharging**

- Do not use the battery pack for any other purpose than powering your computer.

## **Storage**

- Store the battery pack in a cool and dry place. Do not store it at temperatures above 140°F (60°C).
- Recharge the stored battery pack before using it.

---

## **AC Power Precautions**

- Plug the AC power cord directly in the wall jack. Plugging too many leads into a single socket may result in fire.
- Never plug in or remove the AC power cord or AC adapter with wet hands for prevention of electric shock.
- The included AC power cord must be appropriate for the voltage used in your area. Using an inappropriate cord can cause fire.
- Unplug the AC power cord when not using your computer for a long period.
- Never disassemble, repair, or modify the AC adapter.
- Never modify, twist, forcibly bend or pull, or place heavy objects on top of the AC cord to avoid damaging it. Using a damaged cord can cause fire or electric shock.

- Be sure to hold the plug of the AC power cord when removing it from a wall socket.
- Check the AC power cord and power connectors periodically for damage. Change the power cord immediately if damage is found.

---

## Modem Precautions

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

When using your telephone equipment, basic safety precautions should always be followed to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock and injury to persons, including the following:

- Do not use this product near water, for example, near a bath tub, wash bowl, kitchen sink or laundry tub, in a wet basement or near a swimming pool.
- Avoid using a telephone (other than a cordless type) during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.
- Do not use the telephone to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leak.
- Never install telephone wiring during lightning storms.
- During thunder storms, you should turn off your computer, unplug the AC power cord and remove the modem cable from your computer.
- Never install telephone jacks in wet locations unless the jack is specifically designed for wet locations.
- Never touch uninsulated telephone wires or terminals unless the telephone line has been disconnected at the network interface.
- Use caution when installing or modifying telephone lines.
- Save these instructions.

---

## Wireless LAN Precautions

- Disable the integrated antennas and do not communicate with wireless LAN in specific environments where radio-susceptible equipment is nearby, on airplanes, in hospitals, for example.
- Disable the integrated antennas and do not communicate with wireless LAN in crowded places for prevention of cardiac pacemaker interference.
- Maintain a space of at least 8.7" (22cm) between a cardiac pacemaker and active wireless LAN antennas.

- Keep the distance at least 7.9" (20cm) between the antennas and your body while communicating.
- Never disassemble or alter the wireless LAN unit.
- Do not remove the certification label on the wireless LAN unit.

## **Product Conformance**

The wireless LAN unit equipped with your computer is in conformance with federal requirements. No license is required for use of the device.

## **Notice of Radio Interference**

The wireless LAN card equipped with your computer operates at 2.4GHz that is also used for microwaves, science or medical devices, other similar radio stations (hereafter called “other radio stations”), etc.

- Prior to using the wireless LAN function with your computer, confirm that no “other radio stations” are operating nearby.
- If interference with “other radio stations” is experienced, change the current channel set to your computer or move your computer. If it fails, stop operating your computer.

---

## **PC Disposal or Transfer**

Prior to the disposal or transfer of your computer, you should erase the data from hard disks.

To remove the data from your hard disk drive, you will need to:

- “Delete” the data by placing it in your recycle bin.
- Empty the recycle bin.
- Format the hard disk drives.
- Recover the system.

The above procedures do not completely delete all data from your hard disks. When a file is deleted, the disk location where it was stored is marked as unallocated space available for new data. It means that the old data is still there and can be recovered. It allows for malicious persons to recover the “deleted” data and misuse it. To avoid the data spillage, users must thoroughly erase all the data from the hard disks.

The following measures are recommended for permanent data deletion:

- Use special software or paid services for thoroughly erasing data
- Hammer, or strongly magnetize, the hard disk to destroy the stored data

Be sure to delete the software, such as operating system(s) or applications, on your hard disk when transferring your computer, to avoid conflict with the software agreement(s).

---

## **Other Precautions**

- Periodic back-up copies of your important data should be made to protect your data in the event of hard disk failure or loss of the data. Use other storage devices for the backup.

---

## **For Your Health**

- Take regular breaks of ten to fifteen minutes after every hour of continuously viewing the screen to relieve your eyes.
- Adjust the brightness for comfortable viewing. (Brightness level of about 500 lux is recommended.)
- Do not use your computer in an environment where sunlight or indoor lighting reflects off the screen.
- Position the display slightly below eye level and give a space of 15.8" (40cm) through 23.7" (60cm) between you and the display.

---

# Notice of Computer Security

---

The Windows operating system on this computer provides the Security Center, which manages the security features of your computer. It provides the status of the following security functions and enables you to change the settings.

- Firewall
- Automatic Updates
- Virus Protection

Be sure to confirm that the three functions are “ON” to ensure the safety of the computer.

To open the *Security Center*, click *start – Control Panel – Security Center*.

## **Firewall**

The firewall function blocks unauthorized connection to this computer through the Internet or a network.

## **Automatic Updates**

The automatic updates function periodically detects new security programs to be installed and automatically install them.

## **Virus Protection**

The Norton AntiVirus software, which automatically checks the virus infection, is preinstalled in this computer. To protect the computer against new viruses and other security threats, the virus definition file of the software must be updated. The virus protection function monitors whether the definition file is latest. On your computer with the preinstalled Norton AntiVirus software, however, the software monitors the definition file and notifies you when the file needs to be updated.

When the Windows setup is finished, be sure to complete the Norton AntiVirus wizard and LiveUpdate to update the definition file. (You must establish the connection to the Internet for the update.)

\* Note that the virus protection in the *Windows Security Center* always gives *ON* regardless of the definition file status. Since the preinstalled Norton Antivirus software manages virus check on your computer, be sure to perform the LiveUpdate.

- \* You can enable the LiveUpdate automatically to run and update the file if any updates are detected. (Refer to the *Virus Infection Protection* section in the *Appendices*.)
- \* You will have the message “Your computer might be at risk” at the bottom right of the screen when one of the Firewall and Automatic updates is set to *OFF*.

# Notice of Security with Wireless Devices

---

Wireless LAN provides data transfer by means of electric waves instead of LAN cables between communicating devices such as personal computers and a wireless LAN station. Wireless LAN has an advantage of simple and ubiquitous LAN connection in the ranges where electric waves are available. Since electric waves can penetrate through walls and reach everywhere, wireless LAN includes some security threats and can produce the situations mentioned below without proper security settings.

- **Eavesdropping**

Malicious third parties can intercept the transmission and monitor your mail to obtain personal information such as an identification number, password, and credit card number.

- **Intruding**

Malicious third parties can connect to a personal or office network without authorization and illegally perform the following:

- Obtaining access to confidential customer records or sensitive corporate information (Information leakage)
- Faking the original information (Spoofing)
- Altering the monitored original data and transmitting (Falsification)
- Spreading computer viruses resulting in the destruction of data or systems (Destruction)

Although wireless LAN cards and wireless LAN stations (Access Points) have security measures against the threats above, no security settings may have been configured at the time of your purchase.

All security features must be configured according to reference manuals of the wireless LAN devices, which results in reduced opportunities for the situations described above.

Use the wireless devices with a clear understanding that wireless LAN includes vulnerabilities that could allow attackers to simply bypass security features.

Security measures are important for all users to understand for a safe use of wireless LAN. SHARP encourages all users to configure the security settings with their own judgment and responsibility.

---

# About This Manual

---

## Notice

Information in this manual is subject to change without notice and does not represent a commitment on the part of SHARP Corporation and its sales subsidiaries.

SHARP Corporation and its sales subsidiaries shall not be liable for technical or editorial errors or omissions contained herein; nor for incidental or consequential damages resulting from the furnishing, performance, or use of this material.

SHARP strongly recommends that separate permanent written records be kept of all important data. Data may be lost or altered in virtually any electronic memory product under certain circumstances. Therefore, SHARP assumes no responsibility for data lost or otherwise rendered unusable whether as a result of improper use, repairs, defects, battery replacement, use after the specified battery life has expired, or any other causes.

SHARP assumes no responsibility directly or indirectly, for financial losses or claims from third persons resulting from the use of this product and any of its functions, such as stolen credit card numbers, the loss of or alteration of stored data, etc.

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# Recording Important Information

---

For future reference, please record the following information in the spaces provided below.

**Model Number:**

**Serial Number:**

**Date of purchase:**

**Dealer's Name:**

**Place of purchase:**

**Password:**

The serial number is printed on a sticker located on the bottom of the computer.

# Manual Conventions

---

This manual uses a set of style conventions described below.

**Notes and Cautions** are italicized with icons:



*A note icon informs you of a special technique or information that may help you perform a task or better understand a process.*



*A caution icon alerts you to something that may cause problems or damage to hardware, software or data.*

---

**Key Labels on the Keyboard**, when referred to in the instructions, are shown in boldface:

Press **Enter** to continue.

When two or more keys are pressed simultaneously, the key labels are separated by a plus (+) sign:

Run *Task Manager* by pressing **Ctrl+Alt+Delete**.

**Sample Entries** are shown in lower cases of different typeface.

c :\windows\system

**Words/Texts on Screen**, such as window titles or possible parameters, are italicized:

Double-click this icon to display the *Power Options Properties* dialog box.

Set the item to *Enabled*.

**Screens** reproduced in this manual may differ slightly from the screens you see on your computer.

**Section Titles** in other parts of this manual are italicized:

Refer to *Connecting to AC Power Source* section of Chapter 1.

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# Table of Contents

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Notice for All Users .....	i
Notice for Users in the USA .....	ii
Safety Precautions .....	vi
Notice of Computer Security .....	xii
Notice of Security with Wireless Devices .....	xiv
About This Manual .....	xv
Recording Important Information .....	xvi
Manual Conventions .....	xvii
Table of Contents .....	xviii
Overview of Computer .....	xxi

---

## Basic Operations

Connecting to AC Power Source .....	1-1
Turning Off Your Computer .....	1-3
Choosing Power Source .....	1-4
Resetting System .....	1-6
Using Glide Pad .....	1-7
Using Keyboard .....	1-9
Using Optical Drive .....	1-10
Controlling Volume .....	1-19
Adjusting Display .....	1-20
Sharing Your Computer .....	1-22

---

## Battery and Power Management

Battery Pack .....	2-1
Power Management .....	2-7

---

## Peripherals

Peripheral Device Ports .....	3-1
Optional External Floppy Disk Drive Unit.....	3-3
External Display .....	3-6
Audio System .....	3-9
USB Device .....	3-11
PC Card .....	3-12
Printer .....	3-15
IEEE1394 Device .....	3-16

---

## Communication Functions

Built-in Modem .....	4-1
LAN Unit.....	4-5
Wireless LAN.....	4-11
Network Setup Utility.....	4-22

---

## Setup Utility

Running Setup Utility.....	5-1
Main Menu .....	5-3
Advanced Menu.....	5-4
Security Menu .....	5-4
Exit Menu .....	5-6

---

## DirectHD Function

DirectHD Utility .....	6-1
Connecting AL Series to Host Computer .....	6-4
Disconnecting AL Series from Host Computer.....	6-5
Password Function.....	6-6

---

## Appendices

Memory Module.....	A-1
Maintenance and Care.....	A-4
Virus Protection .....	A-10
Data Execution Prevention.....	A-13
Data Backup and Restore .....	A-15
Re-installation Instructions .....	A-16

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## Troubleshooting

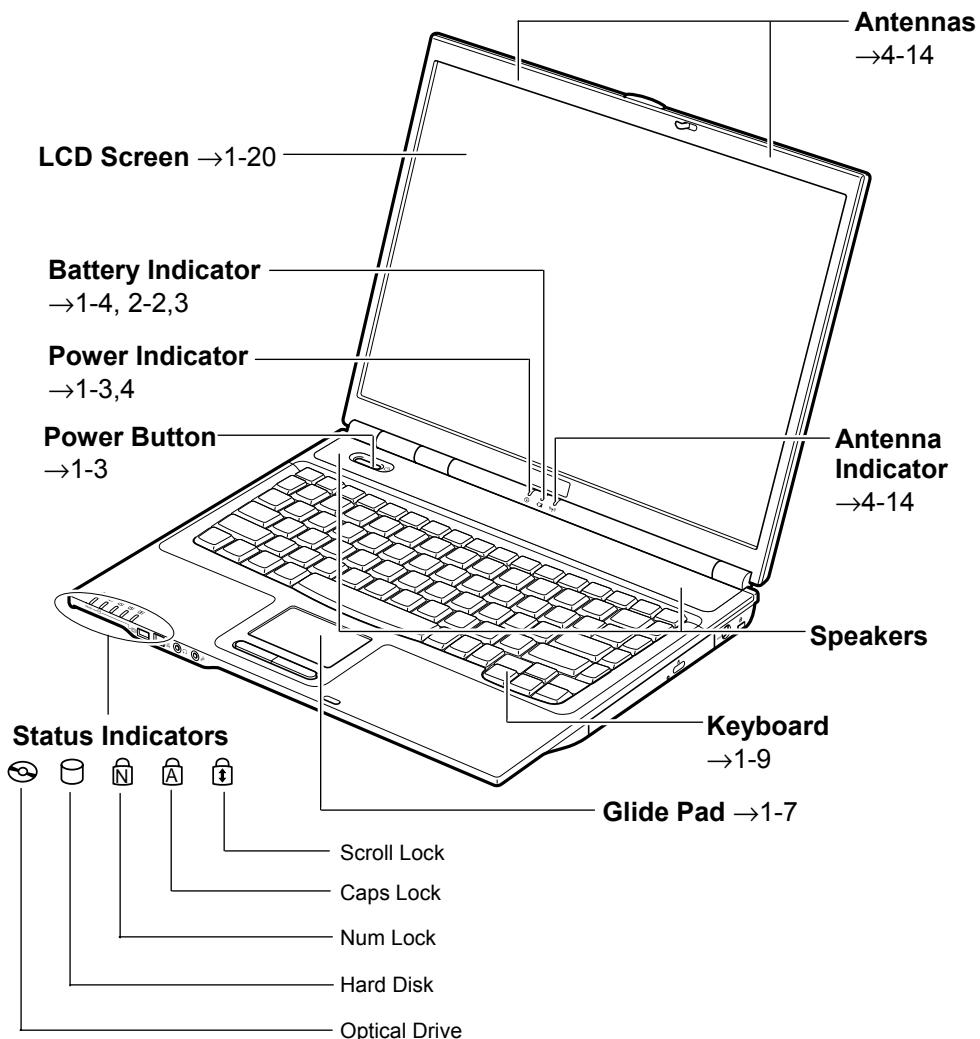
Common Problems.....	T-1
Trouble with Starting .....	T-2
Trouble with Display.....	T-3
Trouble with Keyboard/Glide Pad .....	T-4
Trouble with Floppy Disks.....	T-5
Trouble with Hard Disks.....	T-5
Trouble with Optical Drive .....	T-6
Trouble with Communication .....	T-7
Trouble with Peripherals .....	T-10
Trouble with DirectHD .....	T-11
Trouble with Security Settings.....	T-12
Other Troubles .....	T-12

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<b>Index .....</b>	<b>Index-1</b>
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# Overview of Computer

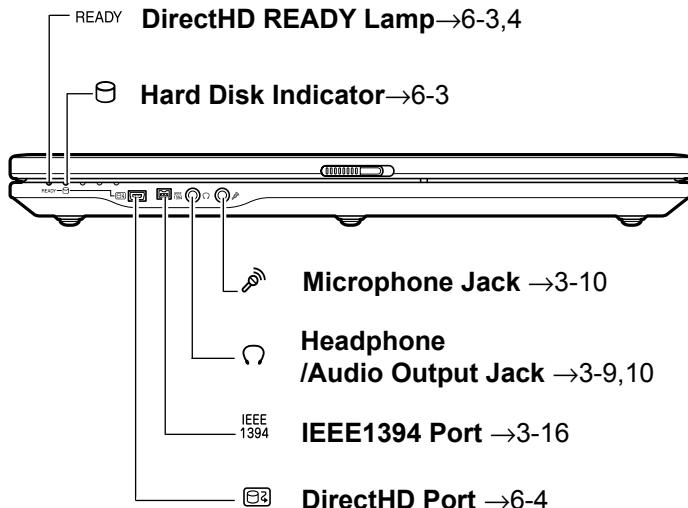
Each number after an arrow indicates the page referring to the part. Actual appearance of your computer may be slightly different depending on the model.



*Never turn off the computer when the hard disk indicator or the optical drive indicator is on. This may damage the data on the hard disk.*

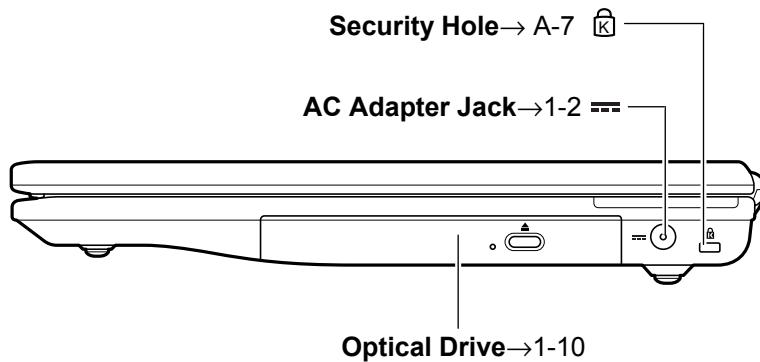
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## Front



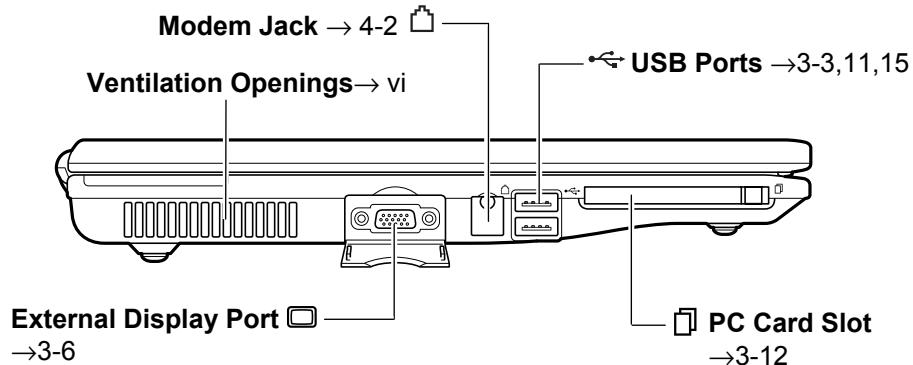
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## Right



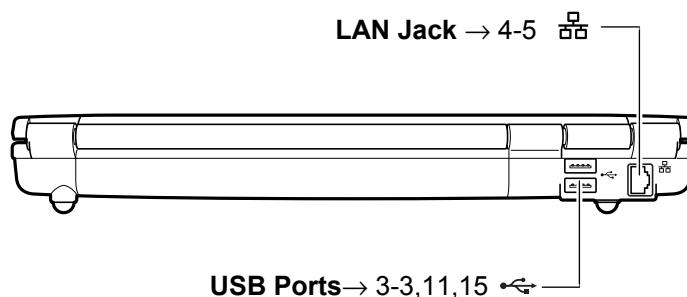
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## Left



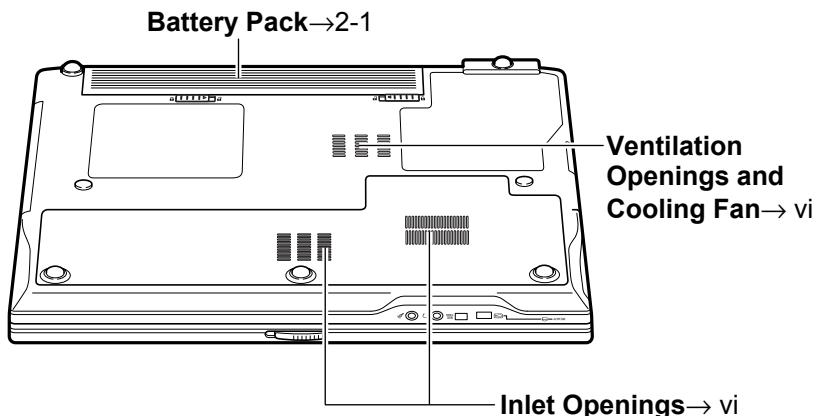
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## Rear



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## Bottom



## Basic Operations

This chapter describes the basic operations of the computer.



### ***Properties Dialog Box on Windows***

*In this manual, you will often see the expression “XXX Properties dialog box.” A dialog box is a window containing text boxes, check boxes, buttons, etc., with which you can send commands to Windows or other application programs. To open the properties dialog boxes, click start - Control Panel. The Control Panel has two types of views: Category view and Classic view. The Category view allows you to choose the category that may be related to what you want to do, then, choose the task by clicking it. The Classic view gives you the icons representing their components or features. Double-click one of the icons to open their dialog box or windows. Some of the dialog boxes you will use often are:*

- *Display*
- *Phone and Modem Options*
- *Mouse*
- *Power Options*
- *System*

*Clicking Switch to XXX View string appearing at the upper left of the Control Panel window allows you to toggle between the two views.*

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## Connecting to AC Power Source

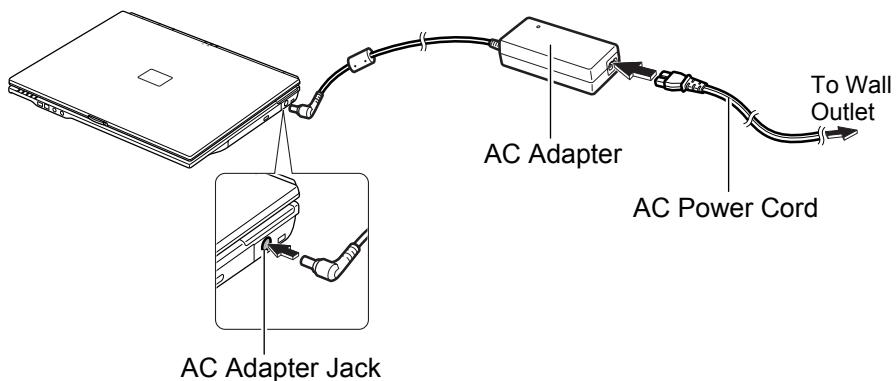
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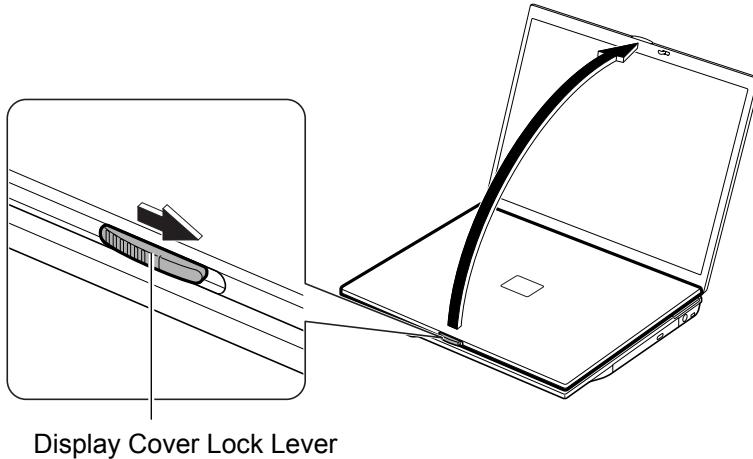
- *Always use the AC adapter (EA-AL1V) and the AC power cord included with the computer. Using others may damage the computer.*
- *Always hold the AC power cord by the plug when removing it from the wall outlet. Never pull on the cord.*
- *Never plug in and out the AC power cord with your wet hands.*

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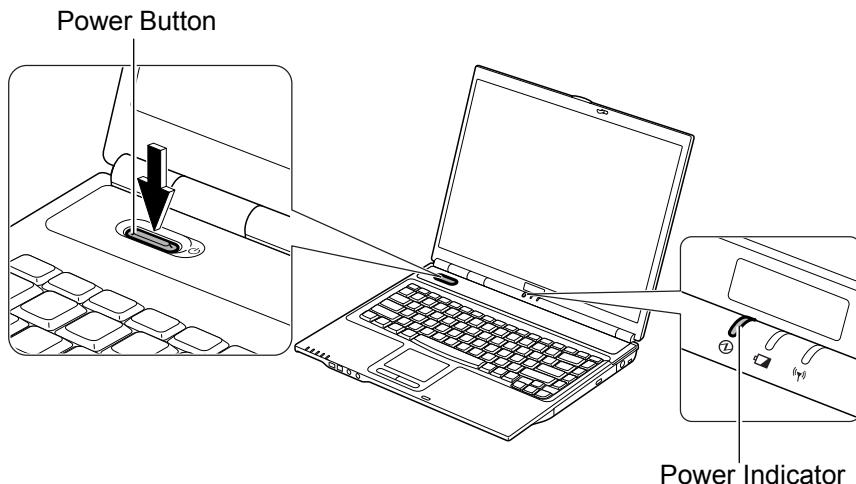
1. Plug the AC adapter cable into the AC adapter jack on the computer.
2. Plug the AC power cord into the AC adapter.
3. Plug the AC power cord into a wall outlet.



4. Slide the display cover lock lever to the right until the display cover releases, and raise the cover.



5. Press the power button to turn on the computer.



*When you turn on the computer, the power indicator (①) turns green, the power button turns blue, the computer goes through a self test to detect any problems, and Windows setup process starts.*



*Do not touch or operate the keyboard and mouse until Windows completely activates unless you are prompted to do. Otherwise, Windows may not start properly.*

---

## Turning Off Your Computer

---

When you've finished using the computer, turn it off with one of the following ways:

- From the *start* menu

1. Click *start – Turn Off Computer*.
2. In the *Turn off computer* dialog box, click *Turn Off*.

- With the power button

*Before using this step, confirm that *Shut down* is selected in *When I press the power button on my computer* in the *Advanced* tab of the *Power Options Properties* dialog box.*

Close the cover to keep the screen and keyboard clean and protected.



*If you have not saved a file, a dialog box will appear asking whether you want to save it.*



- Do not turn off or reset the computer while the hard disk indicator or the optical drive indicator or the indicator on the optional external floppy disk drive unit is lit. Doing so may damage or even wipe out the data.
- Before turning it back on, wait at least ten seconds after turning off the computer. Turning the power off and on in rapid succession can damage the computer's electrical circuitry.

## Choosing Power Source

You can use the computer with one of the following power sources:

- AC power from a wall outlet  
Use AC power whenever possible; rely on the battery only when AC power is not available.
- Rechargeable battery  
The computer is equipped with a standard battery pack. See Chapter 2 for the battery information.

### About Power Indicators

The following indicators show the power status of the computer.

Indicator	Light		Meaning
Power 	On (green)		Operating
	Blinking (green)		In System Standby
	Off		Powered off or in System Hibernate
Battery 	Connected to AC Power Source	On (green)	Fully charged
		On (orange)	Being charged
		Blinking (orange)	In abnormal state (Remove the battery pack and install it again.)
	Powered by Battery	Off	Has power
		Blinking (red)	Almost completely discharged (The warning beep sounds.)

The battery indicator is always off when the computer is turned off and not connected to AC power source.



- When the battery is hot, the battery indicator may turn off and stay off until the battery becomes cool.
- For more information on System standby/hibernate, see Chapter 2.

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## Using AC Adapter

When connected to a wall outlet, the AC adapter provides power for operation and charges the battery. The AC input voltage can range from 100 to 240 volts so that you can use the computer with the appropriate plug adapter.



*The AC power cord included with the computer is appropriate for the voltage used in the area in which you purchased the computer. If you attempt to connect the computer to a wall outlet other than in this area, check the voltage of the outlet and use an AC power cord appropriate for the outlet. Consult local service staff if you are not sure.*

# Resetting System

You may need to restart the system if the computer hangs up or a new hardware or software is installed. When a message appears after the installation, click *OK*, *Yes*, etc. to restart Windows.

You can also restart Windows by clicking *start - Turn Off Computer*; then, *Restart*.



*Resetting may cause data loss. Use the resetting process only if the normal Windows Shut Down does not work due to software malfunction. Although resetting will not damage the system, you may lose the data you are processing.*

## Warm Boot (Software Reset)

If the system is locked up because of a software problem, you can reset or reboot the system by pressing the **Ctrl+Alt+Del** keys simultaneously and select the *Applications* tab of the *Windows Task Manager* dialog box. Click the program name that hangs up, then, *End Task*. If this does not solve the problem, select the *Users* tab click *Disconnect* or *Logoff*, then *Yes*.

## Power Switch

You can turn off the computer with the power button if you encounter hardware or software problems that lock up the system. In this case, press the power button for more than four seconds.

## Removing AC Adapter and Battery Pack

If pressing the power button fails to turn off the computer, follow these steps:

1. Confirm the hard disk indicator is not lit.

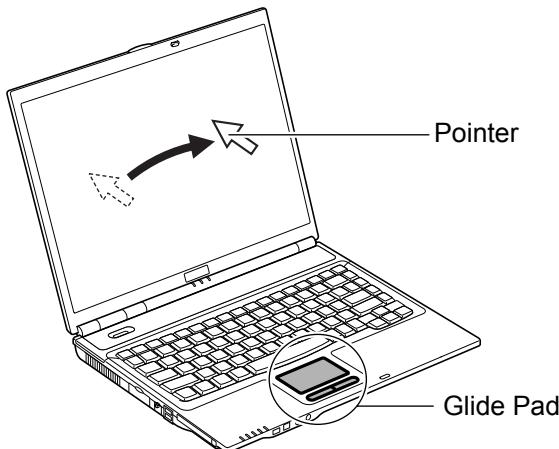


*Be sure to confirm that the hard disk indicator is off before going on the next step. Otherwise, the computer may be damaged.*

2. Remove the AC adapter, then, the battery pack.
3. Ten seconds later, reinstall the battery pack and then, connect the AC adapter.
4. Turn on the computer.

# Using Glide Pad

The computer is equipped with an integrated pointing device called glide pad. Using the glide pad, you can move the pointer, select an item from a menu, and perform other tasks in the same way you would with a mouse.



- *Do not hit or scratch the surface of the glide pad with pointed objects (such as a ballpoint pen). It may damage the surface of the glide pad.*
- *Do not operate the glide pad with a moist finger. This may cause the glide pad to operate incorrectly and to be damaged.*

## Enabling Glide Pad

When a USB mouse is connected to one of the USB ports of the computer, the glide pad is disabled, which means that the computer does not respond to any tapping on the pad. Therefore, confliction with the mouse and/or unexpected move of the pointer on the screen can be avoided.

To enable the glide pad, use one of the following ways.

- Disconnect the connected USB mouse. (No mouse must be connected.)
- With a USB mouse connected,
  1. Click *start – Control Panel*.
  2. Click *Printers and Other Hardware - Mouse*.
  3. In the *Mouse Properties* dialog box, click the *Device Settings* tab.

4. Clear the box of *Disable internal pointing device when external USB pointing device is attached*.
5. Click *OK* to close the dialog box.
6. Close the *Printers and Other Hardware* dialog box.

Completing the steps allows the computer always to respond to the glide pad, while the connected USB mouse also works.



*When the glide pad is disabled, the touch pad icon (■) on the taskbar is crossed (■).*

## Using Glide Pad

Take a moment to become familiar with how the glide pad works.

### Place Your Fingertip

Place your left or right hand next to the glide pad, resting your wrist naturally in a relaxed manner. Place your thumb or finger on the glide pad.

### Move Your Fingertip

The rectangular pad of the glide pad is used to move the pointer around the display. As you slide your fingertip across the pad, the pointer on the screen moves in the same direction across the screen. The glide pad is very sensitive, so you do not have to exert much pressure on the pad. The glide pad will respond to a light touch from your fingertip.

### Click, Double-click, and Right-click

To click or double-click, you can use the left button just like that of a mouse. Instead of clicking the left button, you can also just tap gently anywhere on the rectangular pad. For right-clicking, you must use the right button.



*If the interval between clicks is too long, the double-clicking will not work.*

### Drag and Drop

You can move the items by using “drag and drop” below:

1. Position the pointer over the item you wish to move.
2. Press the left button; do not release it.

3. Move the pointer while holding the left button. The item moves together with the pointer.
4. Release the button when the item reaches its destination.

Or you can tap the pad twice and hold it instead of pressing the left button in the step 2.

## Scroll

You can scroll through information in a list or in a document by using the glide pad. To view information vertically, place your finger on the most right part of the glide pad and slide your finger up and down. To view horizontally, place your finger on the bottom part of the glide pad and slide your finger to the left or the right. This procedure works only in limited applications.

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## Changing Configuration

In the *Mouse Properties* dialog box, you can change the configuration of the glide pad, such as swapping left and right buttons, changing the pointer size, etc. Double-click  icon on the taskbar.

---

## Using Keyboard

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The computer, equipped with the Windows Enhanced Keyboard, provides all the functionality of a full-sized desktop keyboard.

### Special Keys



Windows Key

Opens the Windows start menu. This key works in the same way as the *start* button on the screen.



Application Key

Opens short-cut menus for the specific items. This key works in the same way as the right mouse button.

### System Function Keys

The keyboard contains the function keys labeled **F1** through **F12** for special actions. Use them in conjunction with the **Fn** key.

**Fn + F1** ()      Turns the wireless LAN antennas on and off

**Fn + F3** ()      Decreases the audio volume

**Fn + F4** ()      Increases the audio volume

Fn + F5 (□)	Rotates display mode among LCD only, an external monitor only, and both (when connecting an external monitor).
Fn + F6 (▼⊗)	Decreases the LCD screen brightness
Fn + F7 (▲⊗)	Increases the LCD screen brightness
Fn + F8 (⊗)	Toggles between the maximum LCD brightness and the currently set brightness.
Fn + F10 (Ω)	Stops the warning beep sound of the battery pack (This combination is not enabled for Windows warning beep.)
Fn + F11 (□)	Turns the LCD screen or an external monitor screen (when connecting it) on and off
Fn + F12 (■)	Forces the computer into System standby, hibernate, or powered off (See the <i>Power Management</i> of Chapter 2 for more information.)

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## Using Optical Drive

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The computer is equipped with an optical drive allowing you to read from/write into DVD and CD. Refer to the table on the next page for the acceptable discs.



### **CAUTION FOR LASER**

*Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.*



Disc Type	DVD±R/±RW & CD-R/-RW Drive		
	Reading	Writing	Rewriting
CD-ROM* <sup>1</sup>	Yes	No	No
CD-R	Yes	Yes	No
High Speed CD-RW /Ultra Speed CD-RW	Yes	Yes	Yes
DVD-ROM/DVD-VIDEO	Yes	No	No
DVD-R	Yes	Yes <sup>*2</sup>	No
DVD-RW	Yes	Yes <sup>*3</sup>	Yes <sup>*3</sup>
DVD+R	Yes	Yes	No
DVD+RW	Yes	Yes	Yes
DVD-RAM	No	No	No

\*<sup>1</sup> Including video CD and Photo CD.

\*<sup>2</sup> The computer supports DVD-R of General Ver.2.0.

\*<sup>3</sup> The computer supports Ver.1.1/Ver.1.2 DVD-RW. VR format is not supported.



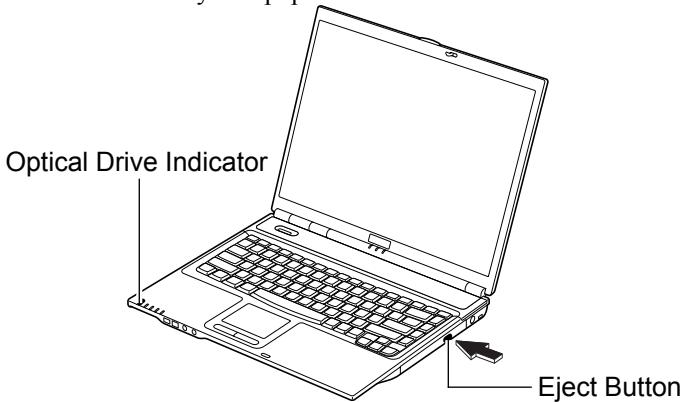
*A list of recommended media may be found on the Sharp Systems website (<http://www.sharpsystems.com>).*

## Handling Disc

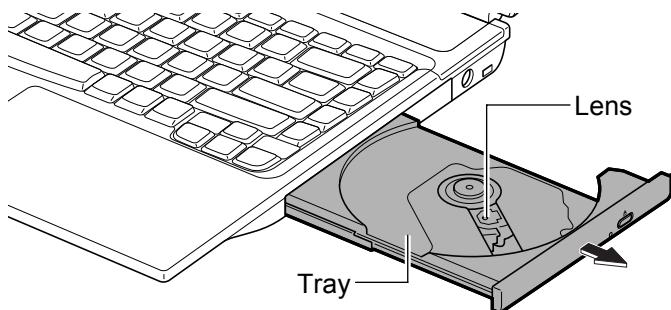
- Do not write on either side of the disc, particularly the non-label side. Data is read from /written onto the non-label side. Do not mark this surface.
- Keep your discs away from direct sunlight, heat and excessive moisture.
- Always hold the discs by the edges. Fingerprints, dirt or water on the discs can cause noise or mistracking. If a disc is dirty or does not play properly, clean it with a soft, dry cloth, wiping straight out from the center, along the radius.

## Inserting Disc

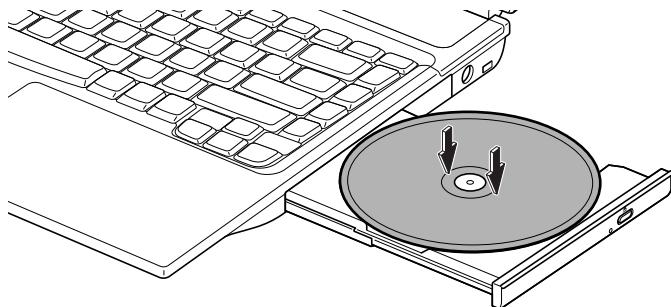
1. Make sure the optical drive indicator is not lit on; then, press the eject button. The drive tray will pop out.



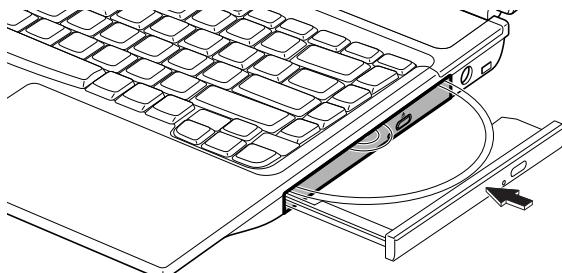
2. Gently pull out the tray.



3. Place your disc with label side up onto the tray and slightly press the center of the disc until it locks into place.



4. Gently push the tray back into the computer.



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- *Do not press the eject button when the optical drive indicator is lit. It may cause malfunction of the computer.*
- *Do not leave the tray pulled out. Also, avoid touching the lens in the tray. If the lens becomes dirty, the disc may malfunction.*

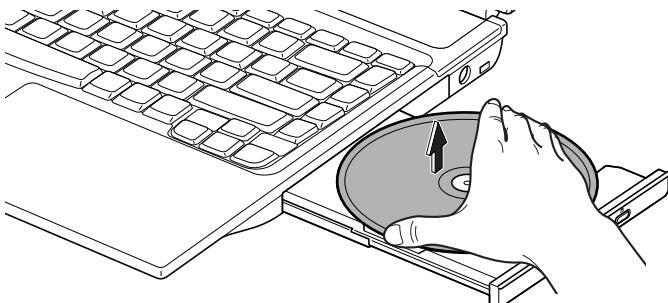
## Removing Disc

1. Make sure the optical drive indicator is not lit and press the eject button. The optical drive tray will pop out.



*Make sure the optical drive indicator is not lit before pressing the eject button.*

2. Gently pull out the tray.
3. Holding its edge, remove the disc from the tray.



4. Gently push the tray back into the computer.



- Before writing to discs, follow the instructions below:
  - Connect the AC adapter. If the battery is discharged, the writing process will stop and fail.
  - Disable the power management. See Power Management of Chapter 2.
  - Close all unnecessary and automatic start-up applications.
  - Disable the screen saver. (Refer to the Changing Wallpaper and Setting Screen Saver section later in this chapter.)
- Some discs restrict the writing or rewriting speed to ensure recording quality.
- When copying data with the preinstalled application, Drag'n Drop CD+DVD, the type of the destination media should be same as that of the source media.
- After creating an audio CD, you cannot add data into it even if it is not full.

### Writing to CD-R and CD-RW

You may write data into CD-R or CD-RW discs. CD-RW is rewritable, meaning that you can write/erase data into/from the disc. CD-R is non-rewritable, meaning that you cannot erase written data. If free space remains, you can add data until the disc is full.

You can use CD-R or CD-RW to write data on. CD-RW is an erasable disc onto which you can write data and from which you can erase data. CD-R is non-erasable disc onto which you can write data only once. If free space remains, you can add data until the disc is full.

To write data, use the preinstalled application, Drag'n Drop CD+DVD.

To run the Drag'n Drop CD+DVD, click *start – All Programs – Drag'n Drop CD+DVD4 – Drag'n Drop CD+DVD4*. (Refer to the online help of the Drag'n Drop CD+DVD for more information.)



- See the online help of the Drag'n Drop CD+DVD for details and other features.
- You can also write data with the Windows CD writing software on the computer. Refer to the Windows Help and Support for more information.

## Writing to DVD±R and DVD±RW

You can write data into DVD±R and DVD±RW discs. DVD±RW is rewritable, meaning that you can write/erase data into/from the disc. DVD±R is non-rewritable, meaning that you cannot erase written data. If free space remains, you can add data until the disc is full.

Use Drag'n Drop CD+DVD to write data and Ulead DVD MovieFactory to create videos each installed on the computer.

To run the Drag'n Drop CD+DVD, click *start – All programs – Drag'n Drop CD+DVD4 - Drag'n Drop CD+DVD4*.

To run the Ulead DVD MovieFactory, click *start – All Programs – Ulead DVD MovieFactory 3 SE –Ulead DVD MovieFactory 3 SE*.



- For DVD-RW/DVD+RW, you can add or re-edit video images to your DVD video created using the Ulead DVD MovieFactory even if it is not full.
- See the online help of the Ulead DVD MovieFactory for details and other features.

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## Watching DVD Video

You can enjoy watching DVD videos on the computer using the application called WinDVD. See online help of WinDVD for more details.

To run the application, click *start – All Programs – InterVideo WinDVD - InterVideo WinDVD*.



- Before watching DVD videos, follow the instructions below:
  - Connect the AC adapter. If the battery is discharged, the operation will stop.
  - Close all unnecessary and the automatic start-up applications.
  - Disable the screen saver. (Refer to the Changing Wallpaper and Setting Screen Saver section later in this chapter.)
- When playing a DVD video, you may experience a picture with an irregular motion, or frame dropouts, depending on videos.
- This product incorporates copyright protection technology that is protected by method claims of certain U.S. patents and other intellectual property rights owned by Macrovision Corporation and other rights owners. Use of this copyright protection technology must be authorized by Macrovision Corporation, and is intended for home and other limited viewing uses only unless otherwise authorized by Macrovision Corporation. Reverse engineering or disassembly is prohibited.



*Make sure to remove the DVD video from the drive when you finish watching it. If you turn off the computer with the disc left in the drive, the drive may not be recognized when the computer is turned on again.*

## 1 Changing Region Code

A DVD video has a region code which prevents playback of the disc in certain regions. The region code appears on the top of the disc.

When shipped from the factory, your optical drive is set to a region code applicable to your area.



*Your DVD drive region code can be changed. Code change is limited. Once the limit is reached, it cannot be changed any more.*

*To confirm the limit, click the Region tab of the Setup dialog box and check the bottom line in the window. (Refer to the Using Parental Control section on the next page to open the Setup dialog box.)*



*Make sure to log on the computer as a member of the Computer administrators group. Otherwise you cannot change the region code.*

Available region codes are:

Region Code	Area
1	U.S.A, Canada
2	West Europe, Japan, South Africa
3	South East Asia
4	Australia, Spanish America
5	Russia, East Europe, Africa
6	China

To change the region code:

1. Insert a DVD video into the drive.  
If the region code of the DVD video is different from that of your drive, the *Confirm Region* dialog box appears.
2. The region code currently selected is marked in the left box. Region code of your DVD video is marked in the right box. If you want to change the drive code and play the DVD video, click *OK*.



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*On some DVD videos, plural region codes are selectable in the right box of the Confirm Region dialog box. Carefully choose an appropriate one.*

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*When the Confirm Region dialog box does not appear:*

1. *Click start - My Computer – View system information.*
2. *In the System Properties dialog box, select the Hardware tab and click the Device Manager button.*
3. *In the Device Manager dialog box, double-click the DVD/CD-ROM drives string and MATSHITA xxxxxx.(xxxxxx is your optical drive name.)*
4. *Select the DVD Region tab, choose the listed distribution area of the DVD video, then, confirm the region code shown in the New Region field is correct and click OK.*
5. *Read the message on the screen, then, click OK.*

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## **Using Parental Control**

If you want to set the parental control to prevent your children from watching an inappropriate movie, follow the steps below:

1. Run the *InterVideo WinDVD*.
2. Right-click somewhere in the *InterVideo WinDVD 5* window and click *Setup*.... The *Setup* dialog box will appear.
3. In the *Preferences* tab, click the *Set Password* button in the *Parental Playback Control* section.
4. Type a password twice and click *OK*.
5. Click *OK* in the confirmation window.
6. Click the *Set Rating* button and enter the password.
7. Click *OK*.
8. Select a control level and click *Set*.
9. Click *OK*. See online help of the *WinDVD* for more details.

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## **Creating DVD Video**

The computer has DVD creating/editing software installed, called Ulead DVD MovieFactory. This section explains how to create your DVD video with the Ulead DVD MovieFactory. For more information or other features, see the *Help* of the Ulead DVD MovieFactory or consult Ulead Systems Inc.

## Creating DVD Video

The following steps show how to write images taken by digital camera onto CD-R using the Ulead DVD MovieFactory.

1. Turn on your video device and set it to playback mode.



- *Confirm it is in playback mode.*
- *Make sure that the media is ready for playback in the video device.*

2. Connect it to the computer. (Refer to the *IEEE1394 Device* section of Chapter 3.)
3. Select *Make a DVD* in the *Digital Video Device* window and click *OK* to run the *Ulead DVD MovieFactory 3 SE*.



*When you run the application for the first time, the Registration window opens. To avail of support service for Ulead DVD MovieFactory 3 SE, you need to make a registration with Ulead. Register now or later.*

4. Insert a new DVD-R into the optical drive. If you have the message “*What do you want Windows to do?*”, click *Cancel*.
5. Click *Direct to Disc* in the menu box.
6. Select *DVD* in the *Output disc format* field and then, click *Next*.
7. Select *DVD-Video* and then, click *OK*.
8. Select the connected device from the *Source* pull down menu.
9. Select *Full DV tape* from the *Capture mode* pull down menu.
10. Click (| ● |) button to start capture.



*The confirmation window for the capture duration may appear. Read the message and follow the instruction.*

11. When the capture is completed, select *Close* and then, click *OK*.



*The optical drive will automatically open.*

12. Remove the DVD-R and close the optical drive.

# Controlling Volume

You can adjust the output volume of the computer with the following volume controls that interact with each other.

## With Keyboard

Press and hold the **Fn** key and then, press the **F3** (▼) key to decrease the output volume.

Press and hold the **Fn** key and then, press the **F4** (▲) key to increase the output volume.

## On Windows

1. Click *start - Control Panel*.
2. Click *Sounds, Speech, and Audio Devices*; then, *Sounds and Audio Devices*. If Classic view is selected, double-click the *Sounds and Audio Devices* icon.
3. In the *Sounds and Audio Devices Properties* dialog box, slide the lever to control the output volume.
4. Click *OK* and close the dialog box; then the *Control Panel* window.



*You can also easily adjust the volume in the window that will open when clicking the speaker symbol on the taskbar. When the symbol is not on the taskbar, check the box of Place volume icon in the taskbar in the step 3.*

# Adjusting Display

You can adjust the brightness, resolution, and number of colors of the internal LCD display for more comfortable viewing.



*By default, the brightness level of the LCD screen is maximized.*

## Changing Brightness of Display

Press and hold the **Fn** key and then, press the **F6** (▼⊗) key to decrease the brightness of the internal LCD display.

Press and hold the **Fn** key and then, press the **F7** (▲⊗) to increase the brightness of the internal LCD display.

Press and hold the **Fn** key and then, press the **F8** (⊗) to maximizes the LCD screen brightness. Pressing them again returns the LCD screen brightness to the previous status.

## Changing Resolution and Number of Colors

When shipped, the computer is set to the default resolution and color. The default resolution is 1024 x 768 at 16M colors. To change the resolution and the number of colors, follow the instructions below:

1. In the *Display Properties* dialog box, select the *Settings* tab.
2. Select the number of the colors in the *Color quality* field, and select the resolution in the *Screen resolution* field. Refer to the table below.
3. Click *OK*; then, *Yes*.

## Available Resolutions and Colors

Resolution	Number of Colors
800 x 600	64K 16M <sup>(*)2</sup>
1024 x 768	64K 16M <sup>(*)2</sup>
1280 x 768 <sup>(*)1</sup>	64K 16M <sup>(*)2</sup>
1280 x 1024 <sup>(*)1</sup>	64K 16M
1400 x 1050 <sup>(*)1</sup>	64K 16M
1600 x 1200 <sup>(*)1</sup>	64K 16M

(\*1) Can be chosen for an external monitor only when it is capable of the listed resolution modes. Cannot be set when displaying only on the LCD monitor or on both of the LCD and an external monitor simultaneously.

(\*2) On the internal LCD screen, the number of colors in this mode is made using a Dithering algorithm.



- *You cannot switch to display resolutions and number of colors that are not available.*
- *In the Color quality, Medium (16 bit) means 65,536 (64K) colors, and High (32 bit) means about 16,770,000 (16M) colors.*

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## Changing Wallpaper and Setting Screen Saver

You can enjoy various desktop patterns or screen savers.

### Changing Wallpaper

1. In the *Display Properties* dialog box, select the *Desktop* tab.
2. Select an appropriate wallpaper in the *Background* pull-down menu.
3. Click *OK*.

### Setting Screen Saver

1. In the *Display Properties* dialog box, select the *Screen Saver* tab.
2. Select an appropriate screen saver in the *Screen saver* pull-down menu and set time when screen saver starts.
3. Click *OK*.



*To disable the screen saver, select [None] from the Screen saver pull-down menu.*

# Sharing Your Computer

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If you are sharing the computer with your colleagues or family members, set a user account for each person. Every user can choose their favorite desktop setting, web site lists, or make their own *My Documents* folder etc., and save them to their user accounts. When you turn on the computer, select your user account.

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## Setting New User Account

1. Click *start - Control Panel*.
2. Click *User Accounts*. If Classic view is selected, double-click the *User Accounts* icon.
3. Click the *Create a new account* string.
4. Type a name for the new account and click *Next*.
5. Select the account type; then, click *Create Account*. If you have selected a *Limited* account, then that user account has limits for using the computer. See the *Help and Support Center* in the *start* menu for more details.
6. Close the *User Accounts* dialog box; then, the *Control Panel* window.

If more than one user account are set to the computer, you must select which user account you will log in when you turn on the computer.

---

## Log Off Your Computer

“Log off” is useful because you do not have to turn off the computer when you finish your task and pass the computer to another person. There are two ways to log off the computer, *Switch User* or *Log Off*.

If you select *Switch User*, you can pass the computer to another person without closing your current applications. For example, if you are viewing a Web site, and your colleague needs to open a program on the computer, use *Switch User*. You can then view the same Web site by just switching users after your colleague finishes with the computer.

If you select *Log Off*, the system will close all your session and you need to save your files before logging off the computer.

1. Click *start - Log Off*.
2. Select *Switch User* or *Log Off*. If you select *Log Off*, the dialog box asking you to save the data may appear.

3. Select a new account to start Windows again.



*If you cannot see the Switch User in Log Off Windows dialog box, click the Change the way users log on or off string in the User Accounts dialog box, and check Use Fast User Switching and click Apply Options.*

---

## Setting Password to User Account

You can set a password to each user account to avoid unauthorized use of the computer. Once you set the password, you need to enter it when you log on to its account. You cannot start the computer with the user account if its password is not correct, so unnecessary password setting can cause trouble in starting the system.

### Setting Password

1. Click *start - Control Panel*.
2. Click *User Accounts*. If the Classic view is selected, double-click the *User Accounts* icon.
3. Select the account you want to set a password to. You will only have this option if you log onto the computer as a member of the Computer administrators group. If you log on the computer with a limited user account, go to the next step. (You cannot set a password to another user account.)
4. Select the *Create a password* string.



- *If the password has been already set, the Create a password will not appear.*
- *Only the members of the Computer administrators group can set a password to another user account.*

5. Type a new password.
6. Type the new password again to confirm it.
7. If necessary, type a password hints word to remember the password you set.
8. Click *Create Password*.
9. Close the *User Accounts* dialog box; then, the *Control Panel* window.

## 1 Changing Password

1. Follow the steps 1-2 on the previous section.
2. Select the account you want to change, if you log on to the computer as a member of the Computer administrators group. If you log on the computer with a limited account, go to the next step. (You cannot change the password of another user account.)
3. Select the *Change the password* string or *Change my password* string.
  - *If the password has not been set yet, the Change the password or Change my password will not appear.*
  - *Only the members of the Computer administrators group can change the password of another user account.*
4. Type the current password. If you are changing another user's password, skip this step.
5. Type a new password.
6. Type the new password again to confirm it.
7. If necessary, type a password hints word to remember the password you set.
8. Click *Change Password*.
9. Close the *User Accounts* dialog box; then, the *Control Panel* window.

## Deleting Password

1. Follow the steps 1-2 on the *Setting Password* section.
2. Select the account you want to delete its password, if you log on to the computer as a member of the Computer administrators group. If you log on the computer with a limited account, go to the next step. (You cannot delete the password of another user account.)
3. Select the *Remove the password* string or *Remove my password* string.
  - *If the password has not been set yet, the Remove the password or Remove my password will not appear.*
  - *Only the members of the Computer administrators group can delete the password of another user account.*
4. Type your password and click *Remove Password*. If you want to delete the password of another user account, just click *Remove Password*.
5. Close the *User Accounts* dialog box; then, the *Control Panel* window.

## *Battery and Power Management*

This chapter explains how to manage the computer's power effectively and use the battery pack.



*In this section, you often see the expression "Power Options Properties dialog box". To open the dialog box:*

1. *Click start – Control Panel.*
2. *Click Performance and Maintenance – Power Options in Category view or double-click Power Options icon in Classic view.*

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### **Battery Pack**

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When not connected to an external power source, the computer operates with the rechargeable battery pack. The duration of the battery life may be longer if the computer's power management is active. See the *Power Management* section in this chapter for the power management.

To keep the battery life longer:

- Condition the battery pack if the actual remaining power in your battery is less than what the Windows *Power Meter* indicates. (See the *Conditioning Battery Pack* section in this chapter.)
- Turn off the computer when you are not using it.

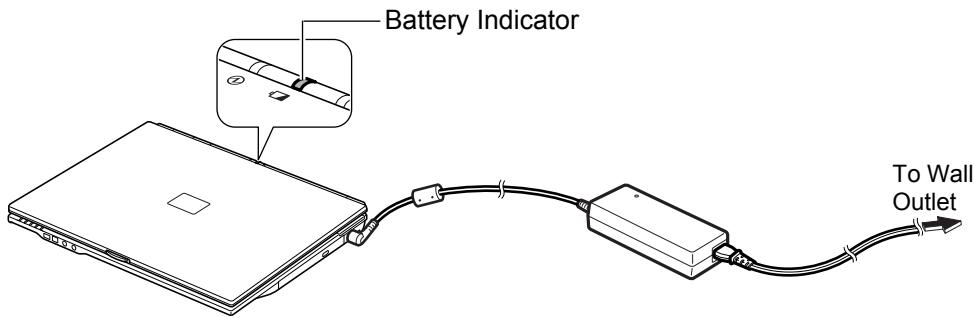
  

- *The duration of the battery depends on the computer usage. Using applications, which heavily use external peripherals, will result in shorter battery life.*
- *When using the computer for several hours with battery power, enable power management and set the system hibernate. Refer to the Power Management section in this chapter.*
- *When the battery has not been charged, the computer may not operate properly. Connect the AC power source to charge the battery.*



## Charging Battery Pack

Connect the AC adapter to the computer and leave it until the battery is fully charged.



When the battery indicator (■) lights orange, the battery is being charged. When green, the battery has been fully charged.



- *Charging time may vary according to the status of the computer.*
- *The battery indicator may turn off even while the battery is being charged. This is either because the battery pack is hot or else the system power consumption is very high due to using the optical drive, peripheral devices or CPU-intensive application, and the charging stops temporarily. When the battery becomes cool, the charging will restart and the battery indicator will turn on again.*
- *The battery pack may not be installed correctly if the battery indicator blinks orange. In this case, turn off the computer, remove the AC adapter and the battery pack; then, install the battery pack and connect the AC adapter again. If the battery indicator still blinks orange, consult your local dealer.*

## Checking Battery Level

### On Windows

You can check the battery level by placing the pointer on the battery icon (■ : powered on battery) or the AC plug icon (■ : powered on AC power and charging the battery pack) on the taskbar, or double-clicking one of these icons (■, ■ or ■ : powered on AC power) to open the Power Meter dialog box. If the battery is fully charged, remaining capacity level will not appear even if you point to the icon.

If you cannot see the battery or AC plug icon, follow these instructions:

1. In the *Power Options Properties* dialog box, select the *Advanced* tab.

2. Check the box of *Always show icon on the taskbar* and click *OK*.
3. Close the *Control Panel* window.



- *The remaining operating time depends on the amount of the power the computer is consuming. If you are using the audio system, PC card slot, hard disk drive, or peripheral devices with the computer, it may consume more battery power.*
- *The Power Meter may not indicate correctly for a short period after resuming from standby or hibernation mode.*
- *If the actual remaining power in your battery is less than what the Power Meter indicates, you should condition the battery pack as per the procedure on the Conditioning Battery Pack section in this chapter.*

## Low Battery Indication

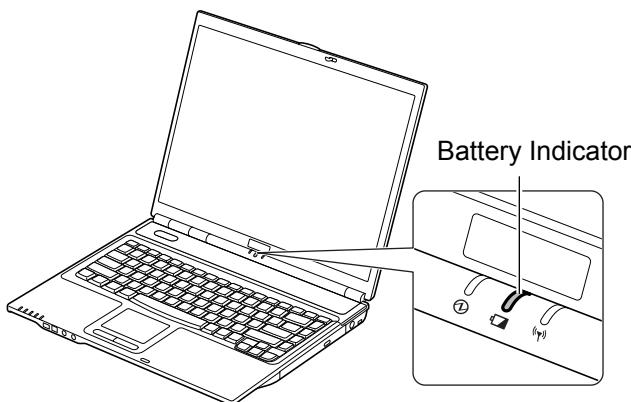
On Windows, you can set the battery level for sounding an alarm and letting the computer go on System standby, System hibernate or shut down.



*When the battery power level becomes significantly low, the battery indicator (■) blinks red, the warning beep sounds. Save your data and turn off the computer, or connect the AC power source immediately. Otherwise, the computer will be shut down and the unsaved data may be lost.*



*To stop the warning beep sound, press the **Fn+F10** (⌚) keys.*



1. In the *Power Options Properties* dialog box, select the Alarms tab.

2

2. Set the battery level at which the alarms are activated. We recommend you set the *Critical battery alarm* to 5% or more and the *Low battery alarm* to more than the value of the *Critical battery alarm*.
3. Set the *Alarm Action...* to the appropriate settings.
4. Click *OK* twice.
5. Close the *Control Panel* window.

## Conditioning Battery Pack

Conditioning the battery pack is needed when the actual remaining power in your battery is less than what the Windows Power Meter indicates, or you buy a new battery pack.

1. Press and hold the **Fn** key and then, press the **F7** (▲⊗) key several times to maximize the LCD screen brightness.
2. Turn on the computer.
3. Connect the computer to AC power and wait until the battery is fully charged.



*The battery indicator turns orange first; then, turns to green when the battery pack is fully charged.*

4. When the message *<F2> to enter System Configuration Utility* appears, press the **F2** to open the Setup Utility.
5. Disconnect the AC adapter and leave the computer on until the battery is completely discharged and the system shuts down automatically.
6. Connect the computer to AC power and let the battery fully charged again.



- *Do not turn on the computer until the battery indicator turns to green and the battery is fully charged.*
- *Do not connect the computer to AC power while discharging the battery. The conditioning will be cancelled.*



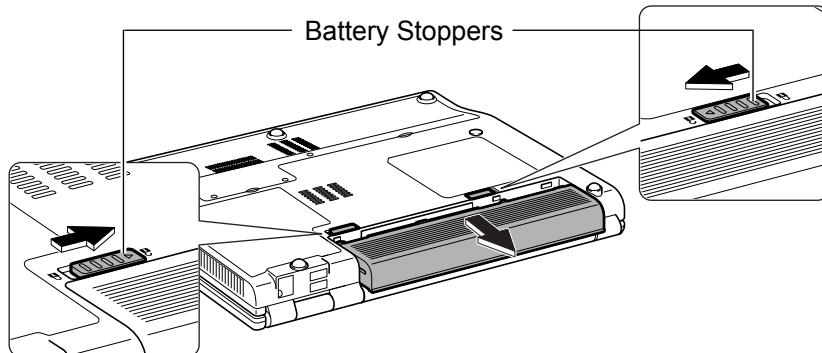
*Repeated charging and discharging or long-term storage of the battery pack cause battery deterioration. In this case, replace the battery pack with a new one.*

## Changing Battery Pack

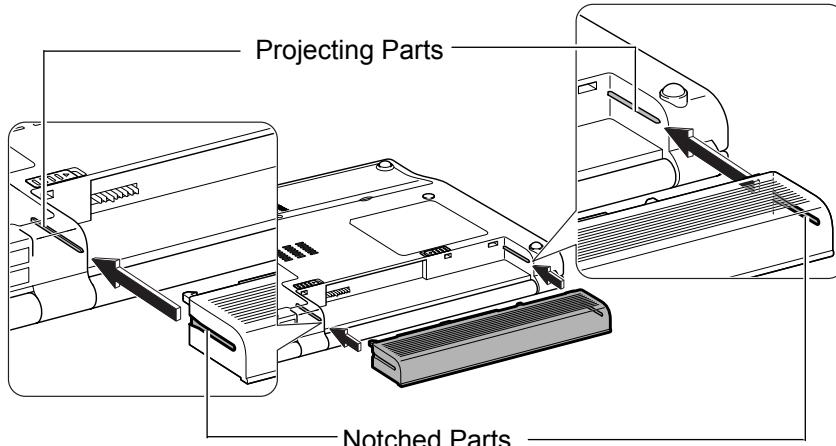
The capacity of a battery pack gradually decreases when used repeatedly (the deterioration rate depends on the operating environment). If the battery life becomes extremely short even after the conditioning, you should buy a new battery pack. Consult your local dealer for a new battery pack.

When you replace the battery pack with a new one:

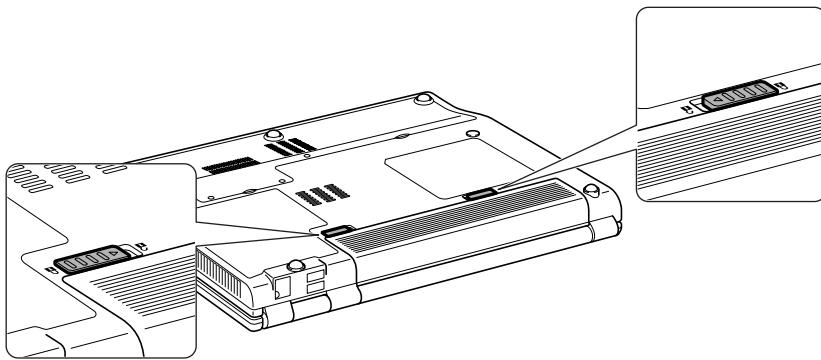
1. Turn off the computer and disconnect the AC adapter from the computer.
2. Close the display cover and turn over the computer on a flat place.
3. Slide the two battery stoppers to the unlocked position (2) and hold them; then, push out the battery pack.



4. Align the notched parts of a new battery pack to the projecting parts of the computer and insert the battery pack.



5. Gently push the battery pack into the socket until you hear the clicking sound and the battery stoppers go back to their original positions.



# Power Management

Power management saves electricity and extends battery life by controlling power supply to built-in devices. You can set the following power management properties on Windows.

- Stopping power supply to the hard disk
- Stopping power supply to the display
- Controlling CPU speed
- Using System standby/hibernate

2

To open the *Power Options Properties* dialog box, click *start – Control Panel*, and click *Performance and Maintenance*; then, *Power Options*. If the Classic view is selected, double-click the *Power Options* icon.



*Note that the power management may not seem to function when you are using an application program that accesses the hard disk periodically.*

## Stopping Power Supply to Hard Disk

1. In the *Power Options Properties* dialog box, select the *Power Schemes* tab.
2. Set *Turn off hard disks* to an appropriate value, and click *OK*.
3. Close the *Control Panel* window.

## Stopping Power Supply to Display



*This procedure is also effective for an attached external monitor complying with the power management.*

1. In the *Power Options Properties* dialog box, select the *Power Schemes* tab.
2. Set *Turn off monitor* to an appropriate value, and click *OK*.
3. Close the *Control Panel* window.

## Controlling CPU Speed

Windows XP controls the processor performance to reduce power consumption.



*When communicating, or reading/writing data, set the Processor Performance to the highest performance.*

1. In the *Power Options Properties* dialog box, selected the *Power Schemes* tab.
2. Select an appropriate power scheme from the pull-down menu in the *Power schemes* field according to the table below, and click *OK*.
3. Close the *Power Options Properties* dialog box, then, the *Control Panel* window.

Power Scheme	Processor Performance	
Home/Office Desk	Using AC Power	Always runs at highest performance state
	Using Battery	Always runs at lower performance state
Portable/Laptop	Using AC Power	Performance state will be chosen based on CPU demand
	Using Battery	Always runs at lower performance state
Presentation	Using AC Power	Performance state will be chosen based on CPU demand
	Using Battery	Always runs at lower performance state
Always On	Using AC Power	Always runs at highest performance state
	Using Battery	Always runs at lower performance state
Minimal Power Management	Using AC Power	Performance state will be chosen based on CPU demand
	Using Battery	Always runs at lower performance state
Max Battery	Using AC Power	Performance state will be chosen based on CPU demand
	Using Battery	Always runs at lower performance state



- Note that the Power schemes includes other power management settings (such as a timer for System standby, etc.) appearing on the Power Schemes tab. Confirm those settings are set to appropriate values when you select the processor performance using power schemes facility.
- A new option of the Power Scheme may be added according to the

*applications installed in the computer.*

- You can set your own Power scheme. Follow these steps to save the settings.
  1. Set all power management settings to your suitable ones.
  2. Click Save as....
  3. Type an appropriate name.
  4. Click OK.
- If the USB speaker or USB headphone produces noise, select Always runs at highest performance state.

*Once the preinstalled Power Scheme settings listed on the previous page are deleted, there is no way but re-installation to retrieve them.*



## Using System Standby/Hibernate

System standby/hibernate is a very useful power management tool. For example, after the computer has entered the system standby mode, you can restart the computer more quickly when compared to restarting after a normal shutdown operation. When the computer resumes from the system standby/hibernate, the system restores the exact last state of the computer. In Windows, the *System standby* and *System hibernate* are defined as following:

- *System standby* stores the current condition of the computer in RAM and stops power supply to all but a few essential components. Your system enters and resumes from the system standby per the conditions mentioned later. In the system standby, the power indicator blinks green and the power button blinks blue. To resume from the system standby, press any key.
- *System hibernate* saves the current condition of the computer in part of the hard disk and turns off the computer. Your system enters and resumes from the system hibernate per the conditions mentioned later. In the system hibernate the power indicator is off. To resume from the system hibernate, press the power button.



*When entering/resuming from the system standby/hibernate, follow these instructions:*

- *Finish communications, printing, and playing music or video before entering the system standby/hibernate.*
- *Do not operate the computer or peripheral devices, or connect/disconnect peripheral devices, while entering/resuming from the system standby/hibernate.*
- *Save your data before the computer enters the system standby. If the power supply to the computer is stopped, the RAM contents will be lost.*



Select your user account if Windows requires when the computer resumes from the system standby/hibernate.

2

## Supporting System Hibernate



If your battery becomes completely discharged during the system standby, you will lose unsaved data and will need to reboot the computer. Therefore, if you are planning to leave the computer powered by battery for long periods of time, we recommend the system hibernate.

Confirm that the system hibernate is supported with the following steps.

1. In the *Power Options Properties* dialog box, select the *Hibernate* tab.
2. Confirm the box of *Enable hibernation* is checked.
3. Click *OK*.
4. Close the *Control Panel* window.

## Set Timer to Enter System Standby/Hibernate Automatically

The computer will enter the system standby/hibernate automatically when the specified time has passed without any operation. To set the time:

1. In the *Power Options Properties* dialog box, select the *Power Schemes* tab.
2. From the pull-down menu of the *System standby* or/and *System hibernates*, select the elapsed time before the computer automatically enters the system standby/hibernate.
3. Click *OK*.
4. Close the *Control Panel* window.

## Entering System Standby/Hibernate

The computer enters the system standby/hibernate in each of the following cases:

- You select Stand By or Hibernate (which will replace *Stand By* if you press **Shift** key) in the *Turn off computer* dialog box. To open the dialog box, click *start – Turn Off Computer*.

- The specified time in the *System Standby* or *System hibernates* in the *Power Schemes* tab of the *Power Options Properties* dialog box has passed without any operation. (See the previous section.)

- The screen cover is closed.

The above functions if you perform the following:

1. In the *Power Options Properties* dialog box, select the *Advanced* tab.
2. Select *Hibernate* or *Stand by* in the *When I close the lid of my portable computer* field.
3. Click *OK*.
4. Close the *Control Panel* window.

- You press the power button

The above functions if you perform the following:

1. In the *Power Options Properties* dialog box, select the *Advanced* tab.
2. Select *Hibernate* or *Stand by* in the *When I press the power button on my computer* field.
3. Click *OK*.
4. Close the *Control Panel* window.

- You press the Fn+F12 (Fn+F12)

The above functions if you perform the following:

1. In the *Power Options Properties* dialog box, select the *Advanced* tab.
2. Select *Hibernate* or *Stand by* in the *When I press the sleep button on my computer* field.
3. Click *OK*.
4. Close the *Control Panel* window.



*If Ask me what to do is selected in the step 2 of You press the power button or You press Fn+F12 (Fn+F12), the Turn off computer dialog box will appear when you press the power button or the Fn+F12 (Fn+F12) key combination. You can select System standby or System hibernate at that timing.*

- The battery level is low.

The above functions if you set the alarm in Windows. See the *Low Battery Indication* section earlier in this chapter.

---

## Disabling Power Management

1. In the *Power Options Properties* dialog box, select the *Power Schemes* tab.
2. Set *Turn off monitor*, *Turn off hard disks*, *System standby*, and *System hibernates* to *Never*, then, click *OK*.
3. Close the *Control Panel* window.

## *Peripherals*

This chapter describes how to use peripheral devices with the computer. You can connect an optional floppy disk drive unit, a printer, an external monitor, a PC card, an IEEE1394 device or other devices to the computer. To ensure proper use, be sure to read the instructions for each peripheral device before connecting it to the computer.

### **Peripheral Device Ports**

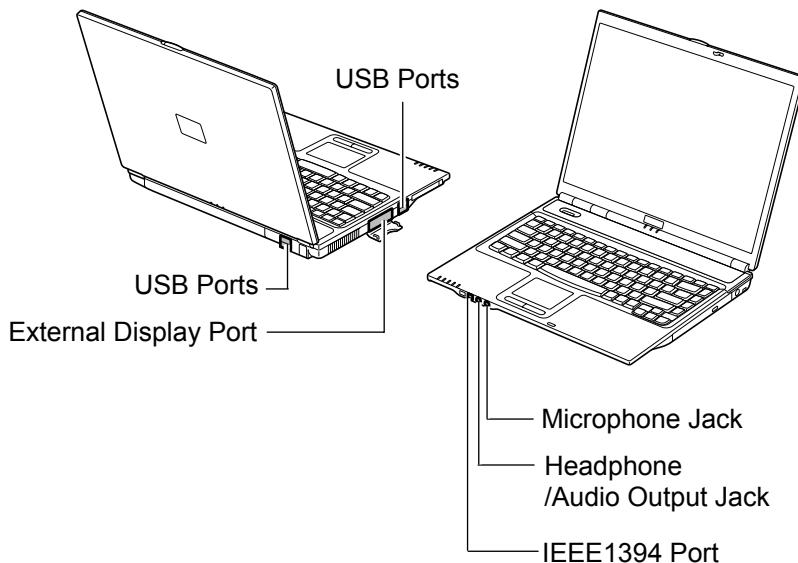
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The computer has connection ports for the peripheral devices shown on the next page. For connection, refer to the section explaining each device, or contact your dealer.

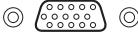


- *Be sure to turn off the computer and the peripheral devices before connecting them (except when connecting/inserting a USB device, a PC card, an IEEE1394 device, etc.).*
- *Confirm the peripheral devices you will connect are Windows XP compatible.*
- *When you connect some of the devices, you may have to turn on the computer before powering on the devices.*
- *Some devices require that you install the appropriate drivers before use.*

## 3 Connection Ports for Peripherals



### Port Design

Port name	Port Design
USB Port	
External Display Port	
Headphone / Audio Output Jack	
Microphone Jack	
IEEE1394 Port	

# Optional External Floppy Disk Drive Unit

You can use double-density (2DD) 720KB or high-density (2HD) 1.44MB floppy disks with the optional external floppy disk drive unit (CD-FD05).



- *1.44MB (2HD) disks are appropriate for the drive unit.*
- *There are restrictions in using 720KB (2DD) disks. Refer to the Trouble with Floppy Disks section in the Troubleshooting in this manual.*

## Connecting Optional External Floppy Disk Drive Unit

3

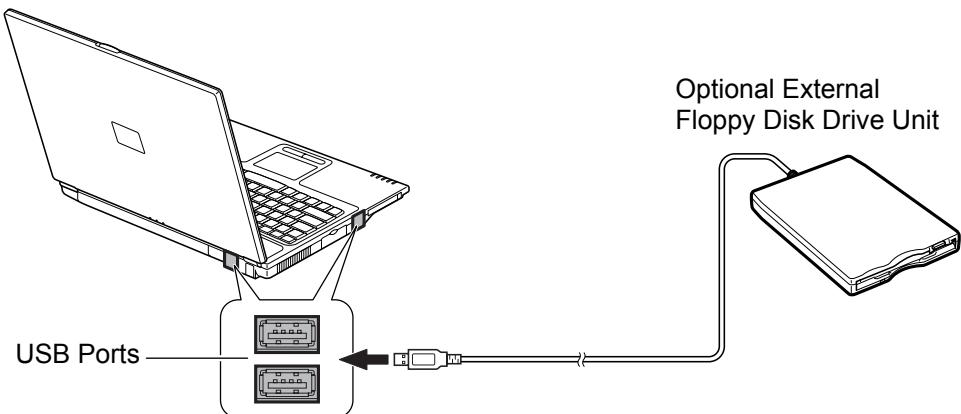


- *Do not place the floppy disk drive unit on its side or upside down.*
- *Do not press on the floppy disk drive unit. It may damage the drive or cause malfunction.*
- *Do not place the AC adapter on the floppy disk drive unit. It may cause the drive to malfunction.*

Connect the floppy disk drive unit cable to one of the USB ports on the computer.



*When connecting the cable to one of the USB ports, be sure to let the USB mark (↔) side down.*

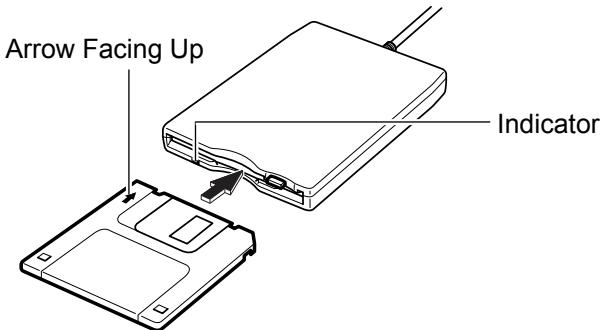


## Handling Floppy Disk

- Do not open the shutter and touch the disk inside; otherwise, you will not be able to read or write data to the disk.
- Do not place floppy disks near magnets or heat source, in direct sunlight or in a dusty place, etc.
- Never subject a disk to sudden shocks or extreme vibration. Do not drop, bend, or place heavy objects on a disk.
- Do not spill liquid onto a disk.

## Inserting Floppy Disk

Hold the floppy disk with the arrow facing up, toward the drive. Slide the disk into the drive until it locks into place.



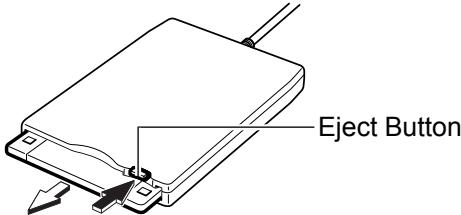
- Always insert a floppy disk straight into the floppy disk drive.
- When inserting the disk, make sure it is not upside down.
- Do not use excessive force when inserting the floppy disk. If you have difficulty inserting or removing disks, consult an authorized service technician.
- Do not touch the disk while reading/writing data. It may cause malfunction of the computer and the drive.

## Ejecting Floppy Disk



*Before ejecting the floppy disk, make sure the indicator of the floppy disk drive unit is not lit.*

Press the eject button firmly. The disk pops out slightly. Eject it and store it properly.



3

## Formatting Floppy Disk

1. Make sure the floppy disk is not write-protected, and insert it into the floppy disk drive.
2. Click *start – My Computer*.
3. Right-click *3 ½ Floppy (A:)* icon; then, click *Format...* from the pop-up menu.
4. Select the appropriate formatting options.
5. Click *Start* to start formatting.



- When you format a floppy disk that already contains data, all of the data stored on the disk will be lost.
- You cannot format double-density (2DD) floppy disks.

## Removing Optional External Floppy Disk Drive Unit

To remove the unit, you need to perform the following steps before you remove it.

1. Click the *Safely Remove Hardware* icon (USB) on the taskbar.
2. Click *Safely remove Mitsumi USB Floppy – Drive(A:)*; then, *Safe To Remove Hardware* dialog appears.
3. Remove the unit from the computer.

# External Display

You can use an external monitor with the computer. To display the images on both displays simultaneously, use the 1024x768 resolution.

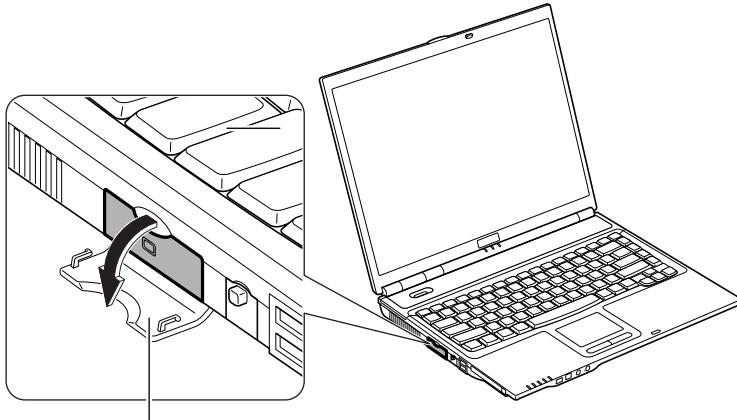


- *Some monitors, which are not compatible with the computer, may not display correctly.*
- *In this section, you often see the expression “Display Properties dialog box.” To open the dialog box, right-click somewhere on the Windows desktop and select Properties from the pop-up menu.*
- *To display the image on an external monitor, you may need to install its drive. Before using the external monitor, refer to the manual included with it.*

3

## Connecting External Monitor

1. Turn off the computer and the external monitor.
2. Open the display port cover.

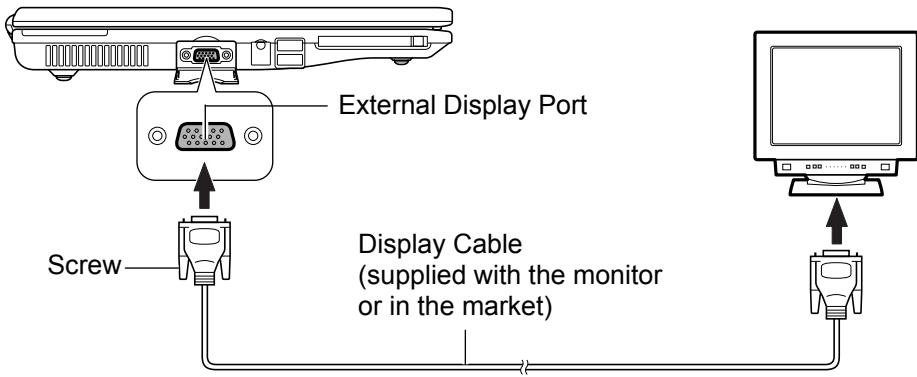


Display Port Cover



*Be sure to close the display port cover when the external display port is not used.*

3. Connect one end of the display cable to the external display port, then, the other end of the display cable to your external monitor. If the display cable has screws, be sure to tighten them.



4. Turn on the external monitor; then, the computer.

## Switching Display

1. In the *Display Properties* dialog box, select the *Settings* tab; then, click the *Advanced* button.
2. Select the *S3Display* tab; then, check the box of the desired output display(s) and click *OK*.
3. Click *OK* in the confirmation window.
4. Click *Yes* in the confirmation window.
5. Click *OK*.
6. Close the dialog box.



- You can also switch the display with the **Fn+F5** (  ) keys.
- When displaying on both of the LCD monitor and the external monitor simultaneously, the external monitor should be capable for displaying in 1024x768 resolution or more. Otherwise, the external monitor may not display images properly.
- While playing video or animation, you may not be able to switch the display.

---

## Extending Image onto External Monitor



- While the image is being extended, you cannot use the **Fn+F5** (□) keys.
- Only the LCD display can be the primary monitor.

To extend the image on the LCD onto the external monitor:

1. In the *Settings* tab of the *Display Properties* dialog box, select the “2” display icon, and then, check the box of *Extend my Windows desktop onto this monitor*.
2. Click *OK*, then, follow the instructions shown on the screen.

To stop extending the image, clear the box of *Extend my Windows desktop onto this monitor* in the step 1.

3

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## Disconnecting External Monitor

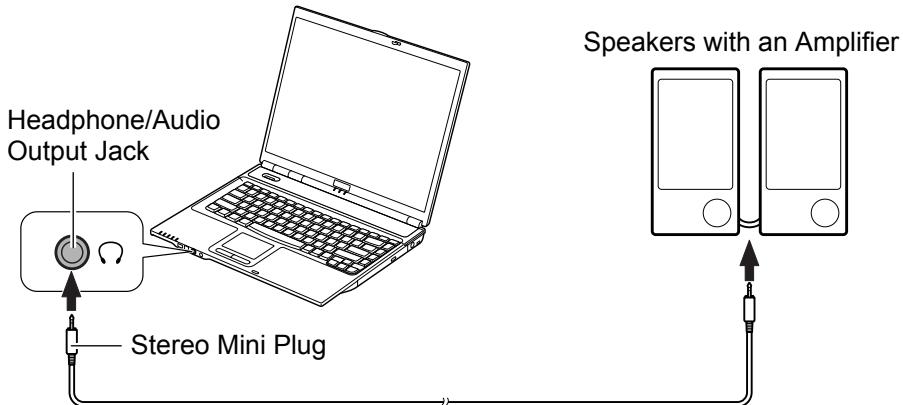
1. Turn off the computer and the external monitor.
2. Remove the display cable from the computer.
3. Close the display port cover.

# Audio System

You can output sound to speakers, audio equipment or headphones and also input sound through a microphone.

## Connecting Speaker

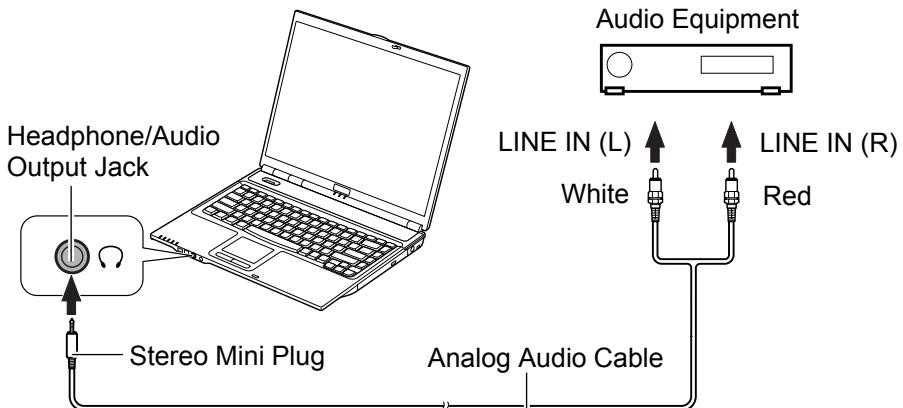
You can connect stereo speakers with an amplifier to the audio output jack on the computer.



3

## Connecting Audio Equipment

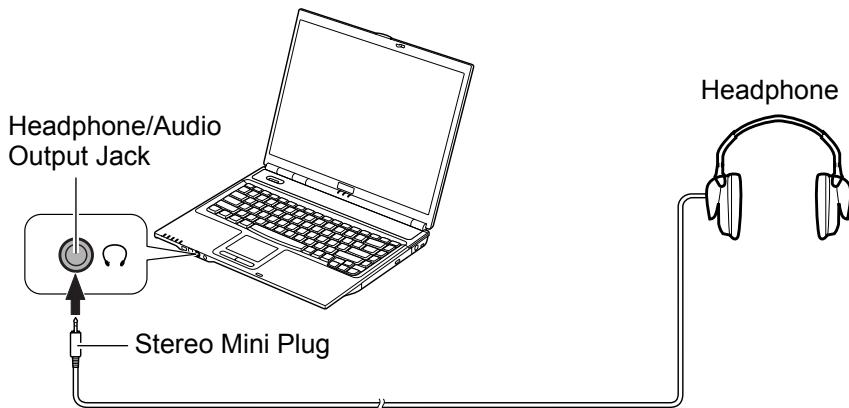
You can connect analog audio equipment to the audio output jack on the computer.



You can adjust the output volume on Windows by clicking the speaker symbol on the taskbar or use the **Fn+F3** (▼) or **F4** (▲) keys combination.

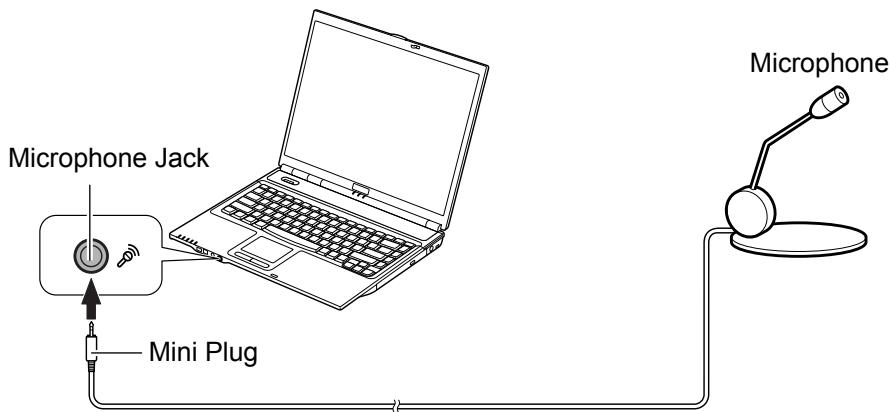
## 3 Connecting Headphone

Use the headphone with an impedance of  $8\Omega$  or more. ( $32\Omega$  is recommended.)



## 4 Connecting Microphone

You can input sound using an external microphone connected to the microphone jack. Use an electret condenser microphone with an impedance of  $1.5k\Omega$  through  $2.4k\Omega$  and an allowable voltage of  $2.5V$ .



# USB Device

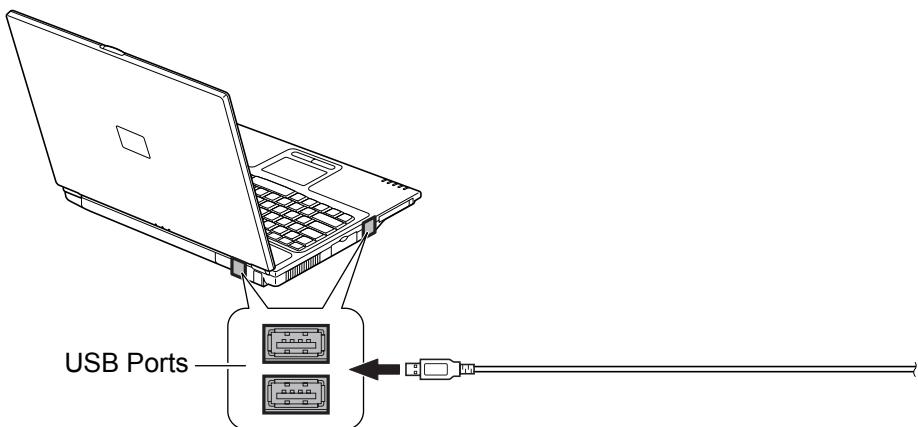
The computer has an interface called Universal Serial Bus (USB). Its four USB ports support USB1.1 and USB2.0. With a USB connection, you can connect/disconnect peripherals without turning off the computer. Generally, when you connect a device to the computer, the necessary driver will be installed automatically. See also the manuals of peripheral devices supporting USB.



*When connecting the cable to one of the USB ports, be sure to let the USB mark (↔) side down.*



*When a new device is correctly connected to the computer, the appropriate driver is automatically installed. If the driver is not installed correctly, you will see the message on the screen. In this case, install the driver following the instructions on the screen.*



To remove the USB devices, you may need to perform the following instructions.

1. Click *Safely Remove Hardware* icon (USB icon) on the taskbar. If you cannot find the icon, click  to show all kinds of icons. If the icon does not appear, go to the step 3.
2. Click *Safely remove xxxx* (xxxx is the name of your USB device); then, the *Safe To Remove Hardware* dialog appears.
3. Remove the device from the computer.

# PC Card

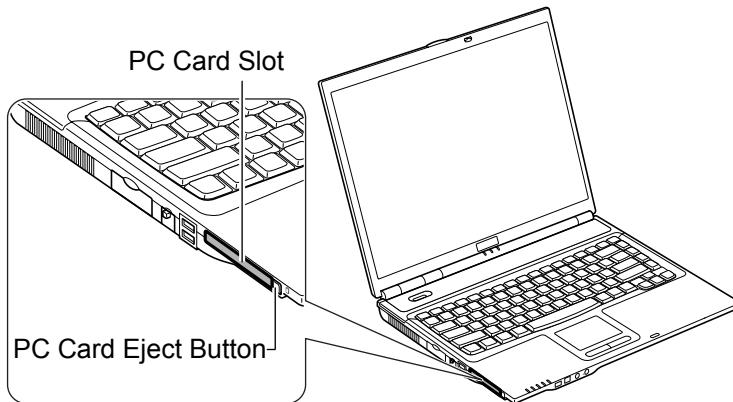
The computer is equipped with a PC card (supporting PC Card Standard, CardBus compliant) slot, which can accommodate a Type II card. You can insert/eject the card without turning off the computer. Before inserting a PC card into the slot, refer to its manual.

## Inserting PC Card

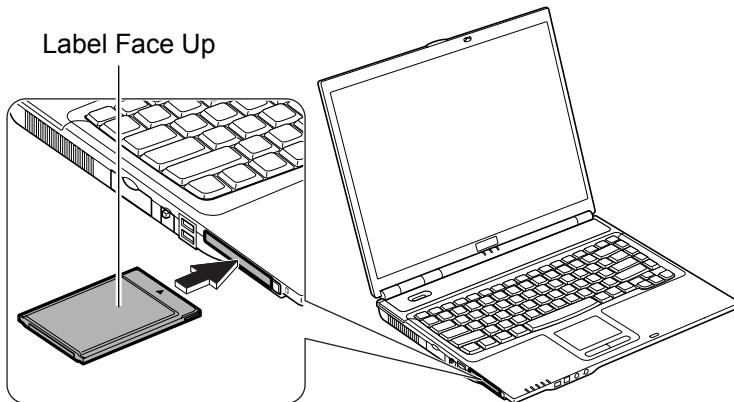
3

- When a new card is correctly inserted, the appropriate driver is automatically installed. If the driver is not installed correctly, you will see the message on the screen. In this case, install the PC card driver by following the instructions on the screen.
- When you insert a protruding card such as wireless networking card:
  - Do not give force to the card; otherwise the computer may be damaged.
  - Do not carry the computer with the card inserted.

1. Confirm the PC card eject button is inside the computer cabinet. If the button is not inside the computer cabinet, push it back into the cabinet.



2. Insert a PC card into the slot with the label face up until it locks into place.



If the dialog box asking you *What do you want Windows to do?* appears, select the task you want.

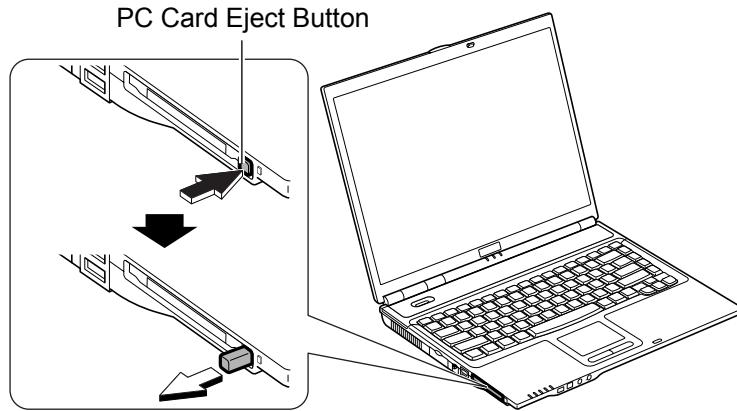
## Ejecting PC Card



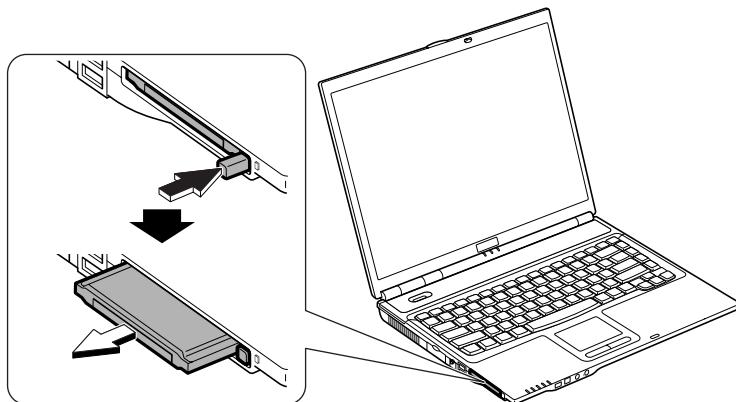
- Some PC cards may become hot after long use. Be careful when removing the card from the PC card slot.
- Be sure to use the procedure below when ejecting the PC card. Otherwise, the data on the PC card may be cleared or the system may not work properly.

1. Click *Safely Remove Hardware* icon (  ) on the taskbar. If you cannot find the icon, click  to show all kinds of icons.
2. Click *Safely remove xxxx* (xxxx is the name of your PC card); then, the *Safe To Remove Hardware* dialog appears.

3. Push the PC card eject button so that it will pop out from the side of the computer.



4. Push the PC card eject button until the inserted PC card pops out; then, remove it.



5. Push the PC card eject button all the way inside the cabinet for safekeeping.

# Printer

You can connect a USB printer to any of the USB ports on the computer.



*Before using a printer, read the printer manual and install the printer driver.*

## Connecting Printer

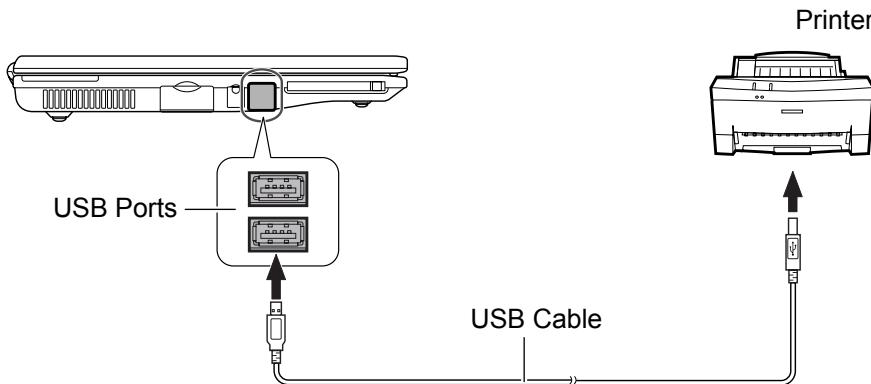


*When connecting the cable to one of the USB ports, be sure to let the USB mark (←) side down.*



*Be sure to read the printer manual before connecting a USB printer to the computer. Some printer may not use the Found New Hardware wizard to install the printer driver.*

You can connect the USB printer to the computer without turning off the computer.



To remove the printer from the computer, refer to the steps in the *USB Device* section.

# IEEE1394 Device

You can connect an IEEE1394 device to the computer. The IEEE1394 is a digital interface for handling digital video, digital audio and other data in two directions between the devices, and also controlling other equipments.

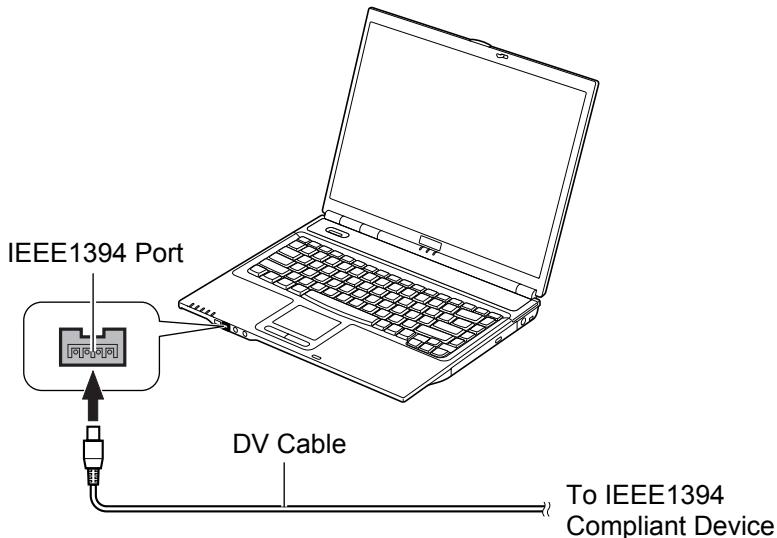
When two or more IEEE1394 compatible devices are connected to the computer in a daisy chain, operations and data transactions are possible with not only the equipment that is directly connected, but also other devices via the directly connected device.

- *Confirm the IEEE1394 device to be connected is Windows XP compatible.*
- *Use AC power for the computer and the IEEE1394 device especially when reading/writing the data.*
- *Some IEEE1394 devices require that you install the drivers before use.*

## 3 Connecting IEEE1394 Device

- *You can connect the device with the computer powered on.*
- *Be sure to read the manual(s) of the IEEE1394 device.*

1. Connect one end of the DV cable into the IEEE1394 port of the computer and the other end into the DV connector of the IEEE1394 device.



2. Install the driver according to the instructions on the screen. Generally, the necessary driver will be automatically installed when you connect the device to the computer.
3. Start the appropriate application for handling your data.

---

## Disconnecting IEEE1394 Device

1. Click the *Safely Remove Hardware* icon (  ) on the taskbar. If you cannot find the icon, click  to show all kinds of icons. If the icon does not appear, go to the step3.
2. If the name of your device appears, click *Safely remove xxxx* string (xxxx is the name of your IEEE1394 device.); then, the *Safe To Remove Hardware* dialog appears. If your IEEE1394 device does not appear, skip this step.
3. Remove the DV cable from the computer.

## Communication Functions

This chapter explains how to use the built-in modem, the wired LAN unit, and the wireless LAN function.



- *When you use communication software:*
  - *Connect the computer to the AC power source.*
  - *Disable power management. (Refer to Disabling Power Management of Chapter 2.)*
  - *See also the manual or online help of the software you are using.*
- *The communication speed may vary depending on the traffic, local telecommunications infrastructure, and ISP (Internet Service Provider) infrastructure.*

### Built-in Modem

You can use the built-in modem for data transfer and fax communication.



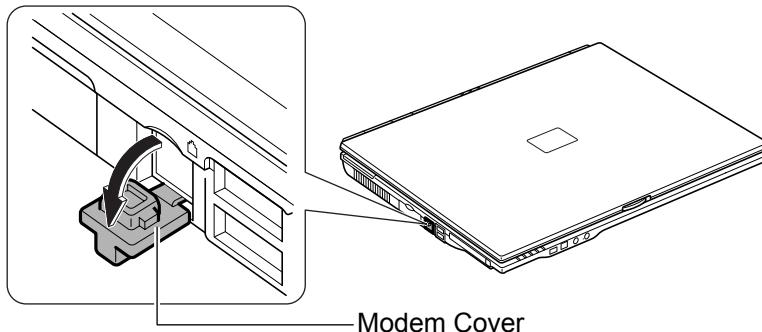
- *The built-in modem on the computer is designed only for regular analog telephone lines. The modem may be damaged when connected to a digital ISDN terminal or a digital PBX.*
- *Use TA (terminal adapter) to connect the built-in modem to a digital telephone line.*
- *If an unusual device is attached to the line you are connecting to, the modem may not function properly. Remove the device or contact the dealer of the device.*
- *Before connecting to a PBX, consult the PBX maintenance staff or its service company. If the electric characteristics of your PBX are different from those of a regular analog line, the modem will not function properly. If you connect the modem to a digital PBX, both the modem and the PBX may be damaged.*



- *Within the communications software you are using, set the COM port of the built-in modem to COM 3 and modem name to SmartLink 56K Modem if required.*
- *Before commencing with fax communication, it is recommended that you exit other application programs.*

## Connecting Modem to Telephone Line

1. Turn off the computer.
2. Open the cover of the modem jack on the left side of the computer.

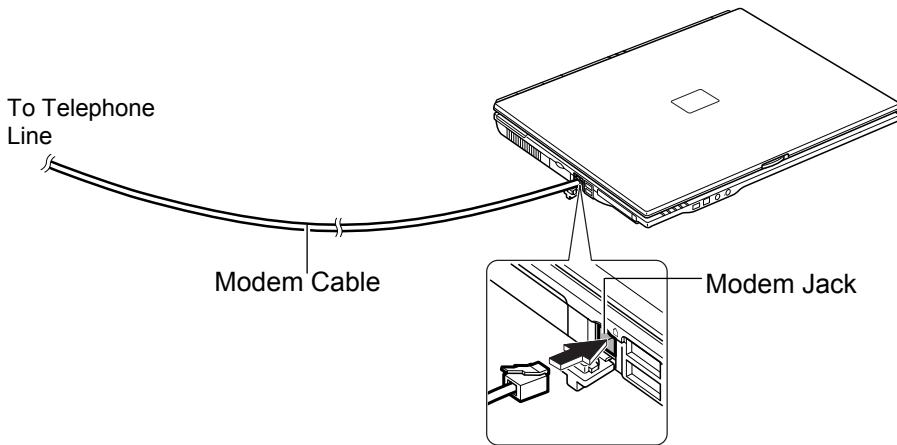


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*To avoid damaging the modem, close the modem cover after you finish using the built-in modem.*

3. Connect the modem cable to the modem jack and the telephone line.



*Be sure not to insert the modem cable into the LAN jack on the rear side of the computer. It may damage the LAN jack and the modem cable.*



*Connect the modem to the telephone line directly. Do not use a distributor or allotter.*

4. Turn on the computer.

## Configuring Modem

You may have already configured your modem during Windows setup process. Otherwise, make the necessary adjustments as shown below.

### Modem Configuration

When you use the modem first time, you must type your location's information.

1. Click *start – Control Panel – Printers and Other Hardware*; then, *Phone and Modem Options*. If the Classic view is selected, double-click the *Phone and Modem Options* icon.
2. In the *Location Information* dialog box, select your country, type your area code, etc. and select your dial type; then, click *OK*.

After the configuration, click or double-click the *Phone and Modem Options* (icon) to open the *Phone and Modem Options* dialog box and double-click the location name in the *Locations* field of the *Dialing Rules* tab for the information you set above.

Clicking *Edit...* or *New...* allows you to make a new location or change the settings.

### Internet Connection

Windows XP has a special Internet connection wizard to help you to connect to the Internet with ease.



- *If you plan to connect into the Internet and dial an Internet Service Provider (ISP) through the modem, have your account information and dial-up number ready before you begin the wizard.*
- *Once you set your connection, you can see or edit the connection status by double-clicking the icon appearing on the Dial-up field of the Network Connections dialog box.*

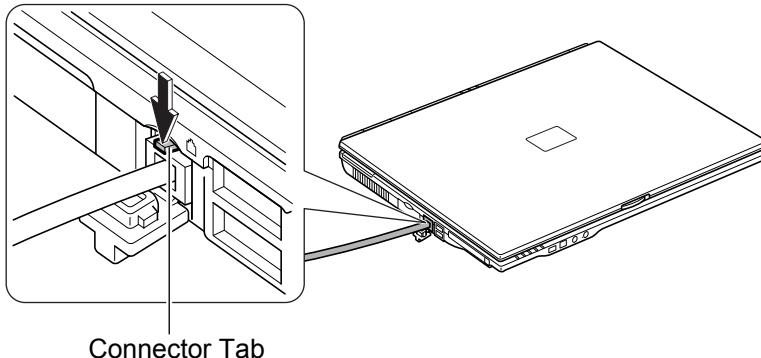
1. Click *start – Control Panel - Network and Internet Connections*; then, *Network Connections*. If the Classic view is selected, double-click the *Network Connections* icon.
2. In the *Network Connections* dialog box, click *Create a new connection* of the *Network Tasks* section. The *New Connection Wizard* dialog box will appear.
3. Follow the instructions on the screen.

## Removing Modem Cable



*Before pulling the modem cable out of the modem jack, be sure to release the connector of the modem cable by pressing the connector tab. Excessive force may damage the tab.*

1. Turn off the computer.
2. Press and hold the connector tab of the modem cable and then, pull out the cable.



3. Close the modem jack cover.

# LAN Unit

You can connect to a LAN (Local Area Network) with a 100 Base-TX or 10 Base-T LAN unit on the computer. To activate the LAN unit, perform the following steps.



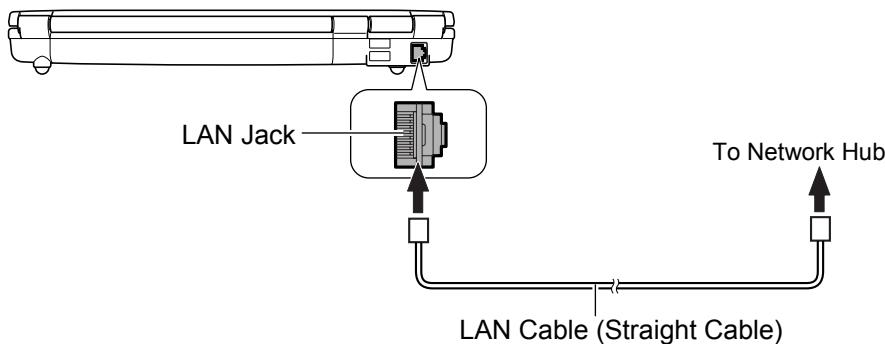
*Never insert any cables, but a LAN cable, which have different electric characteristics from those of the LAN cable. Otherwise, the LAN unit and the cables may be damaged.*



*Use a category 3 or a category 5 LAN cable when connecting to 10 BASE-T LAN, and the category 5 only when connecting to 100 BASE-TX LAN.*

## Connecting Your Computer to LAN

1. Turn off the computer.
2. Connect the LAN cable to the LAN jack and the network hub.



4



*Do not insert the modem cable into the LAN jack. It may damage the modem cable and the LAN jack.*



*You can also directly communicate with another computer using a cross LAN cable.*

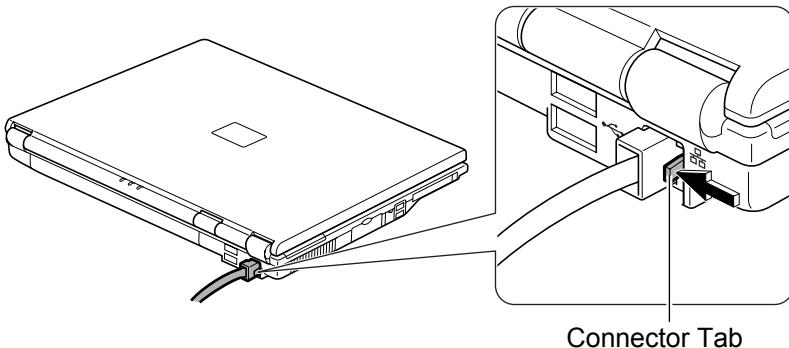
3. Turn on the computer.

## Removing LAN cable



*Before pulling the LAN cable out of the LAN jack, be sure to release the connector of the LAN cable by pressing the connector tab. Excessive force may damage the tab.*

1. Turn off the computer.
2. Press and hold the connector tab of the LAN cable and then, pull out the cable.



4

## Configuring LAN Unit

1. Click *start - Control Panel*.
2. Click *Network and Internet Connections*; then, *Network Connections*. If the Classic view is selected, double-click the *Network Connections* icon.
3. Right-click *Local Area Connection*.
4. From the pop-up menu, click *Properties*.
5. In the *Local Area Connection Properties* dialog box, set the network setting according to the instruction of your network administrator.



*Make sure to log on the computer as a member of the Computer administrators group. Otherwise, you cannot set or change some settings for the LAN unit.*

If you cannot access the network,

1. Click *start - Control Panel*.
2. Click *Performance and Maintenance*; then, *System*. If the Classic view is selected, double-click the *System* icon.
3. Click the *Hardware* tab; then, the *Device Manager* button.

4. Double-click *Network adapters*, then, *VIA Rhine II Fast Ethernet Adapter*.
5. Click the *Advanced* tab, and select *Connection Type* in the *Property* list and select an appropriate value in the *Value* pull-down menu.
6. Click *OK* and close the *Device Manager* window.
7. Click *OK* and close the *Control Panel* window.

---

## Configuring Network Settings

You can configure your network settings in various manners according to network environments. This section provides one of them with the following conditions.

- Two computers, which do not have Internet connections, are connected directly each other with a cross LAN cable.
- The two computers are running on Windows XP.
- The *Network Setup Wizard* is used for network configuration.

### Configuring Network Settings of Computer



*Prior to configuring, be sure to connect the two computers with a cross LAN cable.*

1. Click *start – Control Panel – Network and Internet Connections – Network Setup Wizard*. The *Network Setup Wizard* dialog box will open.
2. Click *Next*.
3. Click *Next* again.



*When a message “The wizard found disconnected network hardware.” appears:*

- *With the Local Area Connection string displayed in the Connections field, click Cancel to quit the wizard and confirm the other computer is powered on or the both computers are connected correctly with a cross cable.*
- *Otherwise, check the box of Ignore disconnected network hardware and then, click Next.*

4. Select *Other* and click *Next*.
5. Select the third option, *This computer belongs to a network that does not have an Internet connection*, and click *Next*.

6. Select the second choice, *Let me choose the connections to my network*, and click *Next*.



*When the message Give this computer a description and name appears, go to the step 9.*

7. Clear all boxes except that of *Local Area Connection*.



*Confirm only the box of Local Area Connection is checked.*

8. Click *Next*.

9. Input *Computer description* if necessary and *Computer name*, then, click *Next*.



*The Computer name should be unique. Type a name that is different from that of the other computer.*

10. Type a *Workgroup name* and click *Next*.



*The Workgroup name should be same as that of the other computer.*

11. Select *Turn on file and printer sharing* and then, click *Next*.

12. Click *Next*. The network configuration will start.

13. Select the forth option, *Just finish the wizard; I don't need to run the wizard on other computers*, and click *Next*.

14. Click *Finish*, then, *Yes*. The computer will restart.

## **Changing Your Computer Name or Workgroup Name**

When you need to change the computer name or workgroup name, follow these instructions.

1. Click *start – My Computer*.

2. Click *View system information* in the *System Tasks* field. The *System Properties* dialog box will open.

3. Click the *Computer Name* tab and the *Change...* button. The *Computer Name Changes* dialog box will appear.
4. Type the *Computer name* and the *Workgroup* and then, click *OK*.
5. Click *OK* twice and *Yes*. The computer will restart.

---

## Sharing Files and Folders

You can share files and folders on each computer when they are permitted to share. With the function you can copy documents stored on your desktop computer to your notebook computer or display data on the computer and the other computer.

### Sharing Files and Folders

This section provides how to share a folder on the network. With these steps you can also share a drive.

1. Right-click a folder to be shared and click *Sharing and Security....* The *XXX Properties* dialog box will open. (XXX is the folder's name.)
2. Check the box of *Share this folder on the network*. Confirm the name typed in the *Share name* field is the folder name to be shared.



*When you have not used the Network Setup Wizard or shared any folders or drivers before, follow these instructions to enable file sharing.*

1. *Click* If you understand the security risks but want to share files without running the wizard, click here in the Network Sharing and Security section. The Enable File Sharing dialog box will appear.
2. *Select* Just enable file sharing and click *OK*.
3. *Check* the box of Share this folder on the network and type the folder name to be shared in the Share name field.

3. Click the *View your Windows Firewall settings* string.



*When the string is not shown in the dialog box, go to the step 6.*

4. Click the *Exceptions* tab and check the box of *File and Printer Sharing*.
5. Click *OK*.

6. Click *OK*.



*A sharing symbol (☞) will be added to the icon of the shared folder.*

## **Copying Shared File**

1. Click *start – Control Panel*.
2. Click *Network and Internet Connections*; then, *Network Connections*. If the Classic view is selected, double-click the *Network Connections* icon.
3. Click *My Network Places* in the *Other Places* field located on the left.
4. Click *View workgroup computers* in the *Network Tasks* field. All the icons of computers belonging to the same workgroup will appear.
5. Double-click the icon of the other computer. The shared folder(s) will appear.
6. Double-click the shared folder. When a password is required, type it.
7. Drag and drop the desired file to the desktop of your computer. The file is copied on your computer.
8. Close the window.

# Wireless LAN

The computer has an integrated wireless LAN function compliant with IEEE 802.11g and IEEE 802.11b standards.



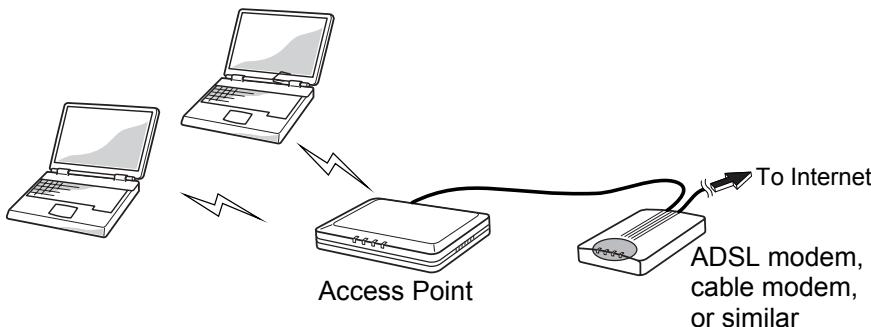
- *The computer can communicate with wireless devices supporting IEEE 802.11g or IEEE 802.11b. Note that there are some devices the computer cannot communicate with even if they support IEEE 802.11g or IEEE 802.11b.*
- *The computer cannot communicate with wireless devices only supporting IEEE 802.11a.*
- *The range to give reliable performance and the quality of connection varies depending on the environment where you perform.*

## Wireless LAN Modes

There are two kinds of wireless LAN modes: Infrastructure mode and Ad Hoc mode.

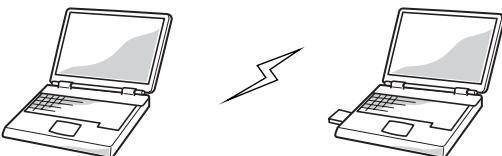
### Access Point (Infrastructure) Mode

Infrastructure mode refers to a wireless network in which wireless devices communicate with each other through an access point (AP). Wireless devices can communicate with each other or can communicate with a wired network through AP.



## Ad Hoc Mode

Ad Hoc mode refers to a type of network that consists of multiple computers each equipped with a wireless networking interface. Each computer can communicate directly with other wireless enabled computer.



*The data is transmitted according to the IEEE 802.11b in ad-hoc mode.*



4

## Security Measures

Since wireless LAN provides data transfer using electric waves instead of LAN cables between communicating devices, a third party can illegally access to and monitor the transmitted information. The following security measures reduce opportunities to receive the threats. Use a combination of the following measures for more secure communications.



*See the Notice of Security with Wireless Devices section on page xiv.*

### Authentication

The following may help you to protect your important data from illegal access.

- **SSID (Service Set Identifier)**

“SSID” is a common network name. An SSID acts as a password that is shared with all connecting wireless devices, resulting in preventing access by any device that does not have the SSID. Set a same SSID on the computer and an access point which you are using. To enhance the security, rely on a combination of the SSID and WEP or WPA security. (For details on configuration of the access point, refer to its manual.)

## ● **MAC (Media Access Control) address filtering**

MAC addresses are unique addresses on the network, which are assigned to the computer's network interface cards. An access point allows access by only devices if their MAC addresses match the addresses in an authentication list used by the access point. Register your MAC address with the access point which you are using. (For more information, refer to the manual of the access point.)



*To confirm the MAC address of the computer;*

1. *Click start – All Programs – Accessories – Command Prompt.*
2. *Type ipconfig/all and press Enter.*
3. *Confirm the numbers of Physical Address in the Ethernet adapter Wireless Network Connection field.*
4. *Type exit and press Enter.*

## ● **WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)**

The computer supports WPA, a wireless LAN security standard increasing the level of data protection and access control compared to WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) encryption. To use the WPA security, a WPA-enabled access point is required. To implement user authentication, one of the security enhancements of WPA, an authentication server is needed. For details on WPA features, consult your network administrator or the manual of the access point which you are using.

## **Encryption**

The computer provides new encryption mechanisms, TKIP and AES, as well as the WEP. All of the TKIP, AES and WEP techniques can transmit encrypted data to make illegal interception more difficult.



- *To use the WEP functions, your communication partner must support the functions.*
- *To utilize TKIP, the access point which you are using must support TKIP.*
- *To utilize AES, the access point which you are using must support AES.*

## ● **WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy)**

WEP relies on an encryption key that is shared between a wireless device and an access point. The key is used to encrypt data and decrypt the transmitted data.



- The computer supports 128-bit and 64-bit WEP keys.
- For enhancement of security, the encryption keys should be periodically changed.

- **TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol)**

TKIP provides an improved data encryption, which was weak in WEP. The TKIP encryption automatically generates a new unique encryption key periodically for each device to avoid the same key staying in use for weeks as they do with WEP.

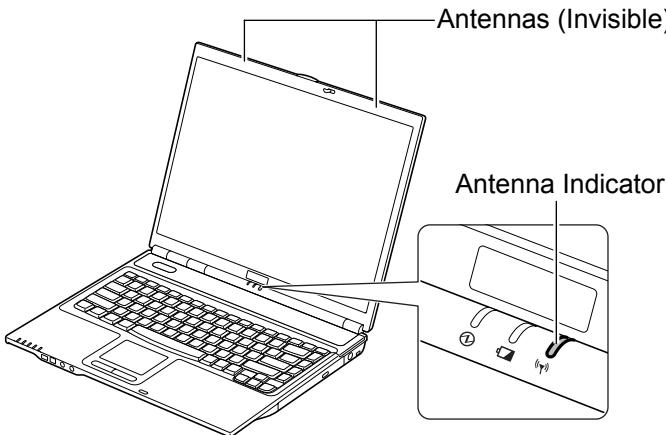
- **AES (Advanced Encryption Standard)**

AES is a stronger form of encryption than is found in the WPA protocol and is the security standard approved by US Government organizations.

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## 4 Activating Antenna

To communicate through wireless LAN, the integrated antennas must be activated. You can enable/disable the antennas by pressing the **Fn+F1** (¶) key combination. When the antenna indicator (¶) lights green, the antennas are enabled. When the indicator light is off, they are disabled.



---

*Disable the antennas on airplanes and in specific place where radio-susceptible equipment is nearby such as medical electrical equipment. Electric waves generated from the antennas may affect the devices and cause malfunction of the devices.*

---

## Connecting to Network via an Access Point

You can connect the computer to the Internet or a wired network via an access point supporting IEEE 802.11g or IEEE 802.11b. You need to configure your access point for IP address, DNS server address, and gateway address. Refer to the manual of the access point or consult your network administrator if you are not sure.

This section describes how to configure the computer for wireless communications.

### Configuring Wireless LAN Setting



*The configuring process is an example. Some access points require the specific IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and DNS server. Refer to the manual of the access point.*

1. Click *start – Control Panel*.
2. Click *Network and Internet Connections – Network Connections*. If the Classic view is selected, double-click *Network Connections*.
3. Select *Wireless Network Connection*; then, click *Change settings of this connection of Network Tasks*.
4. Double-click *Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)* in *This connection uses the following items*.
5. Confirm the radio buttons of *Obtain an IP address automatically* and *Obtain DNS server address automatically* are selected. If not, select them.



- *According the access point to be connected, the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and DNS server need to be set.*
- *This step will remove the existing IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and DNS server if they have been already assigned. Write down the information before you perform this step.*

6. Click the *Advanced* button.
7. Confirm the *Default gateways* section is emptied. If not, remove the gateway address.



*According the access point to be connected, the Default gateways needs to be set.*

8. Click *OK* each time you close the dialog boxes.
9. Close the *Network Connections* window.

## Connecting to Network

This section describes how to connect to a WEP enabled access point or WPA-PSK/TKIP capable access point. (WPA-PSK/TKIP refers to WPA with pre-shared key (PSK) with Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) encryption.) For access points with user authentication, consult your network administrator.



*WPA-PSK is a special mode allowing only devices with a matching network key to access the WPA-PSK capable access point.*

Before connecting to wireless network, confirm the access point which you are using is powered on and ready to use. (Refer to its manual.)

1. Confirm the antenna indicator is lit.
2. Right-click the *Wireless Network Connection* icon (Wi-Fi) on the taskbar. If you cannot find the icon click  to show all kinds of icons.
3. Click *View Available Wireless Networks*.
4. Select a network to be connected from the list and then, click *Connect*.
5. Type the correct network key in the fields of *Network key* and *Confirm network key*.

Network keys are generated from ASCII or hexadecimal entries. Refer to the following table for available letters and digits.

	WEP Access Point	WPA-PSK/TKIP or AES Access Point
ASCII format <sup>(*1)</sup>	5 or 13 characters	8 to 63 characters
Hexadecimal format <sup>(*2)</sup>	10 or 26 digits	64 digits

<sup>(\*1)</sup> 0 to 9, a to z, and A to Z (The uppercase and lowercase letters are distinguished.)

<sup>(\*2)</sup> 0 to 9, a to f, and A to F (The uppercase and lowercase letters are not distinguished.)



*When you select a network that is not configured for encryption settings, the caution message appears. Read the message carefully. Although you can connect to the network by clicking Connect Anyway, security is not ensured. Select a security configured network.*

## 6. Click *Connect*.



- When the computer successfully connects to the selected access point, the Connected signage will appear in the connected network name field and the Wireless Network Connection icon on the taskbar will change (  ) to (  ).
- Entering an incorrect network key or selecting an inappropriate key index will show the Limited or no connectivity signage in the network name field and the icon on the taskbar will change to (  ). Reenter the correct network key and/or change the key index referring to the Changing Security Mode section on page 4-19.

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## Confirming Status of Wireless Connection

Before performing the following instructions, confirm the devices that you want to communicate with are enabled for wireless LAN.

1. Click the *Wireless Network Connection* icon (  ) on the taskbar. If you cannot find the icon, click  to show all kinds of icon.
2. In the *Wireless Network Connection Status* dialog box, confirm your connection status.



- The number of the green signals (  ) shows the connection quality. The more signals light on, the better quality is given to the computer.
- When the quality of connection is poor, adjust the distance between the computer and other devices or the access point you are communicating with and/or the facing direction of the computer.

3. Click *Close*.

---

## Communicating with Other Computers

This section describes how to communicate between wireless computers with a built-in wireless module or a wireless LAN card installed.

To enable wireless communication between the computers;

- Assign IP address and subnet mask for each computer.
- Set the communication mode to ad hoc.
- Give the same network name (SSID) to each computer.
- Set the encryption key (WEP key).

 TKIP and AES cannot be utilized in ad-hoc mode.

1. Click *start – Control Panel*.
2. Click *Network and Internet Connections – Network Connections*. If Classic view is selected, double-click *Network Connections*.
3. Select *Wireless Network Connection*; then, click *Change settings of this connection of Network Tasks*.
4. Double-click *Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)* in *This connection uses the following items*.
5. In the *Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties* dialog box, select *Use the following IP address* and set the *IP address* to 192.168.1.2 through 192.168.1.254 and the *Subnet mask* to 255.255.255.0; then, click *OK*.
  - *The IP address of each computer should be unique.*
  - *The same subnet mask should be set to all computers.*
  - *The Default gateway can be blank.*

6. Click the *Wireless Networks* tab; then, the *Advanced* button in the lower right of the dialog box. The *Advanced* dialog box appears.
7. Select *Computer-to-computer (ad hoc) networks only*; then, click the *Close* button.
8. Click the *Add...* button in *Preferred networks* of the *Wireless Network Connection Properties* dialog box.
9. Type a name of the network in the *Network name (SSID)* field of the *Wireless Network Properties* dialog box.

 Confirm the computer and other computers are assigned the same Network name.

10. Confirm *Open* is selected in the *Network Authentication* pull-down menu and *WEP* in the *Data encryption* pull-down menu.
11. Clear the checkbox of *The key is provided for me automatically*.
12. Type the same network key as that of the partner in the *Network key* and *Confirm network key* fields.

Network keys are generated from ASCII or hexadecimal entries. Refer to the following table for available letters and digits.

ASCII format <sup>(*1)</sup>	5 or 13 characters
Hexadecimal format <sup>(*2)</sup>	10 or 26 digits

(<sup>\*1</sup>) 0 to 9, a to z, and A to Z (The uppercase and lowercase letters are distinguished.)

(<sup>\*2</sup>) 0 to 9, a to f, and A to F (The uppercase and lowercase letters are not distinguished.)

- *The network key to be typed must be equal to that of the partner(s).*
- *Be sure to match the key index between the computer and the other computer(s). Note some computers have the key index options 0 through 3. Refer to the Key index matching table on the next page.*

13. Click *OK* twice; then, close the *Control Panel* window.
14. Configure the network by setting the name of the computer and workgroup.



- *To communicate with other wireless enabled computers, set the computer name and the workgroup name. The computer name should be unique and the workgroup name should be same as others. (Refer to the Changing Your Computer Name or Workgroup Name section on page 4-8.)*
- *To share the folder(s) on the computer with other computers, refer to the Sharing File and Folders section earlier in this chapter.*

## Changing Security Mode

This section describes how to change the security mode to WEP or WPA-PSK with TKIP or AES.



*When using the user authentication security technology, consult your network administrator for the mode changes.*

### WEP

1. Right-click the *Wireless Network Connection* icon (Wi-Fi, or ) on the taskbar.
2. Select *View Available Wireless Networks*.
3. In the *Related Tasks* field, click *Change the order of preferred networks*.



The Wireless Network Connection Properties dialog box will appear.

4. In the *Preferred networks* field, select the network to be given the security change and then, click *Properties*.
5. Select *Open* in the *Network Authentication* pull-down menu and *WEP* in the *Data encryption* pull-down menu.
6. Clear the box of the *The key is provided for me automatically*.
7. Type the same network key as the other device to be communicated with in the *Network key* and *Confirm network key* fields.



Available letters and digits are following:

ASCII format <sup>(*)1</sup>	5 or 13 characters
Hexadecimal format <sup>(*)2</sup>	10 or 26 digits

<sup>(\*)1</sup> 0 to 9, a to z, and A to Z (The uppercase and lowercase letters are distinguished.)

<sup>(\*)2</sup> 0 to 9, a to f, and A to F (The uppercase and lowercase letters are not distinguished.)

8. If necessary, change the key index in the *key index* fields.



- The *key index* options of the computer are 1 through 4.
- Some access points and computers have the options 0 through 3. Refer to the table below for matching.

#### Key index matching table

Access Point 1 /Computer 1	Access Point 2 /Computer 2	Your computer
1	0	1
2	1	2
3	2	3
4	3	4

(ex. When your access point type is "Access Point 2" and its key index is set to 0, set 1 to the key index of your computer.)

9. Click *OK* twice and close the *Wireless Network Connection Properties* dialog box.

## WPA-PSK with TKIP or AES

1. Follow the steps 1 to 4 in the *WEP* section above.
2. Select *WPA-PSK* in the *Network Authentication* pull-down menu and *TKIP* or *AES* in the *Data encryption* pull-down menu.
3. Type the same network key as the other device to be communicated with in the *Network key* and *Confirm network key* fields.



*Available letters and digits are following:*

ASCII format <sup>(*1)</sup>	8 through 63 characters
Hexadecimal format <sup>(*2)</sup>	64 digits

<sup>(\*1)</sup> 0 to 9, a to z, and A to Z (The uppercase and lowercase letters are distinguished.)

<sup>(\*2)</sup> 0 to 9, a to f, and A to F (The uppercase and lowercase letters are not distinguished.)

4. Click *OK* twice and close the *Wireless Network Connection Properties* dialog box.

# Network Setup Utility

With the Network Setup Utility, you can set up your specific network settings adjusted for your environments such as work, home, etc. and select the appropriate one to the environment. You can also allow for the computer automatically to switch to the appropriate network.



- *Not every setting item can be stored.*
- *The Network Setup Utility may not compliant with all network environments.*
- *The Help of the Network Setup Utility will give you more information.*

## Running Network Setup Utility

4

For the first running;

1. Click *start – All Programs - Network Setup Utility –Network Setup Utility.*



*The Network Setup Utility icon (●) will appear in the taskbar.*

2. Click the *Network Setup Utility* icon (●) in the taskbar.
3. Read the message and then, click *Yes* or *No*.

For the second running and later;

- When *Yes* is chosen in the step 3 above, the *Network Setup Utility* will automatically run on Windows start-up.
- When *No* is chosen in the step 3 above, click *start – All Programs - Network Setup Utility –Network Setup Utility.*

## Loading Network Settings

To set your specific network setting, confirm that the computer is connected into the network and has the proper settings for your current environment and follow the instructions below.

1. Confirm the current network setting is to be loaded.
2. Run the *Network Setup Utility* to display the *Network Setup Utility* window.

3. Click the (gear) icon.
4. Click *OK* in the confirmation window.
5. In the *Register an icon and network name* dialog box, select the *SHARP icon* or *Windows icon*, then, click the *Select icon* button.
6. Select an icon and click *OK*.
7. Type a network name, then, click *OK*. The selected icon appears on the main screen of the *Network Setup Utility* window.



*It takes a moment to load and register the network settings.*

## Using or Switching to Network

### Using or Switching to Loaded Network

To use or switch the loaded network, confirm the computer is ready to connect into the network and follow these steps.

1. Run the *Network Setup Utility* to display the *Network Setup Utility* window.
2. Select the appropriate network icon in the *Network Setup Utility* window.
3. Click *OK*.



- *Make sure the computer is connected to the proper environment.*
- *If your hardware or software configuration has been changed, you may not be able to switch to the network properly. In this case, you may need to reconfigure the network settings.*

### Automatically Switching to Available Network

The computer supports the auto-switching function, “Auto Pilot,” automatically to detect one of the available networks registered and switch to it.

1. Run the *Network Setup Utility* to display the *Network Setup Utility* window.
2. Click the *Auto Pilot* icon (gear).
3. Read the message in the confirmation window and click *OK*.



- *It will take a moment to switch to the auto pilot mode.*
- *To exit from the auto pilot mode, click the icon (gear) again.*

## *Setup Utility*

This chapter describes how to run the Setup Utility to change settings on the computer.

---

### **Running Setup Utility**

---

With the Setup Utility, you can customize the system configuration information, such as time and date, port assignments, or passwords. The information you have specified is saved in a special area called CMOS RAM, which the system reads every time you turn on the computer. The computer is shipped from the factory with the appropriate setting of the Setup Utility. Leave it as default in normal use.

---

#### **Contents of Setup Utility**

The Setup Utility consists of four menu pages, as follows:

- Main: Configures basic setting
- Advanced: Configures device interface
- Security: Sets Passwords
- Exit: Exits the Setup Utility or returns to the default values

---

#### **Entering and Exiting Setup Utility**

1. Turn on the computer.
2. When *<F2> to enter System Configuration Utility* appears, press **F2**.
3. Change to the desired settings. Refer to the next section.
4. Select *Exit* menu; then, press **Enter**.
5. Select one of the exit methods, and press **Enter**.
6. Confirm the message and press **Enter** again. The system restarts.



*When the Setup Utility is opened, power management does not work. Do not close the display cover.*

## Changing Setting of Setup Utility



- *Mouse is disabled in the Setup Utility. Use the keyboard and glide pad.*
- *In the Setup Utility, the mouse pointer is shown as (■).*

To change the settings:

1. Use → or ← key to select the menu.
2. Use ↑ or ↓ key to select the item.

If the item has **J** or **\_**:

Press the space bar to enable or disable the item. **J** mark means the item is enabled. **\_** mark means disabled.

If the item has no mark (except *Date and Time* of *Main* menu and *Set Password* of *Security* menu):

1. Press **Enter** to open the sub menu.
2. Use **Tab** key to highlight the value; then use ↑ or ↓ key to select the value. The value with • is being selected.
3. Use **Tab** key to highlight *OK*; then press **Enter**.

To set *Date and Time*:

1. Press **Enter**.
2. Use → or ← key to highlight the value; then use minus key or space bar to change the value.
3. Use → or ← key to highlight *OK*; then press **Enter**.

**Minus** or **Space** key: Changes the value.

3. Close the Setup Utility according to the steps above.

# Main Menu

---

**Date and Time** defines the system date and time, using the format *month/day/year* and *hour:minute:second* (24-hour format). Use → or ← key to move the cursor, and minus key or space bar to change numerals.

**Hard Disk Type** defines the type of the hard disk of the computer. Normally use as default (Ultra DMA-100).

**Boot Sequence** specifies where the system boots from. Press **Enter** to open the sub menu. The system boots from the drive selected in *1st Boot Device*. If the system cannot find the drive, it will boot from the drive selected in *2nd Boot Device*; then, the drive selected in *3rd Boot Device*.

**Internal Numlock** defines whether the numlock keys of the built-in keyboard are always disabled or not. (Num lock indicator will turn when **Fn+NumLk** are pressed regardless of this setting. An external keyboard will be numlocked if connected. )

**Hot Key Beep** defines whether the beep sounds when **Fn+F1**, **Fn+F5-F8**, **F10-F12** keys simultaneously pressed.

**USB Emulation** defines whether USB devices (a keyboard or an optional external floppy disk drive) can be used in DOS mode. (When it is set to *Disabled*, you cannot boot the computer from a floppy disk.)

## Advanced Menu

**Shared Video Memory** defines the size for the video memory that will be shared with the extend memory. The available sizes are 16MB, 32MB and 64MB)

**Resolution Expansion** defines whether the Setup Utility screen is expanded when the resolution is 640x480 or 800x600. When this item has  mark, the screen is expanded.

**Battery Low Warning Beep** enables or disables the beep sound when the battery remaining capacity becomes extremely low (this item does not work for Windows battery alarm).

**Internal Pointing Device** enables or disables the built-in glide pad.

**LAN Boot** defines whether the system boots from the PXE server when the integrated LAN is activated.

**Wake on LAN** defines whether the system resumes from System Standby when the LAN unit of the computer becomes active.

**Wake on Ring** defines whether the system resumes from System Standby when the built-in modem receives a call.

## Security Menu

**Set Supervisor password** defines the supervisor password (up to eight letters, figures or the combinations). See the next section about the supervisor password.



*If you lose your password, you will be unable to access the computer or change the configuration. Make sure to select a password you will never forget, or write it down and protect it in a secure place. Otherwise, you will have to contact your dealer for assistance.*

**Set User password** defines the user password (up to eight letters, figures or the combinations). It is available to be set with the supervisor password set and is also utilized with the DirectHD function. See the next section about the user password.

**Password on Boot** defines whether the system requires the password entry to boot up.

**Hard Disk Virus Protect** defines whether the boot sector of the hard disk is write-protected. When formatting the hard disk, set to “  ”.

---

## Password

Setting a password will protect the computer against unauthorized access. Once a password is set, the system requires the password when entering to the Setup Utility. There are two kinds of passwords: a supervisor password and a user password. The user password can be set with the supervisor password set to the computer.



*If you enter a wrong password three times, the message “System will be shut down” appears. Press **Enter** to shut down the computer, and after 10 seconds, press the power button to turn it on again.*

If *Password on Boot* is enabled, the system will require a password to boot up.

---

## Setting Password



*If not necessary, do not set the supervisor password or user password. If you forget the password, you cannot boot the computer.*

---

1. In the *Security* menu of the Setup Utility, select *Set Supervisor password* or *Set User password* and press **Enter**.
2. Type your password (up to eight letters, figures or the combinations), and press **Enter**.
3. Type the same password again, and press **Enter**.
4. Click **OK**.
5. Check the *Password on Boot* in the *Security* menu.
6. Select *Exit* menu and confirm *Exit Saving Changes* is highlighted; then press **Enter**.
7. Confirm *OK* is highlighted and press **Enter**. The Windows will start.



- *To enable the supervisor password or the user password when booting up the computer, check the Password on Boot.*
- *When entering the Setup Utility, the password will be required.*

---

## Changing Password

1. In the *Security* menu of the Setup Utility, select *Set Supervisor password* or *Set User password* and press **Enter**.
2. Type your current password, and press **Enter**.
3. Type your new password, and press **Enter**.

4. Type your new password again, and press **Enter** twice.
5. Select *Exit* menu and confirm *Exit Saving Changes* is highlighted; then press **Enter**.
6. Confirm *OK* is highlighted and press **Enter**. The Windows will start.

---

## Deleting Password



*A deletion of the supervisor password will delete the user password.*

1. In the *Security* menu of the Setup Utility, select *Set Supervisor password* or *Set User password* and press **Enter**.
2. Type your current password, and press **Enter**.
3. Without typing any characters, press **Enter**.
4. Without typing any characters, press **Enter** twice.
5. Select *Exit* menu and confirm *Exit Saving Changes* is highlighted; then press **Enter**.
6. Confirm *OK* is highlighted and press **Enter**. The Windows will start.

5

---

## Exit Menu

---

**Exit Saving Changes** saves the settings you have changed and exits the Setup Utility.

**Exit Discarding Changes** exits the Setup Utility without saving the settings you have changed.

**Load Setup Defaults** returns the values of all items to the default. To exit, select one of the above items.

**Discard Changes** returns the values of all items to the values you last saved. To exit, select one of the above two items.

**Save Changes** saves the settings you have changed. To exit, select one of the above two items.

## *DirectHD Function*

This chapter describes how to connect your computer (hereafter called AL series) with another computer (hereafter called host computer), using the DirectHD function, to exchange data directly between the two computers without using network or external media. With this function, you can use the AL series as an external hard disk of your host computer and read /modify/save data stored in the AL series without powered on.

---

### **DirectHD Utility**

---

To exchange data with your AL series and your host computer, you need to install the DirectHD utility into your host computer. Follow these steps.

---

#### **Supporting Operating System**

The DirectHD utility supports following operating systems:

- Microsoft Windows XP Professional /Microsoft Windows XP Home Edition (hereafter called Windows XP)
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional (hereafter called Windows 2000)
- Microsoft Windows Millennium Edition (hereafter called Windows Me)



*AL series can be used as an external hard disk of the computer with one of the above operating systems installed.*



- *When your host computer is installed Windows XP, log in as a member of the Computer administrators group to install the DirectHD utility.*
- *When your host computer is installed Windows 2000, log in with as a member of the Administrator's accounts to install and use the DirectHD utility.*

## DirectHD Precautions



- *When the host computer is in the standby or hibernation mode, do not turn on the AL series or connect/disconnect the DirectHD cable. It may damage the file or cause malfunction of the host computer when the host computer resumes.*
- *If you delete some files of the AL series on the host computer, you may not be able to restore them.*

- *To use the DirectHD function, exit Windows and turn off the computer before connecting it to the host computer with the DirectHD cable.*
- *If you remove both of the AC adapter and battery pack after exiting Windows, the DirectHD will fail to function. Before connecting to the host computer, start Windows on the AL series and then, exit it to turn off the AL series.*

## Synchronize Time

During data communication to the host computer, set the time of the AL series and the host computer synchronized. When you modify the file, the modification time will be recorded in the Properties of the file. If the time on the host computer and the AL series is different each other, you may not be able to properly manage the files by the modification time or accidentally overwrite the latest file with the previous version.

6

## Application Program Installation

When installing an application program, turn on the AL series and install it on the Windows of the AL series. You cannot install any application to the AL series through the host computer.



*Before installing an application program, carefully read its license agreement.*

## Installing DirectHD Utility

The following shows how to install the Direct HD utility to your host computer.

1. Turn off your AL series.



*Be sure to turn off your AL series computer. You cannot access to the AL series from the host computer when the AL series is powered on or in the standby/hibernate mode.*

2. Connect the AC adapter to the AL series.
3. Connect your AL series and your host computer with the provided DirectHD cable. (Refer to the *Connecting AL Series to Host Computer* section on the next page.)
4. On the screen of your host computer, click *start – Run....*
5. Click *Browse...* button.
6. Open *My Computer – SHP\_V2500U(E:) – DirectHD*.



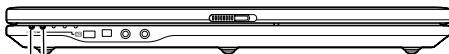
*The drive name (E:) differs depending on the environment of your host computer.*

7. Select *setup* and click *Open*.
8. Confirm the file name to be run is correct and then, click *OK*.
9. Follow the on-screen instructions.
10. Click *Yes* to restart your host computer.

---

## DirectHD Status Indicator

The following indicators show the status when the DirectHD function is used.



 **Hard Disk Indicator**

Green: Accessed by your host computer



 **READY** DirectHD READY Lamp

Green: Connected

Red : Battery is discharged

Off : Not connected



*When the hard disk indicator is lit:*

- *Do not turn off the host computer.*
- *Do not unplug the DirectHD cable.*
- *Do not remove the AC adapter or the battery pack of the AL series.*

*Otherwise, the data may be collapsed or your AL series may malfunction.*



*When you stop the device on the host computer, the connection between the AL series and the host computer will be turned off even with the Direct HD READY lamp lit on.*

# Connecting AL Series to Host Computer

## Connecting AL Series to Host Computer



*Before connecting the AL series and the host computer to use the DirectHD function for the first time, be sure to install the DirectHD utility to the host computer. (Refer to the Installing DirectHD Utility section.)*

1. Turn off your AL series.



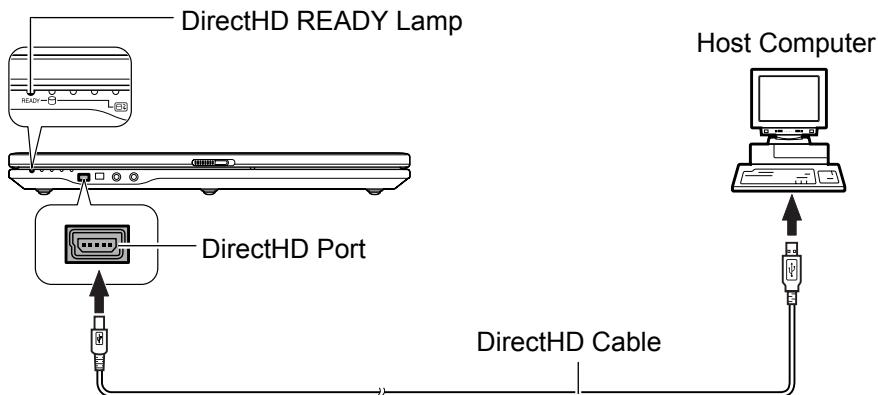
*You cannot establish the connection between your AL series and your host computer when your AL series is powered on or in the standby/hibernate mode.*

2. Connect the AC adapter to your AL series.



*Be sure to connect the AC adapter in case the battery power becomes discharged. If the battery power becomes extremely low, the battery indicator (■) will blink red and the alarm will sound. In this case, immediately connect the AC adapter. Otherwise, the connection will be stopped and unsaved data will be lost.*

3. Connect your AL series with your host computer using the supplied DirectHD cable.





*Do not plug the DirectHD cable in any USB port of the AL series when the other end is plugged in the DirectHD port.*



- *When the AL series is properly connected to the host computer, the DirectHD READY lamp on the AL series turns green.*
- *When the AL series is recognized as an external hard disk, a dialog box may appear. In this case, click Cancel.*

---

## Accessing to AL Series from Host Computer

Once the AL series is recognized as an external hard disk of the host computer, the hard disk(s) of the AL series is displayed as XXX(F:) or XXX(G:) in the *My Computer* window on the host computer.



- *The drive name such as (F:) or (G:) varies depending on the environment of the host computer.*
- *If you set a user password to the AL series in the Setup Utility, the AL series is not recognized as the external hard disk but as removable disk. In order to access the hard disk of the AL series, cancel the password. (Refer to the Canceling Password on the later page.)*

---

## Disconnecting AL Series from Host Computer

Before unplugging the DirectHD cable, stop the device by following these steps.



*You must stop the device before removing the DirectHD cable from the AL series and the host computer.*

---

### Stopping Device

#### On Windows XP Professional/Home

1. Click *Safely Remove Hardware* icon (  ) on the taskbar. If you cannot find the icon, click  to show all kinds of icons.
2. Click *Safely remove USB Mass Storage Device – Drives (XX:, XX:)*. The *Safe To Remove Hardware* dialog appears. (XX is a drive name of your AL series.)

#### On Windows 2000

1. Click *Unplug or Eject Hardware* icon (  ) on the taskbar.

2. Click *Safely remove USB Mass Storage Device – Drives (XX:, XX:)*. (XX is a drive name of your AL series.)
3. Click *OK*.

## On Windows Me

1. Click *Safely Remove Hardware* icon (  ) on the taskbar.
2. Click *Safely remove USB Disk – Drive (XX:, XX:)*. (XX is a drive name of your AL series.)
3. Click *OK*.

---

## Unplugging DirectHD Cable

1. Stop the device.
2. Unplug the DirectHD cable from the AL series and host computer.



*The DirectHD READY lamp will turn off.*

---

## Password Function

You can use the password function to protect against unauthorized access to the hard disk of the AL series by the DirectHD function.

---

### Setting User Password

Set a user password of the AL series in the Setup Utility. (See Chapter 5.)



- *If you have set a user password on the AL series, prevent the host computer from entering the standby or hibernation mode. When the host computer resumes, the DirectHD function may not work properly.*
- *A supervisor password cannot work for the password function. Be sure to set a user password to enable the function.*

---

### Canceling User Password

When a user password is set on the AL series, the AL series is not recognized as an external hard disk of the host computer. You need to cancel the user password temporarily to use the AL series as an external hard disk. The canceling should be performed on the host computer.

1. Connect the AL series to the host computer with the provided DirectHD cable. (Refer to the *Connecting AL Series to Host Computer* section on the earlier page.)



*Be sure to power off the AL series before connecting them.*

2. Click *start* on the host computer.
3. Click *All Programs* (on Windows XP) or *Program* (on Windows 2000) or *Programs* (on Window Me) – *DirectHD Utility– Password Utility*. The *Password Utility* window will appear.
4. Type the current password in the *Password* box and click *OK*.
5. Click *OK* in the confirmation window.

The password will be cancelled and the AL series will be recognized as an external hard disk of the host computer.



*In some cases, an alert box may appear. This is because once the password is cancelled, the USB device is stopped and then, the connection is restarted. This causes no matters.*

---

## **Deleting User Password**

### **When the host computer runs Windows XP or Windows 2000**

Run the Setup Utility on the AL series and delete the user password. (See Chapter 5.)

### **When the host computer runs Windows Me**

1. Cancel the user password. (Refer to the previous section.)
2. Stop the device. (Refer to the *Stopping Connection to Host Computer* section.)
3. Remove the DirectHD cable from the AL series and the host computer.
4. Run the Setup Utility on the AL series and delete the user password. (See Chapter 5.)



*Deletion of the user password without canceling in advance will cause the AL series to be recognized as a removable disk the next time you access it using DirectHD function. To allow the AL series to be recognized as an external hard disk, follow these steps.*

1. *Connect the AL series to the host computer.*
2. *Open the Password Utility and type the user password.*
3. *Click Cancel.*
4. *Stop the device.*
5. *Remove the DirectHD cable from the host computer.*
6. *Connect it again.*

# Appendices

The appendixes contain additional information on the use and care of the computer.

## Memory Module

You can upgrade the memory size of the computer by changing the installed memory module. See the specification on the provided supplement for the default and maximum memory size. For available memory modules, contact your local dealer.

### Changing Memory Module



- *Do not handle the memory module in the location where static electricity is easily generated such as on the carpet.*
- *Before changing the memory module, carefully discharge static electricity from your body by touching an unpainted metal area.*
- *Avoid touching the integrated circuits on a memory module. Handle all components by the edges.*
- *Keep the memory module in the anti-static wrapping until you are ready to install it.*

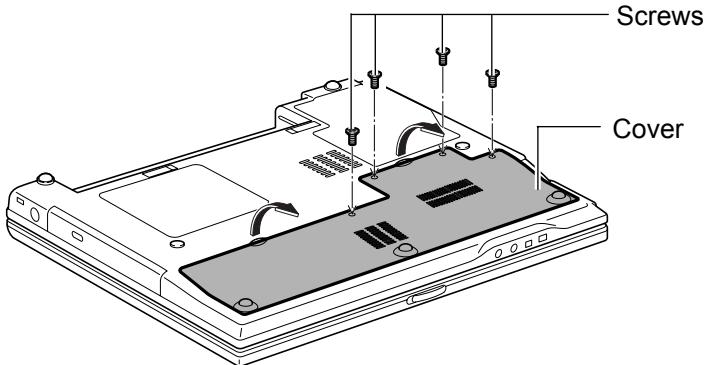
1. Turn off the computer.
2. Disconnect the AC adapter and remove the battery pack and peripheral devices. (See Chapter 2 for removing the battery.)



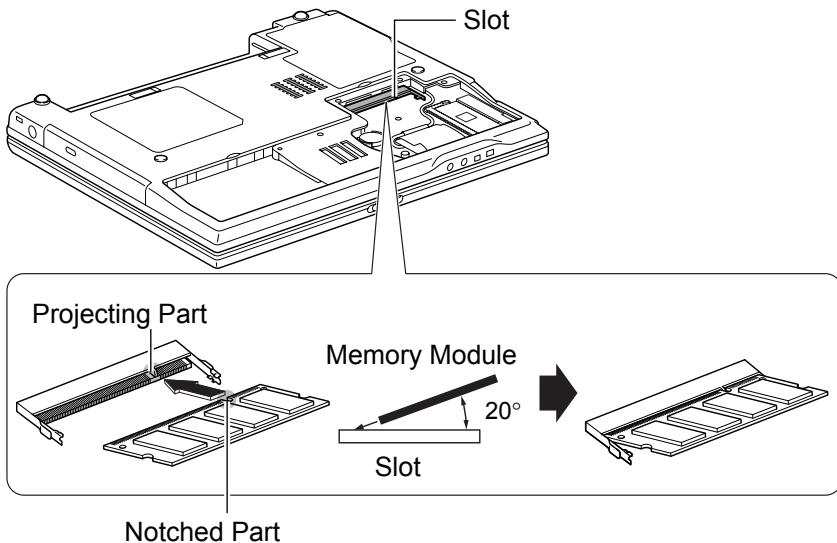
- *Make sure to turn off the computer and remove the AC adapter and the battery pack. Otherwise you may get an electrical shock.*
- *After a long use of the computer, the temperature inside the computer may have gone up. Leave it alone until it becomes cool before going on to the next step.*

3. Close the display cover, turn over the computer and put it on a stable surface.

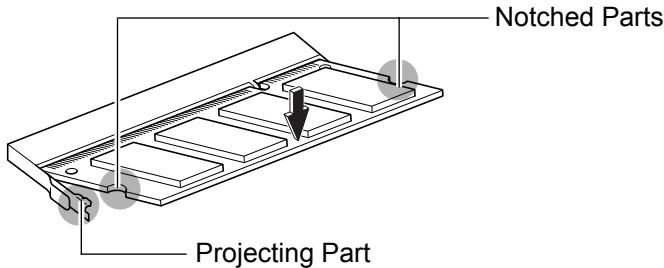
4. Loosen the screws and remove the cover.



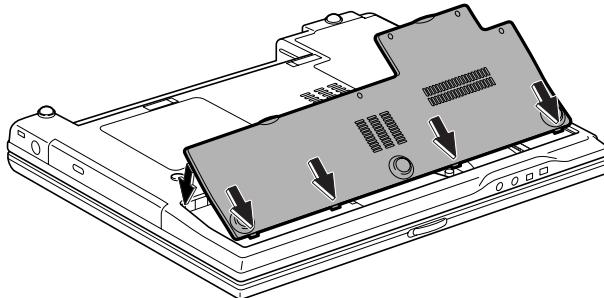
5. Remove the installed memory module. (Refer to the *Uninstalling Memory Module* section on the later page.)
6. Insert a memory module to be installed by matching the notched part of the module with the projecting part of the memory socket of the computer.



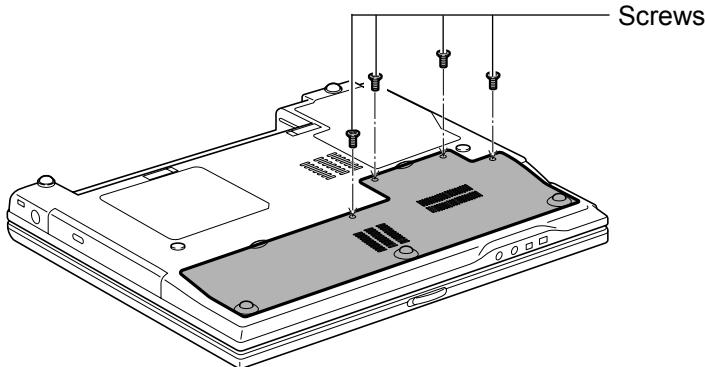
7. Press the memory module slowly to place it into the memory socket, matching the notched parts of the module with the projecting parts of the socket, until you hear the clicking sound.



8. Replace the cover, matching the projecting parts of the cover with the notched parts of the computer.



9. Tighten the screws.



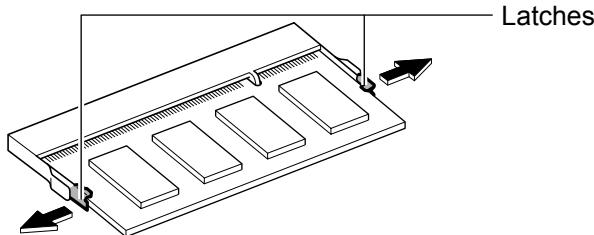
10. Replace the battery pack, turn over the computer and connect the AC adapter.

11. Open the display cover; turn on the computer and check the memory size by clicking *start – My Computer – View system information of System Tasks*. Your memory size appears at the bottom of the sentence in *General* tab. Shared video memory size will not be included with the value.

---

## Uninstalling Memory Module

1. Follow steps 1-4 of the *Changing Memory Module* section.
2. Slightly bend both latches outwards until the memory module is released.



3. Remove the memory module.



*Be sure to close the cover.*

---

## Maintenance and Care

---

This section provides you with information on how to maintain the computer in excellent working condition.

---

### Replacing Backup Battery

---



- *Danger of explosion if a battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the equipment manufacturer.*
- *Discard the used batteries according to manufacturer's instructions.*

The computer is equipped a backup battery for keeping the information of the Setup Utility, etc. If you see the message *Press F1 to Continue, Del to Load CMOS defaults, F2 to enter SCU* repeatedly even after making the default settings on the Setup Utility, replace it with a new one on the marketplace.

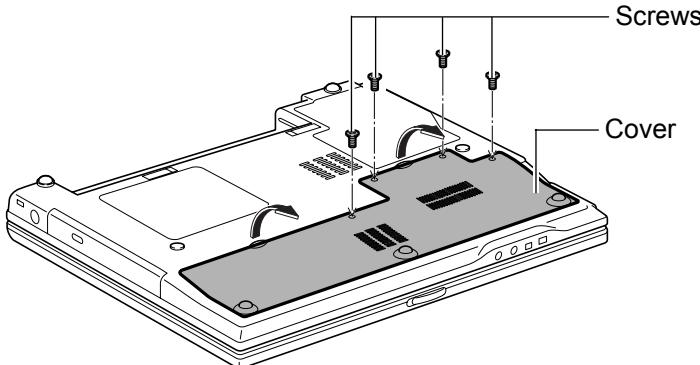
For the default settings on the Setup Utility, refer to the *Trouble with Starting* section in *Troubleshooting*.

1. Turn off the computer, disconnect the AC adapter, and remove the battery pack from the computer.

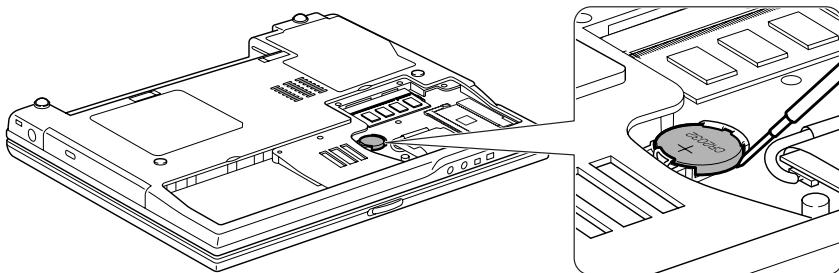


*Make sure to turn off the computer and remove the AC adapter and the battery pack from the computer. Otherwise the computer may malfunction.*

2. Loosen the screws and remove the cover.

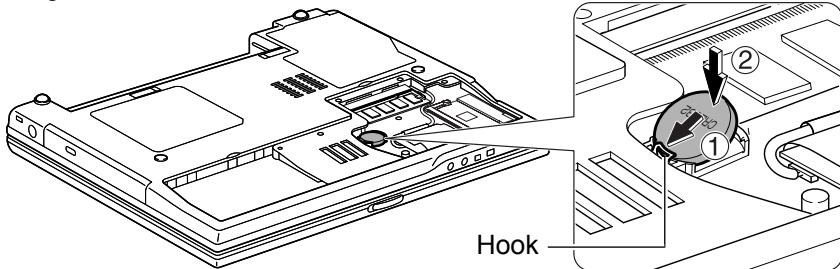


3. Remove the backup battery.

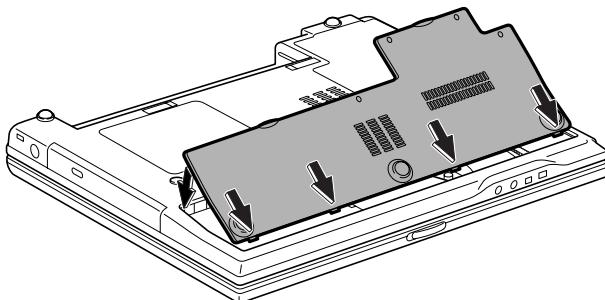


*Never use a metallic material. If the material touches to the circuit, the computer may malfunction.*

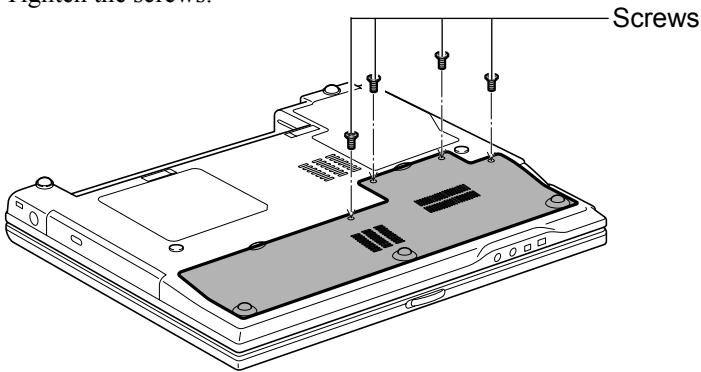
4. Insert a new backup battery with the plus surface up into the hook of the socket and press it down.



5. Replace the cover, matching the projecting parts of the cover with the notched parts of the computer.



6. Tighten the screws.



7. Insert the battery pack.  
8. Turn the computer over and connect the AC adapter.  
9. Turn on the computer.

10. If you see the message *Press F1 to Continue, Del. to Load CMOS defaults, F2 to enter SCU*, press the **Delete** key. Windows will start up.



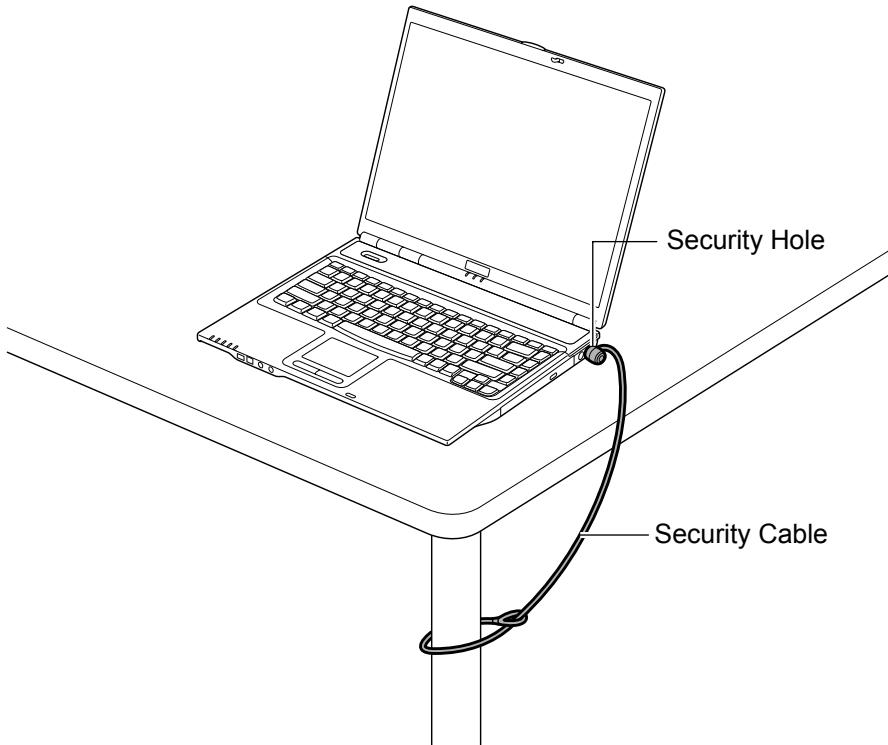
*It may take approximately one minute for this message to appear.*

11. Click *start – Control Panel*.
12. Click *Date, Time, Language, and Regional Options* in the Category view; then, click the *Change the date and time* string.
13. Set date and time; then, click *OK*.
14. Close the *Control Panel* window.

---

## Using Security Cable

You can connect a security cable to the security hole on the computer to prevent theft.



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## Cleaning Computer

### Cabinet

Apply a small amount of mild cleaning solution to a dry, lint-free cloth and wipe the cabinet with the cloth.



- *Never clean the computer while it is powered on.*
- *Do not use alcohol, benzene, thinner or other strong chemical agents that may damage the cabinet.*

---

### Screen

The surface of the screen may become smeared and accumulate dust during use. Avoid touching the screen with your fingers when using the system. Gently wipe the surface of the screen with a soft cloth that has been dipped in a mild detergent solution and squeezed dry.

### Glide Pad

Wipe the glide pad with a soft, dry cloth.

### Ventilation Openings (including Cooling Fan)

Dust on the ventilation openings may cause overheating of the computer. Wipe the ventilation openings with a soft, dry cloth.

---

## Traveling with Your Computer

The computer is designed for portability. For safety and convenience when traveling, please follow these guidelines.

- Before traveling, back up your data on external media.
- Do not travel with a protruding PC card inserted in the PC card slot of the computer.
- Do not carry the computer powered on. This may result in loss of data and/or damage to the hard disk drive.
- Make sure the display cover is completely closed before traveling. Otherwise the cover may be opened unexpectedly, and the display and/or the keyboard will be damaged.
- If you carry the computer in a bag, try to avoid unnecessary pressure, caused by the stuff of the bag, to the computer.

- Disconnect the AC adapter and any other cables and any peripherals from the computer.
- Fully charge the battery pack and bring the AC adapter and the AC power cord with the computer.
- Avoid sudden shocks or extreme vibration.

# Virus Protection

Computer viruses are referred to a kind of maligned programs intentionally engineered. When the computer is infected, several damages would be generated; data in the hard disk may be destructed; the computer may be provided external operation by unauthorized users; you may inadvertently attach infected files to your e-mails resulting in spreading the viruses, for example.

To avert virus infection, the following measures are encouraged:

- Install the latest virus protection/cleaner software into the computer.
- Apply the latest virus definition file for prevention of new virus attack.
- Before opening incoming files such as attached files, downloaded files, etc, detect the virus infecting them.
- Do not open the e-mails originated from unknown place.
- Enables the security functions of application to be used.  
(i.e. Disable the macros when handling word or excel files.)
- Regularly update Windows or the applications/software on your computer.
- Back up your important data regularly.

## When virus infections occur

Eliminate the virus by means of the latest anti-virus software or virus cleaner software. When it fails, reinstall all the hard disks. (For reinstalling the hard disks, refer to the *Appendixes*.)

## Updating Windows

### Enabling Automatic Updates

If the Automatic Updates is turned off on the computer, follow these steps.



- You can check the current Automatic Updates status by following these steps. If it is turned off, turn it on.
  1. Click start – Control Panel – Security Center.
  2. See the Automatic Updates field in the Security Center window. If the Automatic Updates is ON, the function is enabled.
- When the Automatic Updates is turned on, the computer will automatically detect the important programs to be updated and install them if any.

1. Click *start – Control Panel – Security Center*.
2. In the Security Center window, click the *Turn on Automatic Updates* button.
3. Close the window.

## **Updating Windows**

You can update Windows by clicking the Windows Update icon on the taskbar or accessing to the Microsoft site.

For more information, visit the Windows *Help and Support Center*.

---

## **Protecting Your Computer against Virus**

The *Norton AntiVirus* software is preinstalled on the computer for detecting and eliminating viruses. Since the software downloads the latest information or data through the Internet, the computer needs to be connected to the Internet. Some of the software features are below:

- Regularly updates itself to maintain the latest program and virus definition file against new virus threats. (LiveUpdate)
- Automatically scans all incoming messages and attachments so that viruses can be identified and blocked. Also detects viruses intruded into the computer. (Auto-Protect)
- Manually detects infected programs or files. (Virus Scan)

Refer to *Help* of the *Norton AntiVirus* for more information.



- *By default, the Norton AntiVirus software :*
  - *Enables the Auto Protect function.*
  - *Scans the computer for virus weekly.*
- *Refer to the Help and Support of the Norton AntiVirus software for details.*

## **Enabling Norton Antivirus Software**

To use the preinstalled Norton Antivirus software for the first time, you must complete the Norton Antivirus wizard to enable it and update the definition file.

1. Connect the computer to the Internet.
2. Click *start – All Programs – Norton AntiVirus – Norton Antivirus 2004*.
3. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete the *Norton Antivirus* wizard and the *LiveUpdate*.

## Running LiveUpdate Automatically

The automatic LiveUpdate automatically updates the definition file.



*Be sure to complete the Norton AntiVirus wizard before going on these steps.*

1. Click *start – All Programs – Norton AntiVirus – Norton AntiVirus 2004*.
2. Click *Automatic LiveUpdate* in the *Norton AntiVirus Subscription* field.
3. Click the *Enable* button.

## Norton AntiVirus Update Service

Norton AntiVirus software scans for virus by means of a virus definition file allowing the software to identify and block a particular virus. To protect the computer against new viruses, the virus definitions and application need to be kept current. The software automatically checks the web and updates the definition file when needed. Free update service will be provided within ninety days since the software is installed. After the free service is over, one-year paid update service can be available. Refer to <http://www.symantec.com> for application.

## Detecting Viruses

By default settings, the Norton AntiVirus software automatically scans the computer once a week. To manually detect viruses infecting the computer, follow the instructions below.



*Be sure to complete the Norton AntiVirus wizard before going on these steps.*

1. Click *start – All Programs – Norton AntiVirus – Norton AntiVirus 2004*.
2. Click *Scan for Viruses* in the Norton AntiVirus menu.
3. Double-click the option in the *Task* column and then, follow the on-screen instructions.

# Data Execution Prevention

The computer is mounted the CPU compatible with Data Execution Prevention (DEP) technology (or a memory protection feature) built into the Windows operating system. With DEP, the operating system marks some memory regions as non-executable and prevents execution of malicious program code there, which will result in protecting the computer from virus infection.



- *Only the members of the Computer administrators group can change the settings of DEP or the Security Center.*
- *With the computer connected to LAN, the settings may not be changed. Consult your network administrator.*

## Changing DEP Settings

By default, the DEP technology is enabled only for essential Windows programs and services. To turn on the DEP for all programs and services;

1. Click *start – My Computer*.
2. Click *View system information* in the *System Tasks* field.
3. Click the *Advanced* tab and the *Settings* button in the *Performance* field.
4. Click the *Data Execution Prevention* tab and select *Turn on DEP for all programs and services except those I select*.
5. Click *OK*.
6. Click *OK* in the confirmation window.
7. Click *OK* to close the dialog box.
8. Close the *My Computer* window.
9. Restart the computer.

## Checking Safety of Programs

As the DEP always functions on the computer against the security threats, some programs may be blocked to execute. If you have the message “To help protect your computer, Windows has closed this program.”, close the message window and check out the safety of the program and computer by following these steps.

1. Open the *Security Center* and check the *Firewall, Automatic Updates and Virus Protection* are *ON*.



- Be sure to enable all the functions above.
- For the Security Center, refer to the Notice of Computer Security on page xii.

## 2. Scan the system for viruses.



- If some viruses are detected, eliminate them according to the instructions of the anti-virus software.
- If no viruses are detected and the three functions are enabled, consult the program publisher for an updated version.

## Disabling DEP for Specific Program

After ensuring the safety of the program, disable the DEP function for the program execution.



*To protect the computer, try to update the program and enable the DEP function.*

1. Follow the steps 1 to 4 of the *Changing DEP Settings* section on the previous page.
2. Check the box of the program in the list to be run and then, click *OK*.



*If the program is not on the list, click Add...and select the program to be run.*

3. Click *OK*.



*If the confirmation window appears, click OK.*

4. Click *OK*.
5. Restart the computer if prompted in the step 3.

# Data Backup and Restore

Your important data such as e-mails or files is stored on the hard disk of the computer. Backing up the data in another place is one of the ways that protect your data against any disaster, data corruption or data erase, for example.

## Backing Up Your Data

The *File and Settings Transfer Wizard* can help you to back up several files and settings at one time. To open the wizard, follow the instructions below.

1. Connect the backup device or media to the computer.
2. Click *start – All Programs – Accessories – System Tools – Files and Settings Transfer Wizard*.
3. Follow the on-screen instructions.

## Restoring Your Data

You can also use the *File and Settings Transfer Wizard* to restore your data or settings from the backup media to the hard disk.



*When restoring your backup data, the wizard asks you if you try to overwrite a file that already exists on the hard disk. Make sure the backup data is the one you want before overwriting the existing file.*

# Re-installation Instructions

Refer to this section to re-install the system of the computer.



- *The reinstallation process will overwrite all information in the C and D drives of the hard disk and restore the hard disk drive to its factory configuration.*
- *The necessary reinstallation data is on the hard disk of the computer. Never modify or delete the data. Without the data, you cannot restore the computer.*
- *Do not change the setting of the hard disk partition. The change may result in deleting the reinstallation data. Without the data, you cannot restore the computer.*
- *If you have installed commercial data recovery software on the computer, never perform the reinstall process until you uninstall the recovery software, which may rewrite the MBR\* of the hard disk. If the MBR is rewritten, you may not be able to reinstall the system.*  
(*\*Master Boot Record: a sector on the beginning of a hard disk drive that contains a sequence of commands necessary for booting an operating system*)

To recover your hard disk, you will use PowerQuest®EasyRestore™. Before starting re-installation, read the following End User License Agreement first.

## PowerQuest(R) EasyRestore (TM) End User License Agreement

IMPORTANT: Read this before using your copy of PowerQuest software.

This document is a legal agreement between you, the "end user," and PowerQuest Corporation. Use of the software indicates your acceptance of these terms. As used in this License Agreement, the term "Software" means the EasyRestore software included on the CD provided with this License Agreement.

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Contractor/manufacturer is PowerQuest Corporation/P.O. Box 1911/Orem, UT 84059.

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## Recovery Way

You can format the hard disk and re-install the preinstalled software and set the status of the computer to the same configuration as you used for the first time. There are two ways to recover the hard disk drive(s) of the computer: via hard disk and via recovery CD. The former saves your time, while the latter secures the re-installation data from potential loss or corruption. The later section describes the specific steps for each way.



*Before you recover via recovery CD, you need to write the recovery data already installed on the computer onto blank CD-R discs. (Refer to the later section.) You are allowed to create the recovery CD only once.*

## Preparation for Re-installation

The following items are necessary for re-installation.

### Via Hard Disk

- Operation Manual

### Via Recovery CD

When you recover first time:

- Operation Manual
- Seven blank 650MB or 700MB CD-R discs for creating recovery CD

When you recover after preparing the recovery CD:

- Operation Manual
- The created recovery CDs

---

## Backing Up Data

Before formatting the hard disk, you should back up your data. For details on how to back up your data, refer to *Data Backup and Restore* section on the earlier page.

---

## Selecting Way to Recover Your System

The computer has two drives (C: and D:) when it was shipped from the factory. You can select the way to recover your system.

- *Recovers C: drive only. (Recommended)*

This process will format C: drive only and recover C: drive to the same status as shipped from the factory. Nothing will be performed to D: drive. The volume of the drives will not be changed and will keep current one.

- *Recovers both C: and D: drive.*

This process will format both C: and D: drives, and contents of the hard disk will be restored to its original state in C: drive. The volume of the drives will be back to the same as you used for the first time. This choice will not allow you to recover your system from the hard disk once the recovery process is completed.

---

## Formatting Drives and Re-installing Windows



*The formatting and re-installing process will restore the hard disk drive to its factory configuration. To ensure the computer safe, enable the virus protection/cleaner software and update the virus definition file to the latest one. Also, the Windows Update should be done for virus prevention. (Refer to the Virus Infection Protection section.)*

---

### Via Hard Disk

With this way, recovery will come from data already installed on the computer rather than from external media such as CD.



*Note that if there is any chance of the data loss or corruption, you cannot format the hard disk drive(s) and reinstall Windows.*

---

1. Make sure the computer is turned off.
2. If any peripheral devices are connected to the computer, disconnect them.
3. Connect the AC adapter.



---

*Be sure to connect the AC adapter. If the battery power becomes significantly low, the installation process will be canceled.*

---

4. Turn on the computer. When the message *<F2> to enter System Configuration Utility* appears on the bottom left of the screen, press **F2**. Then, the Setup Utility will open.
5. In the *Exit* menu, select *Load Setup Defaults*; then, press **Enter** twice.
6. In the *Exit* menu, confirm *Exit Saving Changes* is highlighted and press **Enter** twice.
7. The system will restart. When the message *Press F10 to Recover* appears on the upper left of the screen, press **F10**.



*The message stays there for two seconds.*

8. Read the message on the screen, and select the way to recover your system; then, press **Enter**.
9. Read the message and select *Continue*; then, press **Enter**. The formatting and re-installation will start.



---

*Although the pointer may be shown on the screen, never touch the keyboard or the mouse during recovery except when the message prompts you to. If you touch them, the re-installation will be canceled.*

---

10. When the hard disk has been recovered successfully, the system will restart automatically.
11. Set up Windows XP by following the on-screen instructions. After you complete the Windows setup, be sure to set date and time.

### **Via Recovery CD**

Recovery CD does not come with the computer. First, you need to copy the recovery data onto CD-R and then, recover the system with them.



- You will have only one duplicate.
- Even if you cancel the CD burning process, you can create the recovery CD by following the entire burning steps from the first step.
- You can recover your system via hard disk after succeeding in creating the recovery CD.

## Creating Recovery CD

To create the recovery CD, you will use *Bootable CD Creator*. Read the following End User License Agreement first.

### Enterprise Corporation International Software License Agreement

This End-User License Agreement (“the Agreement”) is a legal agreement between you, the “end user,” and Enterprise Corporation International (“ECI”) for the ECI product, which includes a computer program (Bootable CD Creator), data, and manuals (“SOFTWARE PRODUCT”). Ownership of the SOFTWARE PRODUCT shall at all times remain with ECI. The SOFTWARE PRODUCT and accompanying documentation are licensed to you, which means you have the non-transferable and non-proprietary right to use the SOFTWARE PRODUCT in accordance with this Agreement. The SOFTWARE PRODUCT and any accompanying documentation are proprietary products of ECI or its licensors and are protected by United States copyright laws and international copyright treaties. Use of the enclosed software indicates your acceptance of these terms.

#### Intended Purpose:

The SOFTWARE PRODUCT is installed on and shipped with a computer manufactured by Sharp. You may use the SOFTWARE PRODUCT only for making a Bootable CD from the recovery image file that is pre-installed on the hard disk. You may use the SOFTWARE PRODUCT only on the computer with which this SOFTWARE PRODUCT is provided.

#### You may not:

1. Copy the SOFTWARE PRODUCT, in whole or in part, to another media except for installation.
2. Share the license for the SOFTWARE PRODUCT or use it concurrently on different computers.
3. Alter, transfer or sell (including e-sales through the Internet) the SOFTWARE PRODUCT and/or its copy to a third party, in whole or in part.
4. Delete or change the notice of copyright contained in the SOFTWARE PRODUCT.
5. Reverse engineer, disassemble, or decompile the SOFTWARE PRODUCT.
6. Create source code for the SOFTWARE PRODUCT from the object code.
7. Use any portion of the SOFTWARE PRODUCT within any other program.
8. Install or run the SOFTWARE PRODUCT over the Internet for use by multiple users.

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*Before creating the recovery CD, follow the instructions below:*

- *Prepare seven blank 650MB or 700MB CD-R discs.*
- *Connect the AC adapter. If the battery is discharged, the operation will stop and fail.*
- *Disable the power management. See Power Management section in Chapter 2.*
- *Close all of the unnecessary or the automatic start-up applications.*
- *Disable the wireless LAN antennas. See Wireless LAN section in Chapter 4.*
- *Disable the screen saver. See the Changing Wallpaper and Setting Screen Saver section in Chapter 1.*

## **Disabling Auto Protect of Norton AntiVirus**

Before creating the recovery CDs, disable the Auto Protect function of the Norton AntiVirus.

1. Right-click the Norton Antivirus icon (shield icon) on the taskbar.
2. Click the *Configure Norton AntiVirus*.
3. Clear the boxes of *Enable Auto-Protect* and *Start Auto-Protect when Windows starts up* in the *How to stay protected* field.
4. Click *OK*.
5. Click *OK*.



The icon (  ) will change to (  ).

## Creating Recovery CD

1. Connect the AC adapters to the computer.



*Be sure to connect the AC adapter. If the battery is completely discharged, the burning CD process will be stopped.*

2. Insert a blank CD-R into the optical drive.



*If a dialog box or window appears, close it.*

3. Click *start – All Programs – Create Product Recovery CD*.
4. In the *Bootable CD Creator SE1.1* window, select the appropriate speed from the *speed* pull-down menu, then, click *Create Recovery Disc*.
5. Read the message on the screen and then, click *Yes*, then, *OK*. The burning process will start.



*Never touch the keyboard, the mouse or the screen during burning process except when the message prompts you to. If you touch them, the burning process may be stopped.*

6. Replace the CD-R by following the instructions on the screen. Assign names to each CD-R in the order of burning so that you will set them in correct order when recovering.



*If a window or dialog box opens, close it.*

7. When you see the message *Disc creation complete* on the screen, click *OK*, then, *Close*.
8. Click *Yes* and remove the CD-R from the optical drive.



- *Store the burned discs in a secure place.*
- *Keep your discs away from direct sunlight, heat and excessive moisture.*

---

9. Restart the computer.

## **Enabling Auto Protect of Norton AntiVirus**

1. Right-click the Norton Antivirus icon (  ) on the taskbar.
2. Click the *Configure Norton AntiVirus*.
3. Check the boxes of *Enable Auto-Protect* and *Start Auto-Protect when Windows starts up* in the *How to stay protected* field.
4. Click OK.
5. Click OK.



*The icon (  ) will change to (  ).*

6. Turn off the computer. After more than ten seconds, turn it on again.

## **Recovering with Recovery CD**

The first four created discs will be used for recovering the system. The others has drivers and application software.



*When you format entire of the hard disk drive (both C: and D: drives), the recovery data installed in it will be eliminated. Therefore you will not be able to recovery your system via hard disk.*

---

1. Make sure the computer is turned off.
2. If any peripheral devices are connected to the computer, disconnect them.
3. Connect the AC adapters to the computer and then, turn it on.



*Be sure to connect the AC adapter. If the battery is completely discharged, the installation process will be canceled.*

---

4. When the message *<F2> to enter System Configuration Utility* appears, press **F2**. The Setup Utility will open.
5. Insert the Recovery CD disc 1 into the optical drive.
6. In the *Exit* menu, select *Load Setup Defaults*; then, press **Enter** twice.
7. In the *Boot Sequence* of the *Main* menu, select *CD-ROM Drive* in the *1st Boot Device* field and *Hard Disk Drive* in the *3rd Boot Device* field.
8. Click *OK*.
9. In the *Exit* menu, confirm *Exit Saving Changes* is highlighted and press **Enter** twice.
10. Read the message on the screen, and select the way to recover your system; then, press **Enter**.



---

*When you select Recovers both C: and D: drive, the recovery process will delete the recovery data installed in the hard disk. Therefore you will not be able to recover your system from the hard disk.*

---

11. Read the message and select *Continue*; then, press **Enter**. Follow the on-screen instructions for replacing the recovery CDs.



*Although the pointer may be shown on the screen, never touch the keyboard, the mouse or the screen during recovery except when the message prompts you to. If you touch them, the re-installation will be canceled.*

---

12. After the recovery process completed, the system will restart automatically. When the message *<F2> to enter System Configuration Utility* appears, press **F2**. The Setup Utility will open.
13. In the *Exit* menu, select *Load Setup Defaults*; then, press **Enter** twice.
14. In the *Exit* menu, confirm *Exit Saving Changes* is highlighted and press **Enter** twice. The system will restart.
15. Set up Windows, following the instructions on the screen. Make sure to set date and time.

## Installing Application Software

The preinstalled applications are stored in the sixth and seventh recovery CD if you have completed recovery CD creation process.

When accidentally uninstalling a preinstalled application(s), reinstall it from the CD(s).



*For installation of the WordPerfect® Office 12, the serial number is needed. Type the following number.*

*Serial Number: WO12WRX-0000027-NDQ*

# Troubleshooting

This chapter describes how to troubleshoot computer problems.

## Common Problems

Problems with your computer can be caused by something as minor as an unplugged power cord or as major as a damaged hard disk drive. The information in this troubleshooting section is designed to help you find and solve minor problems. If you still have a problem after trying all the suggested remedies in this chapter, contact your dealer.

The problems that you might encounter can be divided into two basic categories: hardware and software. Hardware problems can be further divided into being of an electrical or a mechanical nature. You will know you have a hardware problem if, for example, the screen is blank, or your computer cannot recognize the disk drives.

Software problems can occur at several levels. Both your operating system and your software application programs are capable of generating errors and error messages. If you encounter a software error, try to determine if the error message is from your operating system or from an application program, and refer to the appropriate manual for possible remedies.

You can also refer to the Windows manual or Windows help program to solve the problem. To access the help program, click *start – Help and Support*. It also gives you troubleshooting tips and an index.

Successful troubleshooting is the result of careful observation, deductive reasoning, and an organized approach to solving the problem. If you encounter a problem, begin by performing a careful visual inspection. Check the exterior of your computer first. If no lights are displayed, check the battery charge or power outlet, the plug and power cord, and any power switches that may affect your computer. If your computer has been connected to any peripheral devices, look for loose or disconnected cables. You may also need to check the fuses and breakers in your electric box. A few common problems and suggested solutions are presented in the examples that follow.

### Why doesn't the power indicator or the battery indicator turn on?

- Make sure the AC adapter is correctly connected to the AC adapter jack of your computer.
- Make sure the AC power cable is correctly connected to a live wall outlet. Connect another electric equipment to the wall outlet and check whether it is live or not.
- Make sure the battery pack is correctly installed and charged.
- If the battery pack is discharged, connect the AC adapter.
- If all the steps above failed, follow the instructions on *Why doesn't the keyboard or the glide pad function?*

### Why do I get the message *Invalid system disk*?

- You may have inserted a non-bootable disk in the optional external floppy disk drive unit (either a defective disk or one without an installed operating system). Remove the disk.

### Why can't I boot from the floppy disk?

- Make sure that the optional external floppy disk drive unit is correctly connected to your computer.
- Check whether the floppy disk set to the optional external floppy disk drive unit contains a system disk.
- Check whether *USB Emulation* in *Main* menu of the Setup Utility is enabled. (Refer to the *Main Menu* section in Chapter 5.)
- Check whether *Floppy Disk Drive* in the *1st Boot Drive* in the *Boot Sequence* in the *Main* menu of the Setup Utility is selected. (Refer to the *Main Menu* in Chapter 5.)

### Why do I get the message *Press F1 to Continue, Del to Load CMOS defaults, F2 to enter SCU?*

- The setting of the Setup Utility is deleted. Follow these steps:
  1. Press **Delete** key while the message *Press F1 to Continue, Del to Load CMOS defaults, F2 to enter SCU* is appearing.
  2. On Windows, click *start – Control Panel*.

3. Click *Date, Time, Language, and Regional Options*.
4. Click Change the date and time.
5. In the *Date and Time Properties* dialog box, set the current date and time; then, click *OK*.
6. Close the dialog box.
7. Make an appropriate setting on the Setup Utility, if necessary. If you want to keep the default settings, no setting performance is needed.

- If you often see the message, the backup battery has no capacity left. Replace the backup battery with the steps in the *Replacing Backup Battery* of Appendixes.

### Why do I get the message *Operating system not found?*

- Run the Setup Utility and get default value of the Setup Utility. Be sure to set the date and time correctly.

### Why do I get the message *Press 'H' to retry Hard Disk, any other key for floppy?*

- When an installation process is failed, you may get the message. In this case, reinstall the C: and D: drives from the created recovery CDs.

---

## Trouble with Display

See also the *Display* section in Chapter 1 and 3.

### Why is the screen blank?

- Press any key to see if any power management feature has turned off the screen to save power.
- See the power indicator to check whether your computer is turned on.
- If you are using a battery pack, make sure it is correctly installed and has a charge remaining.
- Make sure the LCD screen is selected as the display by pressing **Fn+F5** (□).
- Check whether the display is on by pressing **Fn+F11** (□).
- If you still have the problem after trying the above, follow the steps in *Why doesn't the keyboard or the glide pad function?*

## Why does the external monitor display nothing or the image on it distorted?

- Confirm the monitor is turned on.
- Confirm the monitor is connected correctly.
- Make sure the external monitor is selected as the output display by pressing **Fn+F5** (□).
- If you use **Fn+F5** (□) to change the display, the image may be distorted. Press **Fn+F5** (□) again to return the previous display and use the *Display Properties* dialog box to change it again.
- Make sure the value of the *Screen resolution* in the *Settings* tab of the *Display Properties* is same as or lower than the resolution of the external monitor.
- Make sure the external monitor is not near any electric devices having strong magnetic fields such as a TV set or radio.
- Do not share an outlet with a TV set or radio.

## Why can't I change the display with the Fn+F5 keys?

- When playing the animation or game, the **Fn+F5** (□) key combination may not work. Close the currently running application.
- When running DOS in the full screen mode, the **Fn+F5** (□) key combination may not work.
- Use *Display Properties* dialog box to change it.
- When you select *Extended Desktop* mode, **Fn+F5** (□) key combination does not work.

---

## Trouble with Keyboard/Glide Pad

### Why doesn't the keyboard or the glide pad function?

- Try the following in this order:
  1. Press **Ctrl+Alt+Delete** and select the *Applications* tab of the *Windows Task Manager* dialog box. Click the program name that hangs up, then, the *End Task*. If this does not solve the problem, select the *User* tab click the *Disconnect* or *Logoff* of the *Windows Task Manager* dialog box, then *Yes*.
  2. If the step1 fails to work, press the power switch for more than four seconds to turn off the system. Ten seconds later, turn your computer on.

3. If pressing the power button fails to turn off your computer, remove the AC adapter, then, the battery pack. Ten seconds later, reinstall the battery pack, connect the AC adapter and then, turn on your computer.

## Why does the glide pad malfunction?

- The surface of the glide pad or your palm may be moist or dirty and grease. Wipe the glide pad with a soft, dry cloth.

---

## Trouble with Floppy Disks

### Why can't I use a floppy disk?

- Confirm the optional external floppy disk drive unit is correctly connected.
- Confirm the floppy disk is inserted correctly.
- Confirm the drive or file name is correct.
- The floppy disk may not be formatted or could be corrupted. Format the disk or use another disk.
- If you cannot write to a floppy disk, the disk may be write-protected. Eject the disk and ensure that the write-protect tab covers the detection hole.
- If you cannot write to a floppy disk, the disk may be full. Use another disk.
- You cannot boot the computer from 720KB (2DD) disks.
- You cannot format 720KB (2DD) disks.
- You cannot use the DISKCOPY command on 720KB (2DD) disks.
- 720KB (2DD) disks are not appropriate to save data.
- You may not use 720KB (2DD) disks for data transfer with other computers using 1.44MB (2HD) disks.

---

## Trouble with Hard Disk

### Why can't I read or write data to/from the hard disk?

- Confirm the drive and file names are correct.
- Confirm the hard disk has sufficient free space.

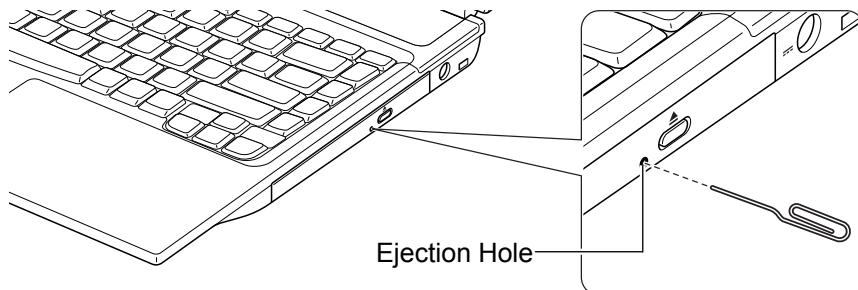
## Trouble with Optical Drive

### Why can't I read data from a compact disc or play files?

- Confirm the CD is inserted correctly.
- Confirm the drive and file names are correct.
- Confirm the CD is not stained or scratched.
- Confirm the CD or files are supported.

### Why does not the drive open?

- Confirm your computer is turned on.
- When your computer is turned off, insert a fine rod into the drive tray ejection hole.



### Why can't I read/write data from/onto a disc or play files?

- Confirm the disc is inserted correctly.
- Confirm the drive and file names are correct.
- Confirm the disc is not stained or scratched.
- Confirm the disc or files are supported.

### Why can't I write the data onto CD-R/CD-RW or delete the data from CD-RW?

- When writing or deleting the data using the Windows CD writing software, enable the Windows CD writing function. (Refer to the *Windows Help and Support*.)

## Why does it take much time to write small data onto DVD-R?

- DVD-R discs require 1GB of minimum filling before closing. When writing smaller than 1GB data onto the discs, you need to wait for dummy data to fill up to 1GB due to this limitation.

## Why doesn't the DVD video play smoothly?

- Ensure to use AC power.
- Power management may be working. Disable it.

## Why isn't the optical drive recognized?

- If your computer is turned on with a DVD disc inserted in the drive, the drive may not be recognized. In this case, turn off your computer and open the disc tray by the way on *Question: Why does not the drive open?* on the previous page. Remove the disc from the drive; then turn on your computer again.

---

## Trouble with Communication

### Why can't I communicate through the built-in modem?

- Confirm the telephone line is properly connected to the modem jack.
- Confirm the dial setting (pulse or tone) of Windows XP and/or communication software is matched with the telephone line.
- If you set your connection status using the *New Connection Wizard*, check the *Use dialing rules* in the *Properties* dialog box of that connection status. (Refer to the *Internet Connection* section of Chapter 4.)
- Confirm the country/region setting is appropriate.
- Confirm the network configuration is appropriate.
- Confirm the user name or password is correct.
- Confirm the COM port in the communication software is set appropriately.
- Turn off the power management in the Windows.
- If an unusual device is attached to the line you are connecting to, the modem may not function properly. Remove the device or contact the dealer of the device.
- If your computer is connected to a PBX, consult the PBX maintenance staff or its service company. If the electric characteristics of your PBX are different from those of a regular analog line, the modem will not function properly. If you connect the modem to a digital PBX, both the modem and the PBX may be damaged.

## Why is the access speed so slow?

- Close the applications currently opened.
- Try to connect another ISP (Internet Service Provider), or try to connect in some other time.

## Why can't I access the LAN?

- Confirm the cable is properly connected to the LAN jack and the network hub.
- Confirm the network configuration is appropriate. (Refer to the *Configuring LAN Unit* section in chapter 4.)
- Confirm the user name or the password is correct.
- Reconfigure the network settings by following the *Network Setup Wizard*.

## Why can't I detect the access point on my computer?

- Confirm your computer is enabled for the wireless LAN.
- Confirm the access point is powered on.
- Confirm the antenna indicator is lit.
- Restart your computer.

## Why can't I connect to the network via an access point?

- Confirm the wireless LAN antennas are enabled. When the antenna indicator lights green, the antennas are enabled. If not, press the **Fn+F1** ( ) keys.
- Confirm *Any available network (access point preferred)* is selected in the *Networks to access* field of the *Advanced* dialog box. (To open *Advanced* dialog box, refer to the *Communicating with Other Computers* section in Chapter 4.)
- Confirm the *Network name* of your computer matches that of the access point you want to communicate with.
- Confirm the security settings of your computer equals to those of the access point if the encryption security of the access point is enabled.
  - Reenter the *Network key*.
  - When using the WEP key, confirm the key index is correctly selected.
- When you have more than one access points, your computer may be connected to other than right one you want to access. Follow the steps below.

1. Right-click the *Wireless Network Connection* icon (Wi-Fi) on the taskbar; then, click *View Available Wireless Networks*.
2. Select the desired network in the *Available wireless networks* list; then, connect to the network. (Refer to the *Confirming Status of Wireless Connection* section in Chapter 4.)

- Repair the connection with the following steps.
  1. Right-click the *Wireless Network Connection* icon.
  2. Click *Repair*.
- If there are more than one available access points nearby, they interact in the connection. In this case, the connection speed will become low or the connection will stop.
- You may have accidentally enabled IEEE802.1x authentication. Disable it with the following steps.
  1. Click *start – Control Panel*.
  2. Click *Network and Internet Connections – Network Connections*. If Classic view is selected, double-click *Network Connections*.
  3. Right-click *Wireless Network Connection* and click *Properties*.
  4. Click *Wireless Networks* tab, select the network in *Preferred networks* field and click *Properties* button.
  5. Select *Authentication* tab, then, clear the box of *Enable IEEE802.1x authentication for this network*.
  6. Click *OK* twice and close the window.

## Why can't I communicate with other computers through wireless LAN?

- Confirm the antennas are enabled with pressing the **Fn+F1** (Wi-Fi) key combination. When the antenna indicator is on, the antennas are enabled. (Refer to the *Activating Antenna* section of the *Wireless LAN* in Chapter 4.)
- Confirm each computer is enabled for wireless LAN.
- Confirm *Computer-to-computer (ad hoc) networks only* is selected in *Networks to Access* of *Advanced* dialog box. (To open the *Advanced* dialog box, refer to the *Communicating with Other Computers* section in Chapter 4.) Also confirm the other computers are in ad-hoc mode.
- Adjust the distance between your computers by bringing your computer closer to others and remove any obstructions that may impede the communication; then, try to connect again.

- Confirm the IP address and the subnet mask of each computer are set correctly.
- Confirm the WEP keys are correctly set to your computer if the WEP security of the communicated computers is enabled.

## How can I detect the MAC address?

- Follow the instructions below:
  1. Click *start – All Programs – Accessories – Command Prompt*.
  2. Type *ipconfig/all*; then, press **Enter**. The information about IP appears.
  3. See the numbers of the *Physical Address* in the *Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection* section (for LAN) or the *Ethernet adapter Wireless Network Connection* section (for Wireless LAN).
- Type *exit*; then, press **Enter**.

---

## Trouble with Peripherals

### Why don't peripheral devices function?

- Confirm they are correctly connected to your computer.
- Confirm they are Windows XP compliant.
- Confirm drivers necessary for the devices are installed.

### Why can't I print?

- Make sure the printer is turned on.
- Check whether your computer and the printer are connected correctly.
- Check whether the printer is ready to print.
- Check whether the printer has enough paper.
- Check whether the printer driver is installed.
- Click *start - Control Panel - Printers and Other Hardware – Printers and Faxes*. If Classic view is selected, double-click *Printers and Faxes* icon. Confirm your printer is installed. If not, click *Add a printer* of *Printer Tasks* to install it.
- See also the Windows help program by clicking *start - Help and Support*.

## Why don't peripheral devices function correctly?

- Set *System standby/hibernate* to *Never* in the *Power Options Properties* dialog box. If this does not work, set *Turn off hard disks* to *Never*.
- Confirm they are Windows XP compliant.
- Confirm drivers necessary for the devices are installed.

---

## Trouble with DirectHD

### Why can't my AL series be recognized as an external hard disk?

- Confirm your AL series and your host computer are properly connected with the DirectHD cable.
- Confirm your AL series is turned off.
- Confirm your host computer is running Windows Me, Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- Start Windows on the AL series, exit it to turn off the AL series and then, connect it to the host computer if you remove both of the AC adapter and battery pack.
- When your AL series is not connected the AC adapter and does not have enough battery power, it cannot be recognized as an external hard disk. Connect the AC adapter and reconnect the DirectHD cable.
- Reconnect DirectHD cable. You may not have stopped the connection properly.
- When using a USB hub, connect an AC adapter to the hub.

### Why is my AL series recognized as a removable disk or why can't I access it through my host computer?

- When you have set a password in the Setup Utility, you cannot access it. Cancel the password temporarily using the *Password Utility*. (See Chapter 6.) When you remove the password in the Setup Utility instead of canceling by the *Password Utility* and delete the password in the Setup Utility, the AL series may be recognized as a removable disk at the next connection. In this case, follow these instructions.
  1. Connect your AL series and your host computer with the DirectHD cable.
  2. Click *start – All Programs – DirectHD Utility – Password Utility*.
  3. Click *Cancel*.
  4. Stop the device.

5. Unplug the DirectHD cable.
6. Connect your AL series and your host computer with the DirectHD cable.

## Why is the access speed so slow or why can't I take advantage of the speed of USB 2.0?

- Confirm your host computer supports USB 2.0.
- Confirm the cable connecting your AL series and host computer is the provided DirectHD cable.
- When using a USB hub, confirm it is powered on with AC power or it supports USB 2.0. (Even when everything is done as mentioned, other devices using the same hub may cause the communication speed to be slower.)

## Why aren't the icons in *My Computer* window shown properly?

- The peripheral devices connected to your host computer may cause it. Press **F5** key. (This may not work properly due to the setting condition or the installed operating system in your host computer.)

## Why does a message *Please insert a disk drive....* appear?

- Your AL series may be still set the user password. Cancel the password using the *Password Utility* of the DirectHD utility. (Refer to the *Canceling User Password* section in Chapter 6.)

---

## Trouble with Security Settings

### Why do I have the message “Your computer might be at risk” each time I boot my computer?

- If you have the message “Automatic Updates is turned off” addition to the above message, turn on the Automatic Updates to enable your computer periodically to update Windows.

---

## Other Troubles

### Why is the AL series not powered on?

- When the AL series is connected to the host computer using the DirectHD function, the AL series cannot be powered on. Disconnect the AL series from the

host computer. (Refer to the *Disconnecting AL Series from Host Computer* section in Chapter 6.)

- Disconnect the AC adapter from the AL series, remove the battery pack, correctly reinstall the battery pack and connect the AC adapter, then turn power on to the AL series again.

### Why do I get the message *Pop-up blocked* in the information bar?

- The Microsoft Internet Explorer restricts display of pop-ups using the popup blocker function.
  - If you want to have the pop-ups on the current web site;
    1. Start up the Microsoft Internet Explorer.
    2. Click the information bar.
    3. Select “Temporarily Allow Pop-ups” or “Always Allow Pop-ups from this site...”.
  - If you want to have pop-up ads on the specified web site;
    1. Start up the Microsoft Internet Explorer.
    2. Open the *Tools* menu and select the *Pop-up Blocker – Pop-up Blocker Settings*....
    3. Enter the URL to be permitted in the *Address of Web site to allow* field and then, click *Add*.

### Why do I get the message *This site might require the following ActiveX control* in the information bar?

- The Microsoft Internet Explorer restricts display of active contents. You can display the contents by following these steps. Before performing the steps, ensure the safety of the contents.
  1. Click the information bar.
  2. Select *Install ActiveX Control...* from the pop-up menu.
  3. Click *Install*.

### Why isn't the web site displayed properly?

- Disable the popup blocker. (Refer to the related section.)
- Install the appropriate ActiveX control application(s).

## Why isn't the e-mail displayed properly?

- The Microsoft Outlook Express may block images in HTML e-mails. To display the image, follow these steps. (Note that if you click the message, the sender of the e-mail may receive the fact that you open the message. Ensure the safety of the mail before operating these steps.)
  1. Start up the Microsoft Outlook Express.
  2. Select the e-mail containing the image to be displayed.
  3. Click the message displayed in the bar.

## Why is the battery pack discharged so quickly?

- Initialize the battery pack.

## Why is the date and/or time incorrect?

- Correct the date and time in Windows. Double-click the time appearing on the taskbar and set them in *Date and Time Properties* dialog box.

## Why can't I use a hardware device?

- Make sure the hardware device is not crossed out with an X mark using the following procedure.
  1. Click *start – Control Panel*. Click *Performance and Maintenance*; then, *System*. If the Classic view is selected, double-click the *System* icon.
  2. Click the *Hardware* tab; then, *Device Manager*.
  3. Double-click the device you cannot use and confirm *Use this device (enable)* appears in the *Device usage* field.

## Why can't I produce sound?

- Click or double-click the speaker symbol on the taskbar and check the Windows volume.

## Why can't I turn off my computer?

- Follow the instructions on *Why doesn't the keyboard or the glide pad function?*

## Why my computer is so hot?

- When charging the battery pack, its surrounding area or the front of the keyboard may become hot, but this is not a problem.

## Why can't I record the sound from the microphone?

- Follow the instructions below:
  1. Double-click the speaker symbol on the taskbar.
  2. Click *Options* and select *Properties*.
  3. Select *Recording* in *Adjust volume* and confirm *Microphone* is checked in *Show the following volume controls*, then click *OK*.
  4. Confirm *Select* is checked in *Microphone* of *Recording Control* dialog box.
  5. Close the *Recording Control* dialog box.

## Why can't find the drivers and applications?

- You may accidentally remove them. Refer to the following to retrieve them.
  - The drivers are stored on the fifth recovery disc if you have created the recovery CDs and in Drivers folder on your computer. To open the folder;
    1. Click *start – My Computer*.
    2. Double-click *SHP\_V2500U(C:) – Program Files – SHARP – DRIVERS*.
  - The applications are stored on the last two recovery discs if you have created the recovery CDs. Without the recovery CDs, you need to reinstall the operating system from the hard disk.

If you are not sure how to install them, consult local service staff.

## What is the serial number for WordPerfect® Office 12?

- When installing the WordPerfect® Office 12 from the created CD, you must enter the following serial number to complete the installation.

Serial Number: WO12WRX-0000027-NDQ

# Index

## A

- AC adapter
  - connecting, 1-1
  - using, 1-5
- Account
  - creating, 1-22
  - switching, 1-22
- Antenna, 4-14
- Application
  - installing, A-26
- Audio
  - controlling output volume, 1-19

## B

- Back up data, A-15
- Battery pack
  - backup battery, A-4
  - changing, 2-5
  - charging, 2-2
  - checking level, 2-2
  - conditioning, 2-4
  - indicator, 1-4, 2-2,3
  - low battery indication, 2-3

## C

- Cleaning
  - computer, A-8
- CD
  - handling, 1-11
  - inserting, 1-12
  - removing, 1-13
  - troubleshooting, T-6
- CD-R/RW, 1-14
- Computer name, 4-8

## D

- Data execution prevention
  - changing settings, A-13
  - checking programs, A-13
  - disabling, A-14
- DirectHD Utility
  - installing DirectHD utility, 6-2
  - connecting to host computer, 6-4
  - disconnecting from host computer, 6-5
  - password function, 6-6
  - precautions, 6-2
  - status indicator, 6-3

## Display

- changing brightness, 1-20
- changing resolution, 1-20
- changing number of colors, 1-20
- switching the display, 1-10, 3-7
- troubleshooting, T-3
- turning off, 1-10

## DVD

- handling, 1-11
- inserting, 1-12
- removing, 1-13
- troubleshooting, T-7

## DVD±R/±RW, 1-15

- DVD video
  - creating, 1-17
  - parental control, 1-17
  - playing, 1-15
  - region code, 1-16
  - troubleshooting, T-7

## E

- Encryption key, 4-13
- External monitor
  - connecting, 3-6
  - disconnecting, 3-8
  - extending image, 3-8
  - switching the display, 1-10, 3-7

# F

- File sharing
  - copying, 4-10
  - sharing, 4-9
- Floppy disk
  - ejecting, 3-5
  - handling, 3-4
  - inserting, 3-4
  - formatting, 3-5
  - troubleshooting, T-5
- Floppy disk drive (external)
  - connecting, 3-3
  - removing, 3-5

# G

- Glide pad
  - changing configuration, 1-9
  - clicking and double-clicking, 1-8
  - drag and drop, 1-8
  - enabling, 1-7
  - scroll, 1-9
  - troubleshooting, T-4

# H

- Hard disk drive
  - troubleshooting, T-5

# I

- IEEE1394 device
  - connecting, 3-16
  - disconnecting, 3-17
- Indicators
  - antenna, 4-14
  - battery status, 1-4,2-2,3
  - DirectHD lamp, 6-3
  - power, 1-3,4
  - status, xxi

# K

- Keyboard
  - application key, 1-9
  - function keys, 1-9
  - special keys, 1-9
  - troubleshooting, T-4

# windows key, 1-9

# L

- LAN
  - configuring network, 4-7
  - configuring unit, 4-6
  - connecting to wired network, 4-5
  - troubleshooting, T-8

# M

- Memory module
  - changing, A-1
  - uninstalling, A-4
- Modem
  - configuring, 4-3
  - connecting to telephone line, 4-2
  - troubleshooting, T-7

# N

- Network Setup Utility
  - auto-switching, 4-23
  - loading, 4-22
  - running, 4-22
  - switching, 4-23

# O

- Optical Drive
  - using, 1-10
  - troubleshooting, T-6

# P

- Passwords
  - changing, 1-24, 5-5
  - deleting, 1-24, 5-6
  - setting, 1-23, 5-5
  - supervisor password, 5-4
  - user password, 5-4, 6-6

- PC cards
  - ejecting, 3-13
  - inserting, 3-12

- Peripherals
  - audio equipment, 3-9
  - connecting guidelines, 3-1

external monitor, 3-6  
headphones, 3-10  
IEEE1394 device, 3-16  
microphone, 3-10  
PC cards, 3-12  
printer, 3-15  
speaker, 3-9  
troubleshooting, T-10  
USB device, 3-11

**P**  
Power  
choosing AC or battery, 1-4  
indicator, 1-3,4

Power management  
disabling, 2-12  
stopping power supply to display, 2-7  
stopping power supply to hard disk, 2-7  
system hibernate, 2-9  
system standby, 2-9

Printer, 3-15

## R

Resetting, 1-6  
Restore data, A-15

## S

Screen Saver, 1-21  
Setup utility  
advanced menu, 5-4  
changing setting, 5-2  
entering and exiting, 5-1  
exit menu, 5-6  
main menu, 5-3  
running, 5-1  
security menu, 5-4  
Security cable, A-7  
Security notice, xii, xiv  
System standby  
about, 2-9  
generating conditions, 2-10  
resuming from, 2-9  
System hibernate  
about, 2-9  
generating conditions, 2-10  
resuming from, 2-9  
supporting, 2-10  
Status indicators, xxi

**T**  
Troubleshooting  
CD/DVD, T-6  
common problems, T-1  
communications, T-7  
DirectHD, T-11  
display, T-3  
floppy disk drive, T-5  
hard disk drive, T-5  
Internet Explorer, T-13  
installing drivers/applications, T-15  
keyboard or glide pad, T-4  
modem, T-7  
peripherals, T-10  
wired LAN, T-8  
wireless LAN, T-8,9,10

## U

USB device, 3-11

## V

Virus protection, A-10

## W

Wallpaper, 1-21  
Windows  
updating, xii, A-10  
firewall, xii  
Security Center, xii  
Wireless LAN  
activating antenna, 1-9, 4-14  
communicating between computers, 4-17  
configuring, 4-15  
confirming status, 4-17  
connecting to network, 4-16  
security measures, 4-12  
security mode, 4-19  
security notice, xiv  
troubleshooting, T-8  
wireless LAN mode, 4-11  
Workgroup name, 4-8



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